

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LV) No 16 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRID

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Trust Funds Should Be Deposited

In a Savings Account in The Dominion Bank. Such funds are safely protected, and earn interest at highest current rates.

When payments are made, particulars of each transaction may be noted on the cheque issued, which in turn becomes a receipt or voucher when cancelled by the bank.

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

COME HERE!

And Get Your

Cotton Seed Meal, Oil Cake, Flax Seed Meal, Bibby's Calf Feeds.

Royal Purple Flours.

Bran and Shorts. All kinds of grain and feed.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Best Timothy and Clover Seeds in season.

At Reasonable Prices.

I also want your Hay, Straw and Grain in Car Lots—at TOP PRICES.
Phone 175.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

PAUL'S BOOKSTORE

Wall Paper

WAR SUMMARY OF THE LATEST EVENTS

The Germans do not admit that the battle of Verdun is over. West of the Meuse, in the wooded region around Malancourt and Avocourt, they continue to press forward, wrestling here and there small sections of trenches from the French and forcing back their lines toward the Verdun defenses. Wednesday they gained a footing on the small Hill of Haucourt about a thousand yards to the southwest of the village of Malancourt. Their main line of advance in the encircling movement so persistently continued is through the wooded country between Malancourt and Avocourt. The Germans shelled the French lines violently for many hours Wednesday and then launched infantry assaults from the shelter of the woods against the French trenches and batteries. All their efforts to debouch from the Avocourt Wood failed. The losses in these daily attacks must be adding greatly to the total German casualties around Verdun.

The French are taking full advantage of their artillery concentration in the Argonne Forest, to the west and northwest of the Malancourt sector. Paris reports that the German organizations in the region of Montfaucon and Nantillois, where the German re-



Low Colonist
FARES

TO

Pacific Coast Points

FROM
NAPANEE \$53.60

DENBIGH.

The heavy snowstorms during the last week nearly blockaded the roads and made travelling very difficult. The mail service was also seriously delayed.

Stewart Ferguson of Perth has lately done considerably business in this vicinity.

Henry Bartsch, who spent a couple of weeks visiting relatives in Frontenac County, has arrived home again but contemplates changing his place of residence in the near future.

William John, sr., who was away in New Ontario since last fall, but did not enjoy very good health there has arrived home again.

Miss Elsa Fritsch, teacher in Raglan, spent last Sunday again here at her parental home.

William Warlich, who was getting over suffering from a sore foot caused by a log falling on it and bruising it badly met with another accident, cutting the same foot with his axe while trying to split some wood.

several must be housed, were subjected Wednesday to a concentrated fire. The Malancourt Wood also underwent a searching bombardment. There has been a renewal of the artillery duel around Douaumont and Vaux. The Kaiser is said to be again at the front and the Germans may once more, under the War Lord's eyes, try to capture the heights of Vaux by climbing the slopes on which lie thousands of their unburied dead.

The Russian attack on the German front to the south of Dvinsk and along the Dwina continues with unabated vigor. The German official reports make light of it and state that great losses have befallen the Russians with no compensating gain in territory. At a few points the German trenches have been evacuated, but for the most part the Russian pressure is reported to have been without result. That conclusion cannot be accepted till the operations come to an end. It is entirely possible that these attacks are intended as a warning to the Germans that they cannot safely withdraw any more men from the eastern front to take part in the battle of Verdun. It was known weeks ago to the authorities at Petrograd that men were being removed from the trenches in the Dvinsk sector and their places taken by machine gun sections, believed to be able to hold trenches in defensive warfare quite as well as a far greater number of men armed with rifles.

Trench defense by carefully posted and protected machine guns seems to be all right so long as the enemy can be kept at a distance. Once he comes to close quarters man power proves the decisive factor. This is especially true of operations on the eastern front. The Russians are unquestionably the better men with the bayonet, although for the most part poor marksmen. All



NAPANEE ELECTRIC

To the Ratepayers of Napanee

I have been asked so many times by rate payers, of the town of Napanee, regarding our position, since the Seymour Power Co., has sold its properties to the Hydro Electric Commission or Ontario Government, that I thought I would take place last week. The Power Co., purchased from the Steam Electric Light & Power Co., forty thousand and six hundred and sixty dollars and fifty cents (\$40,666.51). They also purchased the Cartwright estate, the gas works, including the distributing mains, twenty thousand dollars, and the water privilege, including lands bordering south of the town on either side of the Napanee from the falls up to the rail for the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), making an investment of about (\$110,666.51).

The Seymour Power Co. entered into a contract with the town of Napanee on the 19th day of June 1911, which contract is "in full force for a period of ten years from the date of the transfer of the property to the company with a renewal for ten years if desired by the corporation and a further renewal at the end of that term if the corporation desires. The corporation to extend the term as above, shall be signified in writing to the company six months before the expiration of the term of its intentions so to do." The contract relates to the lighting of the town and clause 39 provides "If the town and franchise hereby continued in the company, the period referred to of full term shall at the expiration of the term the company will remove poles, wires and other apparatus which are used in connection with electric lighting and power as defined by the contract, which are within the town," and "The company agrees to give a bond of the Power Co., Ltd., in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) as security for the due performance of the contract," and further the contract provides "The company shall be deemed to be the successors and assigns of the Seymour Power and Electric Co., Ltd."

The Electric Power Co. of Ontario, a company formed by the Power Co., as a holding company, has taken the titles of all the property of the Seymour Power Co., was the Electric Power Co., in the

Wall Paper
Wall Paper
Wall Paper
Wall Paper
Wall Paper
Wall Paper

Paul's Bookstore

**MERCHANTS' BANK
OF CANADA.**
ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,245,110
Total Deposits62,729,163
Total Assets.....80,190,161

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.**
Yarker Branch, **L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.**

Do you need a spring tonic and blood purifier? A bottle of Rexall Bamboo Blood Builder will make you feel like new. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Napanee.

Pacific Coast Points
FROM NAPANEE \$53.60

To VANCOUVER, VICTORIA and PORT MANN, B.C.; SEATTLE and TACOMA, WASH.; and PORTLAND, ORE., and other North Pacific Coast Points.

Proportionate Fares to—Columbia Falls, Kalispell, Hamilton, Missoula, Helena, and Great Falls, Mont.

Tickets on sale daily, from March 25th to April 14th, inclusive.

ELECTRIC LIGHTED TOURIST CARS

For tickets and information apply to R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent, or E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

TENDERS WANTED

TOWN OF NAPANEE

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned Town Clerk and endorsed "Tenders for Corporation Supplies" will be received up to

Monday, 3rd April, 1916, inclusive, for supplying such quantities of the materials specified below as may be required and for executing the following works required by the Corporation for the current year, viz:—

PLANK—Sound pine, two inches by twelve feet.

STRINGERS—Cedar, three inches and five inches by twelve feet and upwards.

NAILS—Wire nails, 1, 5 and 7 inches, quantities as required.

STONE—Flat stone, price per yard at quarry.

BROKEN STONE—Per ton at quarry.

STONE—Per yard, for crushing purposes, delivered to crusher.

RUBBLE—Per yard at quarry.

GRAVEL—Good course gravel at pit.

CEMENT—Good standard brand.

STREET WATERING—Tenders for sprinkling, 24 men and teams per day.

SEWERS—Glazed tile, tees, wvs and elbows, 6 inch, and upwards.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. A. GRANGE.

Town Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Napanee, March 22nd, 1916. 16-b

F. S. Wartman

W. R. Purdy

Wartman & Purdy
General Agents.

Real Estate,—List Your Properties with us.

Automobiles.

Life, Fire and Accident Insurance.

Pianos, Victrolas and Gramophones.

Silos, Gasoline Engines and Cream Separators.

Scales, Manure Spreaders,

and a Full Line of Farm Machinery.

OPPOSITE DOMINION BANK.

to close quarters man power proves the decisive factor. This is especially true of operations on the eastern front. The Russians are unquestionably the better men with the bayonet, although for the most part poor marksmen. All along the hundred-mile front south of Dvinsk on which they are now battling to pierce the German lines there are possibilities of very important gains if they can get to close quarters with the Germans. Even if they do not break the line, they will at least prove to von Hindenberg that any further weakening of the German strength would be a great mistake. And that may be the result they set out to obtain.

The attack upon the Austrian positions along the Dniester is of a different sort. There the Russians are exerting every ounce of their strength to force the enemy out of Czernowitz and to overrun Bukowina. They have gathered much heavy artillery together and have used it after the fashion set by the Germans in the drive across Galicia and Poland last summer. Crossings have been captured at several points along the Dniester, and Russians are now rapidly forcing their way southward. Hundreds of Austrians were drowned during the retreat. The advance has an important political aspect. If the Austrians are driven out of Czernowitz and placed on the defensive in Eastern Galicia and Bukowina, Roumania will have little hesitation in joining the Allies, because the Russian campaign will guard her northern territories while she strikes at Bulgaria and Austria along the Danube and in Transylvania. The Dniester campaign, in its bearing on the greater issues of the war, is by long odds the most important now in progress. If the Russians can secure Roumanian co-operation this spring they will be back on the Hungarian plain in a very short time.

The Petrograd report Wednesday morning gives much more detail than usual of the struggle now in progress. The Russians gained ground on the Dvina around Jacobstadt. In the Postavz region desperate infantry actions are proceeding. The Germans are here trying to recover some trenches lost to the Russians. On the shores of Lake Narcoez, despite the use by the Germans of asphyxiating gas, the Russian troops forced three lines of wire entanglements and captured by a series of fierce attacks three lines of German trenches. Here, for the first time, the Russians gave the Germans a taste of their own medicine by using projectiles containing asphyxiating and poisonous gases. These shells brought the counter attack to an end. The Russians in the Narcoez region report the capture of 17 German officers over 1000 soldiers, and 12 machine guns. The actions farther south have not been so important as in the Narcoez district.

Isfahan was not occupied without a fight. The population, Petrograd reports, welcomed the Russians, having been pillaged by the Germans and their mercenaries. The Persian Governor, who had taken refuge with the Russians, has returned to his post. There is nothing in the official statement about the alleged evacuation of Erzingan, in Armenia, by the Turks, but the Russians are known to be in the vicinity of the city in force.

Reports from Rome tell of continued Austrian attempts to surprise the Italians by night attacks on their trenches. In no case did they succeed, and in one instance, in the Tolmino zone, they came under the fire of the Italian guns and must have suffered severely.

The Electric Power Co. company formed by the Seymour Power Co., as a holding company, the titles of all the property Seymour Power Co., was the Electric Power Co., in the Sun Life Insurance Co., for whole matter and controlled part of the business. arose between the management construction part of the business the financial part, and owing friction the companies were sold out to the Hydro Electric mission and have done so, for of eight million, three hundred fifty thousand dollars. Ontario Government bond now the Seymour Power Electric Power Co. (being the Co.) the Napanee Gas Co., nee Water and Electric Light all owned by the Hydro Electric mission or properly the Ontario Government, and we have the the Ontario Government, as whose agreements that the for electric light, between and the Seymour Power, be carried out by the Gove Ontario, as far as it now a position of Napanee, will not ed by the transfer. We are to take over any of the pro the Seymour Power Co., n one dollar more in any pla tures than we have heretof doing. The Ontario Go simply taking the place of mour Power Co.

One question that is arising anee and other municipalities the Seymour Power s s "whether the properties bel the Seymour Power Co., u being assigned to the Ontari ment are, or are not liabl taxes to the municipalities? taxes are not collectable, it a loss to the town of Napanee hundred dollars to thirteen dollars per year, about one to a town like Trenton, w power plant is located, it w very large loss. This questi to be settled. The position o is simply to sit tight and de and watch the development.

This letter is written to inform the ratepayers as fa at present, the exact positi matter. When further deve occur, I will take pleasure i ing them to the public.

Yours etc,

G. F. RUTTA

Mayor of 1

P. S.—Since writing the a ter, I have received the from Sir Adam Beck:

Mayor G. F. Rutta,

Napanee, Ontario.

Dear Sir:—

Your favor dated March ceived, asking for informi garding the acquiring by vince of the Trent Electric C holdings and the effect it w the town of Napanee, v claim has a contract with t pany.

In reply I may say that ter has not yet been finally ed, but I believe the intenti continue the existing contrac tracts of course could not garded without the consen municipalities.

Very truly

Sgd. A. 1

Your obedient

Sgd. G. F.

Ma

NAPANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

A—FRIDAY, MARCH 24th, 1916



THE ELECTRIC LIGHT

payors of Napanee:—
asked so many questions
ers, of the town, with
position, since the Sev-
Co., has sold out all their
to the Hydro Electric Com-
Ontario Government, which
ast week. The Seymour
purchased from the town
Electric Light Plant, for
nd six hundred and sixty
nd fifty-one cents, (\$40,-
y also purchased from the
estate, the gas plant, in-
distributing pipes, for
and dollars, (20,000) and
privileges, including the
ing south of the canal and
le of the Napanee River,
is up to the railway bridge
of fifty-thousand dollars,
aking an investment in all
10,666.51).

our Power and Electric
into a contract with the
19th day of June, A.D.,
contract is "to remain in
period of ten years, from
he transfer of the proper-
pany with a right of
ten years if desired by the
and a further right of
he end of that term, if the
desires. The desire of the
to extend the agreement
all be signified by its giv-
company six months' notice
ions so to do." This clause
e lighting of the streets,
provides "If this agree-
anchise hereby given be-
n the company, for the
ed to of full thirty years,
ration of the said period,
v will remove all these
s and other appliances
used in connection with
ing and furnishing heat
s defined by this agree-
are within the limits of
wn," and "The company
e a bond of the Electric
Ltd., in the sum of five
llars (\$5000) as security for
rformance of the agree-
further the words "the
all be deemed to extend to
rs and assigns of the said
own and Electric Co.,

tric Power Co., was a
owned by the Seymour
as a holding company and
all the properties of the
ower Co., was vested in
Power Co., in trust. The
insurance Co., financed the

DRY ONTARIO WITH- OUT REFERENDUM

Ontario will go "dry" within a few months, probably in September, and may remain in that position for two or three years before the people vote on prohibition. A declaration to this effect was made in the Legislature on Wednesday by Hon. W. J. Hanna, who, in introducing the eagerly-awaited prohibition measure, explained that the Government had decided it would not be advisable to take referendum until the soldiers returned from the war. The Provincial secretary pointed out that the war might last another year and it might be at least six months after hostilities ceased before the soldiers reached Canada. It would take further time to get their names on the voters' lists, and the vote in any case could not take place in less than two or three years at best.

No licenses will be issued or renewed after May 1st next, Mr. Hanna announced, in outlining the measure, which is known as "The Ontario Temperance Act." Although the date upon which the Province will go "dry" is not finally fixed, the Provincial Secretary stated that license-holders would be given till somewhere about the month of September next to dispose of their stocks.

LIBERALS SUPPORT BILL.

Mr. N. W. Rowell, leader of the Opposition, said the Liberals were in full sympathy with the object of the bill, and the sooner prohibition came into force the better it would suit them. The attitude of the Opposition would be one of sympathy, and it was their desire to help achieve the purpose the bill had in view. He reminded the Provincial Secretary that "it is just about four years since I introduced my first resolution for the abolition of the bar, and my hon. friend on that occasion said that it was a joke. I am glad to see that we are now agreed on both sides on this important advance.

SOME FEATURES OF THE BILL.

Ontario will go "dry" about next September, according to plans.

It will be two or three years before a vote is taken on prohibition, depending on the duration of the war.

No vote to repeal will be taken until the soldiers return from the war.

In the meantime prohibition will be put in operation as soon as possible, licenseholders being given three or four months from next May to dispose of their stocks.

The Government found it was impossible to take a soldier's vote during war time.

Liquor will be sold by druggists for medicinal purposes.

The sale of liquor for sacramental, scientific and mechanical purposes will be arranged for.

Brewers and distillers may ship their products to other Provinces and other countries.

Overland

Five-Passenger Touring Car—Model 75

Price \$850

F. O. B., TORONTO.

Its Completeness Won Instant Success

Never before has any model been such a complete and instantaneous success.

Small wonder, really.

For never before has there been so complete a car at anywhere near so low a price.

It stands out alone—boldly—conspicuously—unapproached—a powerful five passenger touring car COMPLETE for only \$850.

Note that word "complete."

That means electric starter and electric lights, electric horn, magnetic speedometer—in fact every necessary item. Nothing is lacking. There are NO extras to buy.

Note that the motor is the very latest EN BLOC design—the last word in fine engineering.

Note that the tires are four inch size. Many cars costing more have smaller tires.

Note that the rear springs are the famous cantilever type. Many bigger more expensive cars are nowhere near as easy riding.

Note the headlight dimmers—the electric control buttons on steering column—demountable rims and one man top—all big features—high-priced-car features.

And it is a perfect beauty—snappy, stylish, speedy.

No wonder there's a rush to possess the car the world has been waiting for.

But that means quicker action on your part in order to get a prompt delivery.

Don't delay—get your order in to-day.

Remember it comes complete—only \$850.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234.
ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES
NAPANEE, ONT.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.

Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 33, Residence 132.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing at Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucher.

(Successor to late Dr. Ward.)

East St., Napanee. 'Phone 60. 40

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,

B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.

OFFICE—Centre Street.

DOXSEE & CO.

Millinery Opening

Saturday,

MARCH 18,

and following days.

NEW BLOUSES—in Crepe
De Chene,orgette Crepe, and
Washing Silks. All sizes at

Power Co., was formed by the Seymour Co., as a holding company and of all the properties of the Power Co., was vested in the Power Co., in trust. The Insurance Co., financed the term and controlled the financial part of the business. Friction between the management of the Power Co. and the Insurance Co. was the main part of the business and owing to this the Insurance Co. was ready to sell the Hydro Electric Co. and have done so, for the sum of \$1,000,000, three hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars, (\$8,350,000) Government bonds, so that the Seymour Power Co., the Power Co., (being the holding company) the Napanee Gas Co., the Napanee Electric Light Co., are by the Hydro Electric Co., properly the Ontario Government and we have the security of the Government assignees of the Hydro Electric Co. The contract is light, between Napanee Seymour Power Co., will be owned by the Government of Ontario as far as it now appears the Napanee, will not be effected. We are not forced to sell any of the properties of the Power Co., nor invest more in any plant or fix- ture we have heretofore been the Ontario Government taking the place of the Seymour Co.

Another municipality, as to our Power system, is the properties belonging to our Power Co., upon their part to the Ontario Government or are not liable to pay for municipalities? If these are not collectable, it will mean for the town of Napanee, of nine hundred to thirteen hundred dollars, about one mill, and like Trenton, where the mill is located, it will mean a loss. This question is yet undecided. The position of Napanee is tight and doing nothing, the development, the further is written by me, to ratepayers as far as I can, the exact position of the town further developments will take pleasure in explaining to the public.

Yours etc.,
G. F. RUTTAN,
Mayor of Napanee.

in writing the above letter have received the following Adam Beck:

F. Ruttan,
e, Ontario.

For dated March 17th, re- sponding for information re- ceiving by the Province Trent Electric Company's and the effect it will have on of Napanee, whom you a contract with this com-

I may say that the mat- ter has been finally conclud- ed, believe the intention is to re- new existing contracts. Con- sideration could not be disre- garded without the consent of the Council.

Very truly,
Sgd. A. BECK.
Chairman.
Your obedient Servant,
Sgd. G. F. RUTTAN,
Mayor.

medicinal purposes.
The sale of liquor for sacramental, scientific and mechanical purposes will be arranged for.
Brewers and distillers may ship their products to other Provinces and other countries.
The consumption of liquor in the home is not prohibited.
Native wines may be made and sold subject to future restrictions.
No mention is made of compensa- tion for financial loss that may be sustained by licenseholders.

EVERGREEN VALLEY.

The mail carrier lost several trips last week.
Mrs. James Doyle, Ernestown Sta- tion, who has been helping care for her mother for a couple of weeks, has returned to her home.
Mrs. James Smith still continues in a very critical condition.
Mrs. Fern Irish, Yarker, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Bert Babcock.
Miss Carrie Doyle is at her grand- mother's, Mrs. James Smith.
O. Smith is at his brother's, Walter Smith's; Mr. and Mrs. F. Shannon at James Shannon's.

TAMWORTH.

J. A. Hunter is opening up an up-to- date garage for the accommodation of his many customers, who have pur- chased cars from him during the fall and winter season, also for the ac- commodation of the public at large, and has two first class experts taking charge of the repairs of cars.
Miss Helen Keech of Stony Moun- tain, Manitoba, is visiting friends in town.
William Silon of Chatham, visited his mother after an absence of 20 years.
We have nearly 70 soldiers' in our ranks and new men joining every day.
Ladies' and gents' new boots just in at an Floyds & Co.

STELLA.

The death occurred on Wednesday last of another old resident of the island in the person of Charles Smith. The deceased had been ailing for some time. The late Mr. Smith suffered a paralytic stroke some few years ago, but recovered sufficiently to be able to be about on the farm. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. S. Newman, Cleveland, Ohio, and Mrs. Saunders, Kingston; also two sons, William, of Collins Bay, and David, on the island, with whom he resided on the lake shore. The funeral was held on Thurs- day, March 16th, at Glenwood vault, and the service was conducted by Rev. J. Cumberland.
Considerable driving is being done on the ice these last few days, it being in fine condition.
Good prices were realized at W. H. Preston's auction sale of farm stock and implements held on Wednesday last. The sale amounted to nearly \$3,000. Cows sold for sixty and seventy dollars each.
Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Gibson moved to the island last week from Smith's Falls.
A. M. Rankin, Collins Bay, is de- livering soft coal to the Stella cheese factory.
C. A. Gibson attended the Grand Lodge of A. O. U. W. in Toronto last week.
Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Pringle were re- cent visitors in Napanee.
Reeve D. Caughey, jr., attended the session of the County Council held re- cently in Napanee.

To Those Who Use Coal Oil.

In order to introduce the best grade of coal oil, refined, we will sell 200 gal- lons at 20c per gallon, or 5 gals. for 65c. BOYLE & SON.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
Phone 61. 34

Pearl A. Nesbitt, L.T.C.M.

Teacher of Piano, Organ and
Voice Production.
Phone 216. P. O. BOX 564.
38d Napanee, Ont.

WANTED—A reliable housekeeper,
for an elderly lady. Apply to MRS.
WIGGINS, Robinson Street. 16-17

FOR SALE—A number of houses
and lots in town, and also a number of
desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN.
12-17

WANTED—Ladies for demonstra-
tion work in Napanee and vicinity. Ex-
perience not necessary. MRS. L. GREER,
Paisley House, Napanee. 16-18

FOR SALE—A nine-roomed brick
house, with all modern conveniences.
Good barn and hen house, also land for garden.
For particulars apply to MRS. E. H. CARLSON.
Napanee 15-c-p

FOR SALE—Gasoline Engine, 8 h.p.,
in good working order; wood-sawing and
grinding outfit complete, and silo fodder cut-
ter. Easy terms. Apply to JULIAN TRUD-
EAU, Bogart. 16-c

FOR SALE—Desirable house, lot and
barn with good garden, on East street,
convenient to market, Post Office and
Churches. Apply to MRS. M. T. VANSLACK,
on the premises. 16-17

FOR SALE—STERLING SEED
OATS—Took first prize in 1913, second in
1914, and first in 1915, in Standing Field Crop
Competition. Free from foul seed. Also Goose
Wheat, and Shorthorn Bulls, 12 months old.
Have also for sale. Heifer calves, month old.
Apply to MARK HAWLEY, R.M.D., No. 7,
Napanee. 16-b

FARM FOR SALE—In Township of
Richmond, 3rd Concession, four miles from
Napanee. For particulars, apply to G. B. JOY,
at Joy & Son's Brick and Tile Factory, near
R. R. Bridge, Napanee, Ont. 16-17

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres,
pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of
Camden. All good land, seed to hay and
pasture. 2 wells, good fences. Apply to R. A.
BEARD, Napanee, or S. W. SWITZER, De-
mond. 31-17

CAR FOR SALE!

E. M. F.—In first-class condition.
For sale at a bargain.
J. M. GRAHAM,
14-17 Napanee, Ont.



12-14 Pembroke Street,
Toronto.

F. H. TORRINGTON,
Mus. Doc. (Tor) Musical Director.

EXAMINATIONS—Applications
received till May 12th.
Send for Syllabus. 16-f

and following days.

NEW BLOUSES—in Crepe
De Chene,orgette-Crepe, and
Washing Silks. All sizes at
Moderate Prices.

Corsets

We are showing the Spiral-
Super Bone Corsets at popular
prices, one half to two-thirds
less than the agents charge for
the same corset.

The Leading Millinery House

Notice

Owing to change in business I find
it necessary to have all out-standing
accounts paid in at once. And all
future accounts must be settled at
least every month.

We carry a full line of choice
GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT,
HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT
WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom
Prices.

Wishing you all A Happy New Year.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North. Phone 101

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.
Authorized Capital... \$6,000,000
Capital (Paid up)... \$2,850,000

DIRECTORS.

President, Sir D. H. McMillan, K. C.
M. G.
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Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tam-
worth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of
Express Printing Office, where he may be
consulted on all diseases of Domestic
Animals. All latest veterinary sciences
Residence: West Street, near
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tions. Particulars free.

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NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

**The Busy World's Happenings Care-
fully Compiled and Put Into
Handy and Attractive Shape for
the Readers of Our Paper—A
Solid Hour's Enjoyment.**

WEDNESDAY.

Two more batteries are authorized
in the first military district.

Winnipeg Presbytery voted sixteen
to one in favor of Church union.

France's daily war expenditure
was shown to be 87,000,000 francs.

Colonel Alban Atkins, C.M.G., was
appointed director of British supplies
and transport.

The conditions of the competition
to supply a new name for Berlin,
Ont., are announced.

Sir Edward Grey announced that
Portugal would not compensate Ger-
many for the requisitioned ships.

David Mason, farmer, of Sullivan's
Corners, was stricken in his sleigh
and died in a police station in To-
ronto.

Sir Robert Borden moved for a
committee to reconsider the whole
question of pensions for Canada's
soldiers.

The police of Cork, Ireland, on
Monday night raided the residences
of the principal officials of the Sinn
Fein party and seized arms and docu-
ments. They made no arrests.

The Renfrew Machinery Compa-
ny's shell factory was destroyed by
fire said to have originated in the ac-
cidental spilling of a pot of molten
lead. The loss is placed at \$100,000.

Three new County Court Judges
have been appointed—Lieut.-Colonel
John S. Campbell, K.C., for Lincoln,
G. H. Hopkins, K.C., for Haldimand,
and D. Swayze for Victoria-Haliburton.

The only constituency in Manitoba
going "wet" was St. Boniface, North
Winnipeg having been found to have
had a "dry" majority of 52. The
total vote stands: dry, 50,101; wet,
25,506.

Saskatchewan Legislature was pro-
rogued, after the new Bradshaw
charges were ruled out of order, and
those relating to liquor prosecutions
and licenses were referred to one of
the Royal Commissions.

THURSDAY.

It was reported that Austria-Hun-
gary had declared war on Portugal.
The Nova Scotia Legislature passed
a Provincial prohibition bill by a
vote of 28 to 3.

Admiral Lacaze has been appoint-
ed Minister of War ad interim while
General Gallieni is ill.

Major Hamilton Gault's applica-
tion for divorce was unanimously re-
fused by the Senate Committee.

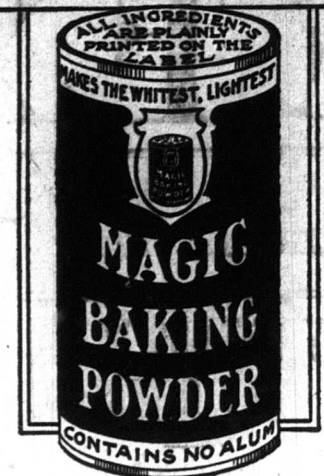
The British Government will ar-
range to pay Canadian aviators an
amount equal to British airmen.

The troopships Missanable and
Scandinavian, with 202 officers, 47
nurses, and 2,871 men, have arrived
safely in England.

The Dominion Railway Commis-
sion has ordered the Grand Trunk
Railway to interchange traffic with
the Canadian Northern at North Bay.

Newcastle business men, farmers,
and fruit-growers have decided to
establish a clearing house to help to
insure the keeping up of production.

NO ALUM



Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the
imperial chancellor, may follow Ad-
miral Von Tirpitz into retirement,
according to a despatch from Gene-
va to The Daily Express, quoting
Berlin reports.

A. W. West, G. T. R. brakeman
who was picked up unconscious near
the railway tracks in Toronto Thurs-
day night, died in Grace Hospital
without regaining consciousness.
West lived near Belleville.

A far-reaching order-in-Council
which will totally prohibit importa-
tion into the United Kingdom of a
large number of articles which come
under the general heading of luxuries
will be issued by the British Govern-
ment at an early date.

MONDAY.

Cardinal Gotti, Prefect of Propag-
anda, died in Rome.

The Prince of Wales has gone to
Egypt to join the troops there.

All the troops in Ontario may train
at one big camp during the coming
summer.

The Dutch steamer Patembang was
sunk by a torpedo, but all the crew
were saved.

The military parade in Hamilton
on Saturday was participated in by
more than 8,000 soldiers.

Baron Polenz, arrested in Porcu-
pine last May, has been released from
the Fort Henry internment camp.

J. P. Morgan, who arrived in New
York from London, said Britain was
not suffering from any lack of
money.

Corporal Pascal Rousseau, 69th
Battalion, Montreal, was fatally stab-
bed in the neck by a stranger, said
to be a Pole.

Turkish troops were repulsed in an
attack on a British outpost at Imad,
near Aden, on Thursday, it was offi-
cially announced yesterday.

The Agenzia Nazionale states that
organization of an Italian Aviation
Ministry with Guglielmo Marconi at
its head is about to be effected.

The 224th (Foresters') Battalion,
armed with broadaxes instead of
rifles, was reviewed at the Ottawa
Drill Hall Saturday by the Duke of
Connaught.

Despatches from Athens state that
Greece is again in financial straits,
and that if Britain or France does
not give more financial aid soon the
Cabinet may be compelled to resign.

TUESDAY.

General Leckie is progressing favor-
ably at Le Touquet, but is not ex-
pected to be removed to England for

TO AID PROHI

Federal Law Will Prev-
ing Into Dry Pro

Hon. C. J. Doherty Intro-
duced a bill in the House
yesterday afternoon
"An Act in Aid of Provin-
tation Prohibiting or Rest-
Sale or Use of Intoxicating
Liquors."
In moving the first read-
ing the Minister said that
since had ample jurisdiction
own borders to prohibit
the sale and consumption
of liquors in such a
manner might seem to it desirable.
Prohibitory laws dep-
their effectiveness, he said
public opinion of the
which they were designed
It was, therefore, better
Province to deal with the
blem instead of attempti-
wide prohibition.

Unfortunately, provinci-
tion was apt to be nullified
terference of persons out-
Province, who at present
to ship or carry in liquor to
which had declared the
consumption of liquor to b-

This condition of affairs
Federal legislation and th-
was introducing prohibited
portation of intoxicating l-
any Province to be dealt w-
Province in any manner
by Provincial law. The s-
carrier, and the receiver w-
liable under the Act to cri-
section.

The law, he went on to
take effect immediately up-
sage and be of universal a-
If a Province did not forb-
or consumption of liquor,
would be committed by
quor into that Province's
consumption.

If the Province did for-
the sale or consumption o-
both, then it would be u-
import liquor into that P-
into any part of that Provi-
such sale or consumption v-
den by law.

Replying to a question,
istor said that the Feder-
ment would not attempt
the law, but would leave t-
Provincial authorities.

TURKS SURRENDER

Large Proportion of Office
Up to the Russian

PETROGRAD, March
three weeks of suspended a-
main Russian forces beyo-
rum, which have been wait-
development of operation-
Black Sea and in the Lak-
gion to make their possi-
against possible flank atta-
Turks, have actively repu-
westward march toward Si-

Although the Russian a-
yielding a constantly grow-
ber of Turk prisoners, the

15 Cases of Granite

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

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Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved**

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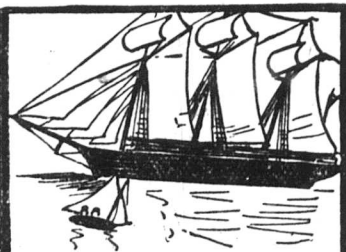
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**Vessels Large May
Venture More, but
Little Ships Must Stay
Near Shore."**

The large display ads. are good for the large business and the Classified Want Ads. are proportionately good for the small firm. In fact many large firms became such by the diligent use of the Classified Columns. There example is good—start now.

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IT PAYS TO VACCINATE.

All government tests prove without doubt that it surely pays every farmer to vaccinate. Fresh vaccine "in sealed tubes" as recommended and used by the government. For sale at **WALLACE'S DRUG STORE LIMITED**

the Canadian Northern at North Bay. Newcastle business men, farmers, and fruit-growers have decided to establish a clearing house to help to insure the keeping up of production. Reports from Budapest state that distress is becoming painfully evident in many Hungarian towns. Arad, containing 75,000 inhabitants, was forty-two days without bread or flour.

The Orange Grand Preceptory, in session at Brockville, pledged support to the Dominion and Provincial Governments in temperance reform measures to conserve man-power during the war.

The Wolff Bureau, the German semi-official news agency, announces that Admiral Alfred von Tirpitz, German Minister of the Navy, has retired, and that Admiral von Capelle, director of the Administration Department of the Admiralty, has been appointed his successor.

FRIDAY.

All grades of sugar advanced 15 cents per cwt. in Ontario yesterday.

J. P. Morgan & Co. and associates may float a \$75,000,000 loan for Canada.

The French ship Patria narrowly escaped being torpedoed off the Algerian coast.

Premier Asquith and Lord Derby were criticized by the married men in Britain over recruiting.

Rev. F. E. Powell, rector of St. Barnabas' Church, Toronto, gave a pint of blood to save the life of a woman in his congregation.

Germany has refused to send troops to Mesopotamia and Armenia to reinforce the Turks, according to a message transmitted by the Rome wireless yesterday.

Petitions have been received by the Federal Government asking the disallowance of the Ontario legislation establishing the Ottawa Separate School Commission.

The trial of Sir Rodmond Roblin and two of his former colleagues on charges of conspiracy to defraud the Province of Manitoba will not come up at the present Assizes.

An agreement has been reached for the Toronto, Niagara & Western Railway to enter Toronto over the C. N. R. North Toronto right of way, using only steam as motive power.

Job P. Brown, the missing head of the Highways Department of the Saskatchewan Government, has been arrested by Chief Mahoney, Chief of the Provincial Police, at San Antonio, Texas.

Articles marked "Made in Germany" were found in the kit bags, a consignment of 300 of which was received this week from the Militia Department for the 206th (French-Canadian) Battalion.

SATURDAY.

Gilbert Ballet, the famous French neurologist, is dead.

Forcella di Fontana Negra, a peak having an altitude of over one and a half miles above the sea, has been captured by the Italians in a brilliant attack.

King George accompanied Queen Mary yesterday to the headquarters of the Irish Guards, where the Queen presented each officer and soldier with a sprig of shamrock.

There are again persistent reports that Turkey is preparing to abandon the central powers and sue for peace, according to an Athens despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co.

The Swedish steamer Ask has been damaged near the Noordhinder Lightship, off which the Turbantia was sunk, and has been towed into port by the Norwegian steamer Leaboth.

TUESDAY.

General Leckie is progressing favorably at Le Touquet, but is not expected to be removed to England for some weeks.

Six biplanes of the first United States aero squadron, under command of Captain B. D. Foulois, arrived to-day to scout in the mountains for Villa.

Recco Manzano, an Italian living at 1065 York street, London, Ont., is in Victoria Hospital in a critical condition with four bullet wounds in his chest as the result of a row.

A German aviator has dropped several smoke bombs near a French battery, it is reported from the front. This is the first time since the war began that such bombs have been used.

The new regulations in regard to distribution of butter and potatoes went into effect to-day, and the people of Berlin are now able to purchase these supplies only on presentation of cards.

"Immediate peace is in sight," is one sentence in a cablegram received to-day from London by a Galveston shipping firm, canceling arrangements made for chartering a considerable amount of tonnage.

German and Austrian submarines in the Mediterranean respected the Mauretania and permitted her to pass untouched when she was being used as a hospital ship, carrying wounded British soldiers from the Dardanelles.

Lady Paget, accompanied by 54 English doctors and nurses, who remained in the Uskub (Serbia) hospital when Bulgarian troops entered the town, arrived in Bucharest from Sofia, and was received in audience by Queen Marie yesterday.

Married Recruits for Defence Corps.

LONDON, March 21.—Field Marshal Earl Kitchener, Secretary of State for War, issued an army order yesterday announcing that the King had authorized the formation of a corps entitled the Royal Defence Corps, with pay the same as that of regular infantry. The order does not explain its objects, but it is believed to be connected with the efforts to solve the problem of recruiting married men.

The Central News says it understands that the War Office had decided to call up all the remaining groups of attested men without delay, and that it is probable they will be notified for service with the colors before the end of March or early in April.

The Government is reported virtually to have solved the question of providing for the liabilities of enrolled men, such as rent and insurance.

Canadian Girl Decorated.

LONDON, March 21.—At an investiture Saturday the King decorated with the Royal Red Cross Miss Vivien Tremaine of Montreal, acting matron of the Daughters of the Empire Canadian Hospital for officers. She is the nurse who was obtained quite fortuitously to attend upon the King when his Majesty met with his recent accident in France. She traveled to England in charge of the Royal patient.

westward march toward St. Petersburg. Although the Russian a yielding a constantly growing number of Turk prisoners, the reason to suppose that they have begun to offer serious resistance to their pursuer. According to reports, the large number of prisoners is accounted for by Turkish discontent with prevailing in the Turkish which has resulted in a position of the soldiers to. In this connection it is interesting to note that an exceptionally large percentage of officers have been prisoners. Some of them they were unable longer German control of the arm. The capture of Mamahat shows that the Russian is within 60 miles of Erzinj road to Sivas. Sivas will mark the first organized resistance of the Turkish armies.

A MYTHICAL BATTLE

Germans Claim Victory on Front to Cheer Up People

LONDON, March 21.—In offset the news of the reports of the Germans at Verdun, Berlin official report is making victories on the Russian front. Sunday's report contained no announcement.

"Eastern war theatre: expected Russian attacks on of Drisviaty Lake and Poles on both sides of Narocz Lake with the greatest violence, enemy was everywhere with extraordinarily heavy. Before our positions on both Lake Narocz we counted 9 Russians. Our losses were small."

Neither the Saturday or Petrograd official report corroboration to these alleged Saturday's report does, however, refer to the explosion of a mine Germans north of Lake Narocz and to the repulse of two by the enemy.

Convicted of Manslaughter

MONTREAL, March 21. Lauzon, driver of an auto in which struck and fatally Edwin J. Elliott, twenty-one years of age, on the night of December 10, was convicted in the Court Bench Saturday of manslaughter and will be sentenced by Mr. Laverne next Thursday.

War Policy Approved

ROME, March 21.—The of Deputies, at the conclusion of a stormy session Saturday night to support the Government solution in which approval of Government's policy in the unreservedly expressed was by a vote of 394 to 61.

To Stay in America

NEW YORK, March 21. Neilson, author, playwright, and member of the British Empire for the Hyde division, long prominent as a former, who came here recently, announced yesterday that he to make his home in America.

British Lose Three Mines

LONDON, March 21.—Reports the recapture of some from the British north-east, in the region of L. London admits the capture of Germans of three mine craters at Hohenzollern redoubt.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

D PROHIBITION

Law Will Prevent Ship-
into Dry Provinces.

Doherty Introduces a Bill
It a Criminal Offence to
Liquor Into a Province for
Which is Prohibited by
of That Province—Local
ments Will Enforce the

A, March 21.—Hon. C. J.
Minister of Justice, intro-
in the House of Com-
day afternoon entitled
Aid of Provincial Legis-
lating or Restricting the
of Intoxicating Liquors.”
ing the first reading of the
Minister said that each Prov-
able jurisdiction within its
to prohibit or restrict
ad consumption of intoxi-
cants in such manner as
to it desirable.
dry laws depended for
iveness, he said, upon the
tion of the locality in
were designed to operate.
before, better for each
deal with the liquor pro-
ad of attempting nation-
lization.
ately, provincial regula-
to be nullified by the in-
of persons outside of that
who at present were free
arry in liquor to Provinces
declared the traffic and
n of liquor to be illegal.
dition of affairs called for
islation and the bill he
eing prohibited the im-
f intoxicating liquors into
ce to be dealt with in that
any manner forbidden
al law. The shipper, the
l the receiver would all be
r the Act to criminal pro-

he went on to say, would
immediately upon its pas-
e of universal application.
ce did not forbid the sale
tion of liquor, no offence
committed by sending li-
that Province for sale or
n.
rovince did forbid either
consumption of liquor or
it would be unlawful to
or into that Province or
or of that Province, where
consumption was forbid-

to a question, the Min-
that the Federal Govern-
t attempt to enforce
t would leave that to the
authorities.

S SURRENDERING.

ortion of Officers Giving
to the Russians.

RAD, March 21.—After
of suspended activity the
an forces beyond Erze-
have been waiting for the
t of operations on the
and in the Lake Van re-
ke their position secure
sible flank attacks by the
e army. Rumored their
arch toward Sivas.
the Russian advance is
constantly growing num-
prisoners, there is no
ipose that the Turks

ROUMANIA TO COME IN.

No Further Doubt Remains Regard-
ing Her Intentions.

LONDON, March 21.—All doubt as
to Roumania's course seems at an
end. On the authority of persons
high in allied councils, whose names
for obvious reasons cannot be di-
vulged, I am able to predict—so far
as it is possible to anticipate events
—that Roumania will join the Allies,
probably in May.

Additional assurance to this effect
were given me Saturday by a French
official who has just returned from a
mission in the Balkans. He was as
confident that Roumania would cast
her lot with the Allies as that the
Germans would be defeated at Ver-
dun.

Roumania is astir with prepara-
tions for war. Her factories and ar-
senals are running night and day to
create the implements and supplies
formerly furnished by the Krupps
and the Skodas.

Railroads from Bucharest to Pre-
dal, on the Hungarian border, have
suspended all passenger traffic. For
ten days, say the Havas correspon-
dent at Bucharest, nothing but mili-
tary trains have been allowed to
move toward the frontier. Trenches
have been prepared and everything
made ready for defence.

Machinery for shellmaking and
war supplies of all kinds is being
rushed from England through Rus-
sia unimpeded by the countless
checks at frontiers.

Verdun has been a boomerang for
the Germans in the Balkans. The
rash undertaking was launched prin-
cipally for its effect on Roumania
and to hearten the failing Turks. It
has had the opposite result. It has
shown Roumania that the Teuton
tide has reached its crest and split on
the rock of French resistance.

Roumania's entry, it is believed,
has been timed with the grand allied
offensive on all fronts. On the east
fresh Russian armies, re-equipped
and re-munitioned, are awaiting the
coming of spring. In the Balkans
the Allies have gathered through the
winter 300,000 troops at Salonica for
the reconquest of Serbia and the in-
vasion of Bulgaria and Thrace. They
are under the command of General
Sarrail, the former French com-
mander of Verdun, one of the few com-
manders who have gone through the
war with the reputation of never hav-
ing experienced defeat.

BATTLE FOUGHT IN AIR.

Great Aerial Conflict Occurs Near
Muelhausen.

LONDON, March 21.—A raid by a
French aeroplane squadron compris-
ing 23 machines on upper Alsace
Saturday night resulted in one of the
greatest aerial battles fought in the
war. The number of German ma-
chines taking part in the engagement
is not announced, but the two
squadrons appear to have been fairly
evenly matched. Four French aero-
planes were driven to earth, and
three German machines. Two of the
German machines fell in flames. The
raid which precipitated the battle
was directed against Muelhausen and
Habsheim, on the edge of the Hart-
veld, just to the east of Muelhausen.
Altogether 72 shells were dropped on
the Muelhausen freight station and
the aviation camp at Habsheim.
The German squadron, which rose
to drive off the invading French,
gave battle at once. One of the most

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may induce you to try the first packet of

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but we rely absolutely on the inimitable flavour
and quality to make you a permanent customer.
We will even offer to give this first trial free if
you will drop us a postal to Toronto. B113

HUNS TRY NEW FRONT

Effort to Gain Ground Between
Avocourt and Malancourt.

French Meet Advance of Enemy With
Artillery, Machine Gun and Rifle
Fire and Break Force of Onset—
Desperate Drive Near Vaux Falls
Short of French Line and Results
in Heavy Loss for Enemy.

LONDON, March 21.—Abandoning
their attacks at least for the time
being on the section of the Verdun
front lying to the east of the Meuse
and also on the section on the west-
ern bank between Bethincourt and
Le Mort Homme, the Germans essay-
ed with a fresh division to gain
ground on the three-mile front which
extends between Avocourt and Mal-
ancourt, west of Bethincourt, and
about ten to twelve miles north-west
of Verdun, and they were repulsed.
The attack only made slight progress
at a point in the eastern part of the
Malancourt wood.

The French caught the advancing
Germans with a barrier artillery fire
and a machine gun fire as well as
with infantry volleys, breaking the
force of their onset and inflicting
heavy losses upon them.

The attack was carefully prepared
for and a fresh division was brought
up by the enemy from a remote part
of the front to effect what was to be
a surprise blow. It was begun with
great violence and it was attended by
the use of jets of liquid flame. The
object of the attack, according to the
French War Office, was to enlarge the
German front.

The Germans resumed the attack at
Vaux Saturday without changing the
situation. The attack, like the vio-
lent assaults which marked the
earlier efforts of the Germans to take
this sector, was preceded by an in-
tense bombardment. But on this oc-
casion the infantry forces used to
carry home the attack were small.
Using these smaller forces, the Ger-
mans made a series of assaults
against the line between the Vaux
village and the wood to the south of
the Haudromont farm. The French
artillery, machine guns and rifles,
threw out the customary fire curtain
and at no point were the enemy
troops able to reach the French
lines.

Heavy bombardments occurred in
the course of the day in the Verdun
sector. The German artillery directed
an especially heavy fire against the

RAISING CAPITAL.

Young Sam Clemens and His Chums In
a Coonskin Deal.

The adventures of Sam Clemens and
his comrades would fill several books
of the size of "Tom Sawyer." Many
of them are, of course, forgotten now,
but those still remembered show that
Mark Twain had plenty of real mate-
rial.

It was not easy to get money in those
days, and the boys were often without
it. Once Huck Blankenship had the
skin of a coon he had captured and
offered to sell it to raise capital. At
Selms' store on Wildcat corner the
coonskin would bring 10 cents. But
this was not enough. The boys thought
of a plan to make it bring more.

Selms' back window was open, and
the place where he kept his pelts was
pretty handy. Huck went around to
the front door and sold the skin for 10
cents to Selms, who tossed it back on
the pile. Then Huck came back and
after waiting a reasonable time crawl-
ed in the open window, got the coon-
skin and sold it to Selms again. The
boys did this several times that after-
noon, and the capital of the band grew.
But at last John Pierce, Selms' clerk,
said:

"Look here, Mr. Selms; there's some-
thing wrong about this. That boy has
been selling us coonskins all the after-
noon."

Selms went back to his pile of pelts.
There were several sheepskins, but
only one coonskin, the one he had that
moment bought.

Selms himself in after years used to
tell this story as a great joke.—Albert
Bigelow Paine in St. Nicholas.

HUMOR AS A WORLD FORCE.

Contrasting the Men Who Create With
the Men Who Destroy.

Sir Herbert Tree in a lecture at the
Birmingham and Midland institute
said:

"Humor may be a help or a clog in
life. Many great men have been with-
out it. I think it may be broadly
stated that men of action, the great
destroyers, the men who take, are as
a rule devoid of humor, while men of
imagination and contemplation, those
who create, who give, have the gift of
humor. Among those pre-eminently
gifted with humor were Abraham Lin-
coln, Disraeli, Goethe and Heine, the
late Lord Salisbury, Arthur Balfour,
Dickens, Thackeray, Fielding, Shake-
speare, Queen Elizabeth, Henry VIII.

the Russian advance is constantly growing numerous prisoners, there is no suppose that the Turks to offer serious resistance pursuer. According to reports, the large number is accounted for by the content with conditions in the Turkish army, resulted in a growing dislike the soldiers to surrender. Section it is interesting to see exceptionally high percentages have been taken. Some of them say that unable longer to tolerate control of the army. are of Mamahatun bridge the Russian forces are miles of Erzincan, on the Cas. Sivas will probably organized resistance of armies.

ETHICAL BATTLE.

aim Victory on Eastern to Cheer Up People.

, March 21.—In order to news of the repeated defeats Germans at Verdun, the al report is manufacturing on the Russian front. port contained this an-

war theatre: The ex-ian attacks on the front Lake and Postavy and es of Narocz Lake began eatest violence, but the everywhere repulsed, ordinary heavy losses. positions on both sides of e we counted 9,270 dead. Our losses were very

re Saturday or Sunday ficial report contains any these alleged attacks. report does, however, re- plosion of a mine by the rth of Lake Drisvlaty, repulse of two offensives Y.

ed of Manslaughter.

AL, March 21.—Hilaire iver of an automobile, k and fatally injured liott, twenty-one years of e night of December 5, ed in the Court of King's day of manslaughter, sentenced by Mr. Justice xt Thursday.

Policy Approved.

arch 21.—The Chamber at the conclusion of a on Saturday night, voted the Government. A re- which approval of the s policy in the war was expressed was adopted 394 to 61.

Stay in America.

RK, March 21.—Francis hor, playwright, and Lib- e of the British Parlia- e Hyde division of Che- prominent as a land re- came here recently, an- terday that he intended home in America.

se Three Mine Craters.

March 21.—Berlin re- capture of some ground ritish north-east of Ver- he region of La Bassée. ults the capture by the three mine craters at the n redoubt.

the aviation camp at Habsheim. The German squadron, which rose to drive off the invading French, gave battle at once. One of the most dramatic incidents of the engagement was a duel between a French and a German machine, which resulted in each of the two machines being so riddled by the bullets of the other's machine gun that both were compelled to descend. Three other French aeroplanes were so seriously damaged that they were forced to land in enemy territory.

The official announcement of the aerial battle given out yesterday in Berlin says that the occupants of all four of the French machines which descended are dead. The German statement says that seven inhabitants were killed and thirteen injured at Muelhausen by bombs dropped by the French machines, and that one soldier was killed at Habsheim.

Another raid of small proportions was made by the French about the same time on Metz, Chateau-Salins, to the south-east of Metz, and Dieuze, just east of Chateau-Salins. The targets in this raid, in which five double-motored aeroplanes took part, were the balloon station at Metz, the ammunition depots near Chateau-Salins and the aerodrome at Dieuze. Twenty large shells were dropped on the station at Metz, and ten more were divided between the other two objectives.

FRENCH DESTROYER LOST.

The Renaudin is Sunk in Adriatic by a Submarine.

PARIS, March 21.—The French torpedo boat destroyer Renaudin has been sunk in the Adriatic by a submarine. Three officers and 44 of the crew were lost. Two officers and 34 of the crew were saved.

The Ministry of Marine made the following official announcement last night regarding the loss of the destroyer: "The squadron torpedo boat Renaudin was sunk in the Adriatic by an enemy submarine on the morning of March 18. Three officers, among whom were the commandant and second officer, and 44 seamen were lost. Two officers and 34 seamen were rescued by a French torpedo boat which accompanied the Renaudin."

Sir Sam in England.

LONDON, March 21.—Sir Sam Hughes, Canadian Minister of Militia, arrived at Falmouth yesterday, where he received the freedom of the city.

It was recently stated in Ottawa that Sir Sam had gone south for a rest. It is understood that after a visit to the Canadian units training in England Sir Sam will go to Flanders and spend some time with the expeditionary force there.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrh conditions. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. All Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Heavy bombardments occurred in the course of the day in the Verdun sector. The German artillery directed an especially heavy fire against the line Montsville-Bois Bourrus, on the western bank of the Meuse, south of Chantancourt. The French guns were also active on the whole front, particularly in the Woivre. A German munition depot was blown up in the Moranville woods, south-east of Damloup.

Information that German troops were being brought north of Verdun front from the eastern part of the St. Mihiel salient caused the French guns to keep up a heavy bombardment Saturday night of the road between Apremont and Vigneulles.

The afternoon communique told of heavy French artillery fire on Hill 265 and the Corbeaux wood, to the west of the Meuse, to which the Germans made no response.

After their repulse Saturday the Germans apparently decided to take a breathing spell, as Sunday passed quietly without any infantry attacks. Even the bombardment by the artillery decreased in violence.

The French bombarded German trenches in Champagne and German depots north-east of St. Mihiel.

ROUTED THE SENUSSI.

British Auto Squadron Performed Remarkable Exploit in Egypt.

LONDON, March 21.—An official statement issued by the War Office Saturday tells of the exploit of an armored automobile squadron under the Duke of Westminster on the western frontier of Egypt. It appears from the wording of the statement that the Duke is present in person on the Egyptian front. The armored car squadron bearing his name was presented by him to the Government early in the war, and distinguished itself at Neuve Chapelle.

According to Saturday's statement the squadron was used to dispose of the Senussi gun defences in the pursuit of the tribesmen near Sollum, on the Egyptian-Tripolitan frontier. The gunners in the machines shot down the gun crews of a gun and two machine guns which sought to stay the pursuit, and the action finally resulted in the capture of all the tribesmen's artillery. The British advance totalled 150 miles.

Japs Smash Paper Office.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 21.—Japanese recruits in this city, who have been training for about two months in expectation of being utilized by the Canadian military authorities, and have become dissatisfied because they have not been supplied with uniforms, demolished the newspaper plant of The Canadian News, owned by Rev. Goro Kaburagi, Saturday night, in revenge for an article in the paper in question deprecating assaults by the Japanese as an outcome of their dissatisfaction. Police reserves were called out, and ten Japanese were arrested, after a strenuous fight.

An Ominous Symptom.

"A good wife is heaven's greatest gift to man and the rarest gem the earth holds," remarked Mr. Jarphy the other morning. "She is his joy, his inspiration and his very soul. Through her he learns to reach the pure and true, and her loving hands lead him softly over the rough places. She is"—"Jeremiah," said Mrs. Jarphy solemnly—"Jeremiah, what wickedness have you been up to now?"

coin, Disraeli, Goethe and Heine, the late Lord Salisbury, Arthur Balfour, Dickens, Thackeray, Fielding, Shakespeare, Queen Elizabeth, Henry VIII., Charles II., Dr. Johnson, Charles Lamb, Emerson and Byron.

"I could enlarge upon this theme until your eyelids would no longer wag. But I will content myself with contrasting as typical examples of the yea and nay of humor two of the world's greatest men—Shakespeare and Napoleon, the arch creator and the arch destroyer.

"Shakespeare gave an abiding joy, one that will contribute to the happiness, the education and the ennobling of mankind throughout the ages. 'In states unborn and accents yet unknown.' Napoleon, on the other hand, took from mankind millions of lives and set humanity wailing."—London Telegraph.

A Queer Diagnosis.

A celebrated Dublin physician was Sir Dominic Corrigan, who was as much famed for his brusqueness toward patients as for his skill. In the course of some reminiscences William Charles Scully told a story of the doctor which is quite well worth quoting. "I was taken to see him," says the writer, "several times, but he always treated me with the utmost kindness. However, a highly respectable maiden aunt of mine had a different experience. She went to consult him. After sounding her—none too gently—and asking a few questions he gave a grunt and relapsed into silence. Then after a short pause of meditation he said, 'Well, ma'am, it's one of two things—either you drink or else you sit with your back to the fire.'"

More Lovable.

Two peevish old dames were sent over to inspect a Red Cross hospital in France. They came back and reported that a black cat was kept as a pet in the institute. The head of the hospital was written to about it and replied:

"The black cat is the Tommies' mascot, and they're fond of her—a lot fonder than they were of the two old cats you sent out here to inspect us."

Newly Discovered Talents.

"Of course I shrieked when I thought there was a burglar in the house," said young Mrs. Torkins.

"What did your husband do?"

"Charley looked at me with deep reproach and asked why I couldn't hold her that way once in awhile when the home team needed a boost."

Red, Blue and Orange Hailstones.

Humboldt, an authority on atmospheric phenomena never disputed, told of a heavy hailstorm which passed over Tuscany on March 14, 1813, every ice globule of the entire fall being of a beautiful orange color. Five years prior to this extraordinary event Carmola, Germany, was treated to a fall of five feet of blood red snow, followed by a slight fall of blue hail, which is said to have given "the whole face of the earth an exceedingly curious aspect." Red hailstones fell at Amsterdam in 1726, at London in 1663 (during the time of the great plague) and at divers places in Ireland and France in the early part of the past century.

Auditor's Report, Town of Napanee

For the year ending December 31st, 1915.

To the Mayor and Council, Corporation of Napanee, Ont.

Gentlemen,—We, your auditors, elected to audit the accounts of the Treasurer of the Corporation of Napanee, and the Secretary-Treasurer of the School Board, for the year 1915, beg leave to report as follows:

We have carefully checked the Receipts and Disbursements and find the amounts as published correct.

Receipts have been given for all sums received. The Treasurer and Secretary-Treasurer hold proper vouchers for all moneys paid.

We find quite a number of cheques have been issued on account of the town payable to Bearer, and we would recommend that the Council have their own cheque book printed and cheques made payable to Order in every case. We would also recommend that a Cheque Writer be purchased. This would eliminate all possibility of an amount being raised.

Your Clerk holds Bonds for the Treasurer and the Collector in the sum of Eight Thousand Dollars and Five Thousand Dollars respectively.

Herewith we present you in duplicate a Detailed Statement of Receipts and Expenditures; Assets and Liabilities for the Corporation of Napanee, and an Abstract from the books of the Secretary-Treasurer of the School Board.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

A. C. BAKER,
GEO. THOMPSON, Auditors.

Supplementary Statement, Town of Napanee

Dec. 15th, 1915, to Dec. 31st, 1915.

1915		RECEIPTS.
Dec 15	Cash on hand.....	\$ 717 63
		—————\$717 63
Rents—		
17	F. Bowen.....	12 00
		—————\$ 12 00
Cement Walks—		
17	F. W. Vandusen.....	\$ 13 20
		—————\$ 13 20
Streets—		
Dec 17	Miss Louise Davy.....	\$ 25 00
17	Mrs. Alex Smith.....	23 30
17	Er. O. W. Daly.....	25 00
17	C. W. Hambly.....	34 06
17	M. D. Duffett.....	32 87
17	Stephen Madden.....	2 50
		—————\$142 73
Fines and Fees—		
Dec 17	Wm. Rankin.....	\$ 79 25
		—————\$ 79 25
		—————\$ 964 81

1915		EXPENDITURES.
Contingent—		
Dec 17	Wm. Rankin.....	\$ 22 50
24	W. A. Grange.....	110 00
		—————\$132 50
Streets—		
18	Ed. Fox.....	\$ 2 86
31	Ed. Duncan.....	19 04
		—————\$ 21 84
Board of Education—		
31	Board of Education.....	\$ 106 00
		—————\$106 00
Board of Health—		
Dec 24	E. J. Pollard.....	\$ 15 40
24	W. T. Gibbard.....	10 00
24	G. H. Cowan, M.D.....	40 00
24	Chas. Eyvel.....	10 00
24	W. A. Grange.....	30 90
		—————\$ 76 30
Dec 31	Cash on hand.....	\$628 17
		—————\$628 17
		—————\$964 81

Assets and Liabilities, Dec. 31st, 1915.

ASSETS	
Cash on hand.....	\$ 628 17
Taxes uncollected.....	7038 81
Street Sprinkling Rate.....	1552 77
Cement Walks, Local Improvement System.....	17631 07
Permanent Sewers.....	80519 06
Cement Walks, "Old system.....	8000 00
Town Property.....	15000 00
Public Library.....	3500 00

RUSSIA NOW PASSED ITS MUNITION CRISIS

PETROGRAD, March 18.—In an interview granted me, Gen. Polivanoff, minister of war, declared that the munitions crisis, which had made itself felt at the end of 1914, reached an acute stage a year ago.

In December, 1914, the minister said, he became convinced that this penury was already extremely harassing. In May and June 1915, the position was tragic. The Russian army was forced to retreat solely from lack of shells. The position was the more poignant because, from the point of view both of the bravery of the men and the methods of fighting, everything was in favor of the Russians winning.

LACK OF MUNITIONS.

"The lack of munitions paralyzed us," said Gen. Polivanoff, "and obliged us to yield ground to the enemy, but we did not cede victory, and, beating a slow retreat, we gained time, only to prepare ourselves for fresh decisive efforts. To-day the munitions crisis no longer exists. It is a thing of the past, a sinister memory."

In September, 1915, the first results of our labors became evident. Our batteries began to make their action felt by the enemy, who had been accustomed to take no notice of them. Immense efforts and rigorous and inflexible measures were required. Almost everything had to be created, for we were used to receiving much from abroad, particularly from Germany. We got there. It has been an absolute revolution an absolute transformation of our industrial activity and almost of our customs."

PRODIGIOUS DEVELOPMENT.

The minister displayed diagrams showing the prodigious development of industrial establishments working for the national production, and with the enormous markets abroad dispensed with, we can, as regards munitions, look to the future with confidence. Many things were lacking, but now the graver gaps are filled. The moral of the troops is excellent.

"Thanks to the mobilization of the great mass of men ordered some months ago, and the doubling of the number of our depots, we have now a permanent reserve of a million and a half young recruits, which will permit us to feed the various units without sending to the front men with insufficient military training."

"It is a matter of capital importance to maintain the units absolutely complete; of that we are now assured. As the war is prolonged, so the allied forces increase, and so those of the Germanic Powers decrease. Behind the four allies there are the natural resources of the whole universe. Behind the armies of the central powers are exhaustion and shakiness. There is only one way to express our final success, and that is in the words 'The war will continue to the end.'"

CO-OPERATIVE EXPERIMENTS IN WEED ERADICATION, 1916.

During the past four years the Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union have carried on co-operative experiments in the eradication of weeds. Some fifty-eight farmers have taken part in these experiments and

PEMBERTON-BILL DEMANDS REP

LONDON, March 14.—Noel Pemberton-Billing, the new member of parliament, who secured his seat by uniting the forces of the coalition, made an impressive house-to-day in his maiden speech, which he demanded that a new aircraft should be used over hostile countries.

Mr. Billings said the British must exterminate the Hun. He asserted that the British had a hundred times more aeroplanes than at the beginning of the war, and that the machine capable of carrying from times greater quantities of bombs.

If Harold J. Tennant, secretary of state of war, had not British had an insufficient number of pilots, Mr. Pemberton-Billing could introduce him to a hundred men within twenty-four hours. Mr. Tennant said the British possessed sufficient machine guns to lead him to them by hand. Under secretary said the British offered, with permission of the government, to place them on the ground.

Mr. Pemberton-Billing, with the assertion that it was demanding that the material be used and that a pleading to be sent out to the front, to place them on the ground.

Noel Pemberton-Billing, temporary flight lieutenant Royal Naval Air Service, resigned to stand for Parliament on the issue of better protection against Zeppelin raids. He was elected for East Hertfordshire by a majority of 1031 over the coalition candidate, Brodie Henderson.

ENCOURAGE THE MAKING OF TOYS IN CANADA

It is a curious fact that the children whose soldiers used to be made of tin, and who used to play with them against the fire of French guns, the nation rejoices when bombs drop and kill innocent English children. The nation that exulted in the bodies of murdered children, the Lusitania floated on the ocean, one which before the outbreak of the war made toys for children all over the world. There was no child in it. The Germans knew child throughout the world to play with toys and a girl desired a doll. It was a business to supply the demand.

In almost every Canadian household children played with dolls and toys. Once a great Canadian department store, the wholesale houses, the small retail stores with their buyers to Germany. Since the outbreak of the war, German goods of all kinds have been excluded from Canada. The department stores and the whole country have found it exceedingly difficult to get toys to supply the demand and similar conditions.

Cement Walks, Local Improvement System.....	80519 06
Cement Walks, "Old system.....	8000 00
Town Property.....	15000 00
Public Library.....	3500 00
Harvey Warner Park.....	2500 00
Public Schools.....	17000 00
Collegiate Institute.....	26000 00
Scales G.T.R.....	300 00
Fire Appliances.....	8000 00
Fire Alarm.....	1100 00
Water Sprinklers.....	1200 00
Rents.....	75 00
Amount due old cement walks.....	100 00
Road machinery.....	3000 00

LIABILITIES.

County Rate, 1915.....	\$ 6000 00
Merchants Bank Note.....	0000 00
Debtenture Debt.....	98158 23
Sewers and cement walk debt.....	19409 59
Surplus.....	63577 06

Napanee Public Schools

EXPENDITURE, 1915.

Salaries—	
Wm. McKay.....	\$596 00
J. M. Root.....	482 40
Miss E. Harrison.....	600 00
Miss E. A. Parks.....	600 00
Miss M. E. Fraser.....	600 00
Miss F. G. Hall, B.A.....	600 00
Miss M. E. Wales.....	600 00
Miss J. E. Mair.....	600 00
Miss E. Milling.....	600 00
Miss Norma Shannon.....	600 00
Miss E. Vanluven.....	600 00
Miss Blanche Hawley.....	600 00
Supply Teachers.....	87 00
Ernest Walker.....	375 00
Mrs. F. E. Herrington.....	120 00
Secretary-Treasurer.....	75 00
	\$7735 40
Expense.....	\$ 82 15
Fuel.....	800 90
Furniture.....	237 63
Library.....	47 67
Printing.....	20 15
Repairs.....	65 56
Supplies.....	129 50
	\$1383 56
	\$9118 96
Balance on hand Dec. 31, '15	243 59
	\$9362 55

Napanee Collegiate Institute.

RECEIPTS 1915

Cash on hand Jan. 1st, 1915.....	\$6127 33
	\$6127 33
Mun. grant, town.....	4853 00
Mun. grant, county.....	4747 00
Leg. grant, general.....	1018 53
Leg. grant, agriculture.....	700 00
Co. grant, agriculture.....	500 00
Fees.....	152 40
Interest.....	38 05
	\$12008 98
	\$18136 31

EXPENDITURE 1915

Salaries—	
G. V. McLean, M. A.....	\$1700 00
E. J. Corkill, B.A.....	1500 00
W. B. Taylor, M.A.....	900 00
G. E. Evans, M. A.....	628 50
H. W. Hall.....	546 25
Delbert Unger.....	373 20
Miss Jennie Baker.....	1200 00
Miss Mary Bain.....	1075 00
Miss Elva Locklin.....	975 00
Samuel Wilson.....	375 00
Assistant Teachers.....	62 50
Secretary-Treasurer.....	100 00
G. B. Curran, P.S.A.....	1333 30
	\$10768 75
Dept. Agriculture, Equip- ment and expense.....	\$ 559 18
Expense.....	102 56
Equipment.....	205 29
Examinations.....	346 86
Fuel.....	218 40
Insurance.....	43 00
Library.....	34 95
Per't Improvements.....	74 46
Printing.....	33 16
Repairs.....	51 12
Supplies.....	70 69
	\$1739 67
	\$12508 42
Balance on hand.....	5627 89
	\$18136 31

ario Agricultural and Experimental Union have carried on co-operative experiments in the eradication of weeds. Some fifty-eight farmers have taken part in these experiments and some very interesting and valuable results have been obtained. The weeds experimented with were Perennial Sow Thistle, Twitch Grass, Bladder Campion, Wild Mustard and Ox-eye Daisy. The results obtained may be summarized as follows:

1. That good cultivation, followed by rape sown in drills, provides a means of eradicating both Perennial Sow Thistle and Twitch Grass.
2. That rape is a more satisfactory crop to use in the destruction of Twitch Grass than buckwheat.
3. That rape gives much better result in the eradication of Twitch Grass and Perennial Sow Thistle when sown in drills and cultivated than it does when sown broadcast.
4. That thorough, deep cultivation, in fall and spring, followed by a well-cared for hoed crop, will destroy Bladder Campion.
5. That Mustard may be prevented from seeding in oats, wheat and barley by spraying with a twenty percent solution of iron and sulphate without any serious injury to the standing crop or to the fresh seedlings of clover.

Those who took part in these experiments profited by the experience in nearly every instance, they cleaned the field experimented upon, demonstrated to their own satisfaction the effectiveness of the method tried, and at the same time the results furnished practical information to others.

These co-operative experiments in weed eradication will be continued this year (1916), and it is hoped that a large number of men will take part in them in order that sufficient information may be gathered to warrant definite statements being made in regard to the best methods of controlling these pernicious weeds. The experiments for 1916 are as follows:

1. The use of rape in the destruction of Perennial Sow Thistle.
2. A system of intensive cropping and cultivation, using Winter Rye followed by turnips, rape or buckwheat, for eradicating Perennial Sow Thistle.
3. The use of rape in the destruction of Twitch Grass.
4. A method of cultivation and cropping for the destruction of Twitch Grass.
5. A method for the eradication of Bladder Campion or Cow Bell.
6. Spraying with iron sulphate to destroy Mustard in cereal crops.
7. A method of cultivation and cropping for the destruction of Ox-eye Daisy.

Those who are troubled with any of these bad weeds are invited to write to the Director of Co-operative Experiments in Weed Eradication, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont. He will be glad to furnish full information concerning these experiments and to supply application blanks for the same. All experiments will be supplied with full and detailed instruction for carrying out the experiments selected, and with blank forms on which to report the results of the same. All interested in, clean farming are asked to co-operative in this work. Address all communications to J. E. Hewiet, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

No lice on your cattle if you use our new Electric Louse Powder, 25c per lb. at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

ment stores and the who have found it exceedingly get toys to supply the demand and similar conditions in every country of the pire.

The Department of Trade and Commerce has recently received inquiries from England as to whether Canadians can supply the place of the German toys excluded from the United States.

With a view to encouraging the manufacture of toys in Canada for the home market, Sir George Foster has called a Toy Conference which will be held in the Royal Bank Building, corner of King and York Streets, Toronto, on the 28th of January, at 10 o'clock in the morning. A large number of German toys such as wind-up toys, etc., are being imported into Canada with a view to showing Canadian manufacturers what the Germans are doing in this line. There will be a collection of Canadian toys to show what can be done in the United States have to replace German toys. That all Canadian manufacturers will send exhibits to the exhibition will be thoroughly representative. There has been a development of toy making in Canada since the war and there are known to be not less than twenty-four toy manufacturers in Canada at the time. There may be other toy manufacturers of children's play games are invited to send their toys to the exhibition. Most of those now manufacturing toys in Canada are making them in a line, using waste materials. There are a few concerns that are giving their entire attention to the manufacture of toys. While the toy industry will not open until it is desired to have the place not later than March, it is proposed to have a toy exhibition for after the day of the Conference should be addressed to the Conference, Royal Bank Building, corner of King and York Streets.

All the large department stores and a number of wholesale houses in Toronto and Montreal have promised to send their toy buyers to the conference and as most of these have been accustomed to many every year and are not only with the requirements of the Canadian market but also man methods it is expected will make practical suggestions to Canadian toy makers and those who contemplate the manufacture of toys in Canada.

All Canadian toy manufacturers are invited to send representatives to the conference, and any one who may be interested in making toys will be welcomed to the conference.

As one of the objects of the conference is to interest capitalists in the development of toy industry, it is ready established that it is the duty of capitalists willing to invest in the industry to be present at the Conference. It is believed that many of our capitalists might make use of the conference in the manufacture of toys and it will be well worth their while to send representatives to the Conference.

Sir George Foster will be in the chair and deliver the address.

PEMBERTON-BILLINGS LANDS REPRISALS

N. March 14.—Noel Pemberton-Billings, the new member of Parliament, secured his seat over the votes of the coalition government platform demanding sweepings in the air defences of made an impression on the day in his maiden speech, in demanding that all the existing should be used for raids on the coast.

Mr. Pemberton-Billings said the British could exterminate the Zeppelins. He said that the British possessed more aeroplanes and more at the beginning of the war than the machines were carrying from four to ten times quantities of explosives. Mr. J. Tennant, under secretary of war, believed the British had an insufficient number of aeroplanes. Mr. Pemberton-Billings said he would induce him to a hundred such in twenty-four hours, and if not said the British did not have sufficient machines he would send them by hand. If the secretary said the British had not enough bombs, the new member would have permission of the Speaker to bring them on the table of the House.

Mr. Pemberton-Billings concluded his assertion that the country was not being defended against the existing war, and that the airman would be sent out to fight instead of being sent home to think.

Mr. Pemberton-Billings was a flight lieutenant in the Royal Air Force when he stood for Parliament on the issue of better protection against raids. He was elected for the constituency of North Devon by a majority of the coalition candidate, Mr. Anderson.

AGE THE MAKING OF TOYS IN CANADA

A curious fact that the German soldiers used little bell-shaped shields to protect them from the fire of British and French guns, the nation which reaped the most from the bombs dropped from Zeppelins, innocent English children, in that exulted when the murdered children from the sea floated on the ocean, is the fact that before the outbreak of the war the toys for children all over the world were made in Germany. There was no sentimentality in the Germans knew that every child throughout the world delighted in playing with toys and every little child had a doll. It was a matter of course to supply the universal demand.

Most every Canadian household has a German doll. Once a year the German department stores and the German houses that supplied the toys with toys sent a German doll to Germany to purchase the toys. The toys of the war are made of all kinds of things. In Canada the large department stores and the wholesale houses find it exceedingly difficult to supply the Canadian children with similar conditions prevail.

DUMMY GUNS SCARED FOE SUBMARINE AWAY

NEW YORK, March 14.—Four dummy guns made of spare spars and mounted on the after and quarter decks of the Harrison Line steamship Director saved that vessel from becoming a submarine victim, according to C. A. Rovers of Santa Fe, N.M., a horseman, who arrived here to-day on the steamship Cameronia from Liverpool.

Mr. Rovers said that he was on the Director when the incident occurred. "The ship left Pensacola, Florida, on Jan. 15 with a cargo for Liverpool," he said. "On Jan. 25 when about 200 miles from the Irish coast a submarine was sighted several miles astern. It immediately gave chase, and for two hours it hung on to us despite the best speed that the engineer of the Director was able to get out of her. Finding that the submarine was gaining, the Director's captain gave orders to bring up from the hold a spare derrick spar, and it was sawed into four lengths, which were mounted in a conspicuous manner on the decks so that they would resemble guns."

"It was evident the dummies were noticed by the U-boat, for it slackened speed and begun to manoeuvre, evidently so as to present a difficult mark. Our captain, to keep up the deception, also did some manoeuvring, and without lessening his speed endeavored to convey to the submarine that he was trying to get into position for a good shot. Our bluff succeeded, for the submarine soon gave up the chase and disappeared."

FOE TROOPS' QUALITY MUCH DETERIORATED

LONDON, March 12.—Lord Northcliffe, who has just visited the Verdun battlefield in a message to the Weekly Dispatch declares that Verdun is a great deal more interesting than important. The newspaper publisher continues:

"It does not need a personal visit to the battlefield to realize this. If the Germans really think that an attack on the unarmed and dismantled forts of Verdun open the road to Paris they have a very faint notion of the French preparations and the French power of resistance."

Comparing the present German troops with those who fought early in the war, Lord Northcliffe says:

POOR GERMAN MATERIAL
"Last week I saw German prisoners who had escaped the hellish fire of the French 75's at Verdun. Where had gone those splendid stalwarts captured at the battle of the Marne? Much of the rank and file now left of the Germans is undersized and badly dressed, with faces that bear a look of right that seems as if it would last a lifetime. Their appearance is such as to move a heart of stone. With two exceptions among those with whom I spoke all were utterly weary of warfare and begged to be told when peace could be expected."

"The fact about the whole war is that Germany is in the position of a besieged city and she is striking out blindly by land at Verdun. She will

Women Once Invalids

Now in Good Health Through Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Say it is Household Necessity. Doctor Called it a Miracle.

All women ought to know the wonderful effects of taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound even on those who seem hopelessly ill. Here are three actual cases:



Harrisburg, Penn.—"When I was single I suffered a great deal from female weakness because my work compelled me to stand all day. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for that and was made stronger by its use. After I was married I took the Compound again for a female trouble and after three months I passed what the doctor called a growth. He said it was a miracle that it came away as one generally goes under the knife to have them removed. I never want to be without your Compound in the house."—Mrs. FRANK KNEBL, 1642 Fulton St., Harrisburg, Penn.

Hardly Able to Move.

Albert Lea, Minn.—"For about a year I had sharp pains across my back and hips and was hardly able to move around the house. My head would ache and I was dizzy and had no appetite. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, I am feeling stronger than for years. I have a little boy eight months old and am doing my work all alone. I would not be without your remedies in the house as there are none like them."—Mrs. F. E. YOST, 611 Water St., Albert Lea, Minn.

Three Doctors Gave Her Up.

Pittsburg, Penn.—"Your medicine has helped me wonderfully. When I was a girl 18 years old I was always sickly and delicate and suffered from irregularities. Three doctors gave me up and said I would go into consumption. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and with the third bottle began to feel better. I soon became regular and I got strong and shortly after I was married. Now I have two nice stout healthy children and am able to work hard every day."—Mrs. CLEMENTINA DUERRING, 34 Gardner St., Troy Hill, Pittsburg, Penn.



All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice,—it will be confidential.

STORY OF THE MISTLETOE.

A Curious Plant With a Curious Way of Making a Living.

Very curious are the ways of the mistletoe. The story of how the mistletoe gets on the trees is a most interesting one. Covering the mistletoe twigs are nearly white berries. These come in the winter season, when food is comparatively scarce, and hence some birds eat them freely.

Now, when a robin eats a cherry he swallows simply the meat and flips the

THE MAN ON THE BRIDGE.

A Political Intrigue in the Time of Louis XIV. of France.

The manner in which the French first gained possession of the provinces of Alsace-Lorraine through the use of a preconcerted cipher apparently meaningless is interesting, and is also an important historical instance of the value of cipher signals of all kinds.

In 1680, when Marquis de Louvois was French Minister of War under Louis XIV., he summoned be-

the wholesale houses d it exceedingly difficult to supply the Canadian com- similar conditions prevail country of the British Em-

partment of Trade and Com- recently received several om England as to whether can supply toys to take of the German toys now ex- m the United Kingdom.

view to encouraging the re of toys in Canada both ome market and for export e Foster has arranged for a rence which will take place yal Bank Building at the King and Yonge Streets, on the 28th of March bet- 10 o'clock in the morn- umber of samples of oys such as were formerly into Canada will be on ex- to show Canadian manufac- it the Germans supplied and l be a collection of Ameri- to show what our neighbors ited States have been doing German toys. It is hoped Canadian manufacturers of send exhibits so that the will be thoroughly repre- There has been a surpris- oment of toy manufactur- nada since the outbreak of nd there are known to be nd twenty-four toy manu- in Canada at the present e may be others. All manu- of children's playthings and invited to send exhibits. ose now manufacturing toys are making them as a side waste materials, but there concerns that are devoting re attention to the manu- toys. While the Toy Con- l not open until March 28, ed to have the exhibits in later than March 21, in- ough everything may be well ar- is proposed to keep the dition for about a week lay of the Conference. Ex- d be addressed, Toy Con- yal Bank Building, corner Yonge Streets, Toronto.

arge department stores and of wholesale houses in Mon- Toronto have promised to toy buyers to the Confer- s most of these toy buyers accustomed to visit Ger- y year and are acquainted yth the requirements of the market but also with Ger- ds it is expected that they practical suggestions of Canadian toy manufacturers who contemplate the manu- in Canada.

stores, wholesale houses merchants who handle toys to send representatives to nce, and any others who terested in making or sell- ill be welcomed.

of the objects of the Con- to interest capital in the it of toy industries al- bished it is hoped that willing to investigate the s of the industry will be the Conference. It is be- many of our large indus, it make use of waste ma- the manufacture of toys l be well worth while for stries to send representa- e Conference.

rge Foster will take the deliver the openings ad-

"The fact about the whole war is that Germany is in the position of a besieged city and she is striking out blindly by land at Verdun. She will presently, I am convinced, strike out by sea."

Turning to the actual fighting at Verdun Lord Northcliffe says:

HORRIBLE SLAUGHTER OF FOES.

"Not a word is hinted in anything sent out from Germany of the horrible slaughter to which the German troops have been subjected this week. Thursday was a black day for Germans when, drugged with either the men came on in mass formation to be mown down by the French 75's and machine guns as usual.

"Reports published in the English newspapers from Paris are to my personal knowledge on the whole most accurate and they show that for one or many reasons the crown prince is gambling with human life to an extent unprecedented even in this war."

FRENCH GUNNERS BETTER.

Lord Northcliffe asserts that "if the Germans possess a number of guns of greater calibre than those used by the English and French they have no weapons in their army equal to the French 75's or gunners comparable to the French men."

Discussing the western theatre as a whole, Lord Northcliffe says that the allied defensive wall right across France in so far as attaining any definite military position is concerned, is absolutely impregnable. This remark may equally apply to the German line across France and Belgium.

The Unreality of Opera.

There are people who still complain of the unreality of opera who cannot subject themselves to its illusion. And indeed the illusion of opera breaks down if everything in it is not kept at the same distance from reality. In that world of musical expression we must never be suddenly lowered by any incongruous detail into the ordinary world of prose. Realism, the attempt to work upon the emotions by complete illusion of reality, is disastrous in opera. If the scene is a railway station we remember at once that people do not sing when they are catching trains.—London Times.

Little Else.

A London attorney named Else, rather diminutive in his stature and not particularly respectable in his character, once met Jekyll. "Sir," said he, "I hear you have called me a pettifogging scoundrel. Have you done so, sir?" "Sir," said Jekyll, with a look of contempt, "I never said you were a pettifogger or a scoundrel, but I said you were 'little Else.'"—Westminster Gazette.

Incomplete Comprehension.

"A great many people talk about things they don't understand." "Of course," replied Miss Cayenne. "If we all thoroughly understood everything it is considered necessary to talk about we should all be immoderately wise—and some of us rather impolite."

Midchannel.

"Well, old chap, how have you been since you embarked on the sea of matrimony?" "Oh—er—just a little seasick at times!"

paratively scarce, and hence some birds eat them freely.

Now, when a robin eats a cherry he swallows simply the meat and flips the stone away. The seed of the mistletoe the bird cannot flip. It is sticky and holds to his bill. His only resource is to wipe it off, and he does so, leaving it sticking to the branches of the tree on which he is sitting at the time.

This seed sprouts after a time, and not finding earth—which, indeed, its ancestral habit has made it cease wanting—it sinks its roots into the bark of the tree and hunts there for the pipes that carry the sap.

Now, the sap in the bark is the very richest in the tree, far richer than that in the wood, and the mistletoe gets from its host the choicest of food. With a strange foresight it does not throw its leaves away, as do most parasites, but keeps them to use in winter, when the tree is leafless.

Ruskin and the Turners.

How closely famous pictures can be imitated by skillful artists was proved by an exhibition by Ruskin in 1875 of a series of facsimiles of Turner's pictures in the National gallery, London. The collection was accompanied by a characteristic note from Ruskin, in which he said:

"I have given my best attention during upward of ten years to train a copyist to perfect fidelity in rendering the works of Turner and have now succeeded in enabling him to produce facsimiles so close as to look like replicas—facsimiles which I must sign with my own name to prevent their being sold for real Turners."

Same Thing.

"Pa, is an aviary where the aviators stay?"

"No, son; it is a place where they keep birds."

"Well, ain't aviators bird men?"

Squaring Himself.

Mrs. Henpecke—What do you mean, sir, by telling Mrs. Torker's husband you never ask my advice about anything? Henpecke—Well, Maria, I don't. You don't wait to be asked.—Exchange.

True.

"It takes two to make a quarrel." "Yes, and very often it takes a jury of twelve to settle it."

We are sure to get the better of the future if we do but struggle with the Seneca.

A large assortment of Ebony and Ivory Toilet Goods for the Xmas trade at WALLACE'S Limited, the leading drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of

Dr. H. H. Plummer

nals of all kinds.

In 1680, when Marquis de Louvois was French Minister of War under Louis XIV., he summoned before him a man of the name of De Chamilly and instructed him to go to Basel, Switzerland, and on the fourth day thence at 2 o'clock in the afternoon to station himself on the bridge over the Rhine, with pad, ink and pen.

"Watch all that takes place," directed the Minister of War, "and make a memorandum of everything, no matter how trivial. Continue to do this for two hours. At 4 o'clock remount your horse and return here as quickly as possible. Bring your notes directly to me, no matter what time of the day or night you arrive."

De Chamilly obeyed. On the day appointed he stationed himself on the bridge and began to make notes of everything that transpired. Page after page he covered with his fine script. Three o'clock chimed from the cathedral tower. Exactly on the last stroke a tall man in yellow waistcoat and breeches sauntered across the bridge, stopping in the center to strike three hearty blows with his staff on the railing. This, together with the other details, went down in De Chamilly's book. When 4 o'clock sounded he leaped upon his horse and galloped off toward Paris feeling rather ashamed that he had nothing more important to report.

The messenger returned to the French capital in the middle of the night, but he went at once to De Louvois, who glanced eagerly through his notes until he came to the mention of the yellow breeched man. The Minister of War then rushed to the king's chamber, awoke Louis and obtained his signature to a document already prepared. Four couriers were immediately dispatched to Strassburg. Eight days later the town was entirely surrounded by French troops. It surrendered on Sept. 30, 1681.

The three taps of the staff on the railing of the bridge were the preconcerted signals of the success of an intrigue between De Louvois and the magistrate of Strassburg, and the man who struck the blows was as ignorant of their meaning as was De Chamilly of the reason for his mission.

The seizure of Strassburg received formal recognition at the peace of Ryswick in 1697, and France continued to hold the city and the surrounding country until it was wrested from her by the Germans after the Franco-Prussian war.—James Hay, Jr., in Every Week.

No Escape.

Some time ago an esteemed citizen was rambling along the boulevard when he was approached by an enterprising young man who was selling flowers.

"Here you are, sir!" cried the salesman, extending a bouquet. "Buy some beautiful flowers for your sweetheart?"

"Nothing doing," responded the esteemed citizen. "I haven't got a sweetheart."

"I see," was the prompt rejoinder of the salesman. "Buy the flowers for your wife."

"Wrong again," came back the other. "I am not married."

"Fine!" exclaimed the resourceful salesman. "Buy the bouquet to celebrate your luck."

Shiloh 25
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds.
Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

Our Spring Sale Continues.

There is still opportunity to take advantage of the reduced prices on Furniture we had in stock before prices advanced.

Everything that goes to make furniture, such as Glass, Brass Trimmings, Lumber, Coverings for Parlor Suites, in fact everything has advanced nearly double in price, but we have not raised our prices on goods in stock.

BUY NOW AND SAVE MONEY.

Parlor Settee

Mahogany frame upholstered in figured green silk on seat and back
Special price **18.00**

Morris Chair

Golden quartered oak frame, reversible cushion, black green velours
Special price **8.50**

Mahogany Parlor Chair

Silk seat
Special price **6.50**

Morris Chair

Golden elm frame covered with striped green velours
Special price **6.00**

Large 5-Piece Parlor Suite

Consisting of settee, arm chair, rocker and two small chair, covered in beautiful heavy silk. Special price **55.00**

Our stock of **Kitchen Cabinets, Dining Room and Bedroom Suites** was never better assorted. Special Prices in every part of our store.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Limited.

Homeseeker's Fares

\$45.50

To EDMONTON AND CALGARY AND RETURN

from NAPANEE every Monday till October. Proportionate Fares from and to other points.

Electric Lighted Tourist Cars.

For our booklet, "Homeseekers' and Settlers' Guide," tickets, and information, apply to R. E. McLEAN, Station Agent, or E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

County Council

(Continued from last week.)

Account, Deseronto High School Board, was read, and referred to the Education and Printing Committee.

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Armstrong, that the equalized assessment remain the same as 'it was in 1915. Carried.

Account, Inspector of Prisons and Public Charity, \$12.96, was ordered to be paid.

Moved by Mr. Osborne, seconded by Mr. Adams, that the amount to be expended on County Roads be referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee to report. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Longmore, seconded by Mr. Hicks, that 10 per cent. of the overdrafts of County Road monies be deducted this year from County Road appropriations. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned till 1.30 p.m.

Council resumed.

Account, County Treasurer, contingencies, \$8.75, was ordered to be paid.

Accounts, S. R. Hart & Co., Registry Office supplies, \$12.55, and J. D. Ball, laundry, Court House.

Roads begin with the first road constructed by the road roller, as we are building roads now. Carried.
On motion Council adjourned till to-morrow at 9 a.m.

SATURDAY MORNING.

Council met at 9 a.m., pursuant to adjournment.

Warden in the chair.

Members all present except Mr. Irish.

Minutes of yesterday were read, and on motion were confirmed.

Mr. D. A. Nesbitt addressed the Council yesterday on the enforcement of the Truancy clauses of the School Act.

The following accounts were ordered to be paid:—The Deseronto High School, \$461.36; Joseph Doust, \$61.40; J. F. Vankoughnet, High County Constable, \$3.45; County Clerk, contingencies, \$16.95; W. G. Wilson, law services, \$8.00; C. Lowry, in full claim for damages, \$12.00.

Report of Agricultural Committee was presented, read, and on motion was adopted.

Mr. Woods presented the second report of the Roads and Bridges Committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Longmore, that the appropriations on County Roads of \$13000.00, be divided in accordance with By-laws Nos. 204 and 207, and amendments thereto, as follows: Napanee \$546.49, Bath \$102.47, Newburgh \$108.93, Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby \$52.82, Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham, \$70.64, Adolphustown \$609.23, Amherst Island \$642.94, Camden \$3125.68, Ernesttown \$2959.29, North Fredericksburgh \$1123.26, South Fredericksburgh \$1128.24, Richmond \$1629.44, Sheffield \$900.57. Total \$13000.00.

Mr. Hicks presented the first report of the County Property Committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

Moved by Mr. Harrison, seconded by Mr. Hicks, that in the interval between sessions the Treasurer pay all snow shovelling accounts certified to by the Reeves of the respective local municipalities. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Adams, seconded by Mr. Waite, that a special grant out of County Road funds be made to the following municipalities:—Amherst Island \$125.00, Bath \$100.00, Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham \$100.00, Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby \$100.00, Napanee \$125.00, Newburgh \$150.00. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Armstrong, seconded by Mr. Longmore, that Councilor Irish be granted his sessional indemnity, \$20.00. Carried.

On motion Council adjourned at the call of the Warden.

FIRST MEETING OF THE LENOX AND ADDINGTON BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND.

County Council Chambers, March 9th, 1916.

Warden T. J. Cook presiding as Chairman, and W. G. Wilson, County Clerk, as Secretary.

By-law 317, County Council, was filed.

Moved by Councillor Longmore, seconded by Councillor Berlin, that

TOWN COUNCIL

Council C
March 2

Council met in regular session Monday evening, Mayor Rutledge in the chair.

Present—Reeve Osborne and Councillors Denison, Ming, Paul, Steacy and Wilson.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed. Communications were read: A. Duff, Minister of Agriculture, for adding C. C. James, acknowledging resolution passed at the last meeting of council in reference to establishing an Industrial School near Napanee. The Minister culture promised to give the due consideration.

A communication from the Electric Railway Association, headquarters at Guelph, asking Corporation to become a member of the Association was ordered.

A communication from the Tool Co., of Windsor, was read, the Streets Committee.

The report of the Auditor referred to the Finance Committee. Coun. Wilson presented the report of the Finance Committee.

The committee recommended the purchase of a check writer, at a cost of \$4.00, for the securing from the Merchants of 4000 blank checks and having thereon the official seal of the town and instead of the word "order" to be substituted that the time for the tax return his roll be extended 3rd.

Report adopted.

Coun. Graham presented the report of the Streets Committee regarding the payment of Haggerty's account for brick, and wished for building the water. The committee recommended the payment of \$49.00 in full of a

Reeve Osborne presented the report of the Fire Water and Light Committee recommending the payment of Seymour Power Co. account less a rebate of \$5.00 on a street lighting.

Report adopted.

Reeve Osborne also reported the payment of \$4.50 to three firemen work in taking care of hose curling rink fire.

Report adopted.

The Town Property Committee instructed to have built in hall a room for the safe storage of firemen's appliances.

Coun. Steacy presented the report of the Printing and By-Law Committee. The Milk By-Law had been considered by the Committee.

amendments made, and a by-law so amended was laid before the council. The committee reported that they had under consideration a by-law for the regulation of cab licenses, etc.

Report adopted.

Coun. Ming presented the report of the Market and Police Committee recommending the payment of M. B. Mills, \$1.50, and phone account of \$1.45.

Report adopted.

Coun. Denison presented the report of the Town Property Committee. The total cost of providing



The First Pair

It is important that your first pair of glasses should be right.

You will receive a thorough examination and satisfactory glasses for your eyes by consulting H. E. SMITH, Optician. No guess work, but good work guaranteed.

Thousands can testify to this fact.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Every Style Bracelet and Strap Watches

Silver, Gunmetal, Filled and Solid Gold

is one of the best buys you can make. It is a dandy and fully guaranteed. All Watches good values.

F. CHINNECK'S Jewellery Store.

A REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

AT ONCE

for Napanee and District for THE OLD RELIABLE FONTHILL NURSERIES.

Farmers! Why remain idle all winter when you can take up a paying agency?

Choice list of varieties for spring planting.

Liberal Terms. Handsome Free Outfit. Exclusive Territory.

Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
TORONTO, ONT.

By-law 317, County Council, was filed.

Accounts, S. R. Hart & Co., Registry Office supplies, \$12.55, and J. D. Bell, laundry, Court House, \$1.05; Boyle & Son, Registry Office, \$5.45; and Boyle & Son, Court House, \$23.20, were ordered to be paid.

Communications, Sawyer-Massey Co., were read and filed.

Mr. Armstrong presented the first report of the Finance Committee, which was read, and on motion adopted.

Moved by Mr. Harrison, seconded by Mr. Longmore, that \$19.42 be paid to Mr. M. R. Reid, P.S.I., for North Frontenac and Addington Teachers' Institutes in full to end of year 1915. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Longmore, seconded by Mr. Weese, that \$25.00 be paid to Miss Etta Harrison, for Lennox Teachers' Institute to end of 1915. Carried.

Mr. Woods presented the first report of the Roads and Bridges Committee, which was read, and on motion was adopted.

Mr. Chas. Anderson, Ex-County Councillor, being present, was asked by the Council to say a few words and addressed them at length.

Account, D. Mooney, \$23.25, was ordered to be paid and charged to North Fredericksburgh County Road account.

Moved by Mr. Harrison, seconded by Mr. Hicks, that whereas two of our members, Mr. W. H. Chalmers and Mr. John E. Irish, are unavoidably absent, and whereas the matter of methods of contribution to the Canadian Patriotic Fund is a very important matter, and we should have the voice of every member of this County Council in the matter, and whereas it is necessary that the required funds be arranged for as per our resolution of this session pertaining thereto, be it resolved that a grant of \$1800.00 per month be paid to the Canadian Patriotic Fund from March 1st, 1916, until our June session in order that we may have the full vote of our Council on the By-law, which we would complete in our June session. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Adams, seconded by Mr. Roblin, that we show by resolution the reason for the deadlock existing in this County Council over the manner in which the Patriotic Fund will be raised namely: It is as follows: Seven members voted to raise the money on current rates this year and seven members voted to raise the money by notes at 5 per cent. per annum, spreading over 3 years. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Harrison, seconded by Mr. Longmore, that whereas it has come to the knowledge of this Council that certain portions of the County Road constructions before we purchased the road roller are now considered by the Department as constructed, and as a matter of fact these self same portions of road are now in great need of proper construction, and if constructed now this Council would lose the difference paid by the Department on construction and on maintenance. Be it resolved that we authorize our Clerk and Road Superintendent to arrange if possible with the Departments to have their engineer, Mr. Huber, come, and go with our Road Superintendent and Reeves of the respective municipalities over our County Road system, and have the matter adjusted by having the annual construction of our County,

By-law 317, County Council, was filed.

Moved by Councillor Longmore, seconded by Councillor Roblin, that the Warden, Mr. T. J. Cook, be President of the Branch. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Armstrong, seconded by Councillor Waite, that Mr. M. S. Madole be Vice-President of the Branch. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Longmore, seconded by Councillor Roblin, that County Clerk, W. G. Wilson, be Secretary of the Branch. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Osborne, seconded by Councillor Armstrong, that County Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Shannon be Treasurer of the Branch. Carried.

Moved by Councillor Woods, seconded by Councillor Longmore, that Mr. W. J. Doller be the fifth member of the Executive Committee of the Branch. Carried.

Communication, Fred Jones, Lieutenant 146th Battalion, re S. E. Gallagher, was read, and on motion was referred to the Executive Committee.

Adjournment till 10th inst., at 8 p.m., at Town Council Chambers.
W. G. WILSON, Secretary. T. J. COOK, President.

SECOND GENERAL MEETING OF THE LENNOX AND ADDINGTON BRANCH OF THE CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND.

Town Council Chambers,
March 10th, 1916.

Present—Warden Cook, who presided; Vice-President M. S. Madole; Secretary W. G. Wilson; Treasurer W. J. Shannon, and W. J. Doller, fifth member of the Executive Committee; Members of the County Council, and Messrs. J. M. Thomson, James Fitzpatrick, W. H. Boyle, J. E. Robinson, James Reid, W. A. Grange, of the Advisory Committee.

Minutes of the meeting of the 9th inst. were read, and on motion confirmed.

County By-law 316, providing for the insurance of soldiers, was read, and heartily approved, and filed.

County By-law 317, establishing the Lennox and Addington Branch of the Canadian Patriotic Fund and providing its constitution, was read, and on motion filed.

Then the question of getting out a schedule of relief grants was fully discussed, and the following was decided upon:—Married Women, Napanee, and without children, boarding, and not house-keeping, maximum \$4.00 monthly; and one living in outside municipalities, \$3.50. Married Woman, Napanee, and without children, keeping house, maximum \$8.00 monthly, and one living in outside municipalities, \$7.00. Widowed mother, son sole support, maximum, in Napanee, \$8.00 monthly, and one living in outside municipalities, \$7.00.

Moved by Mr. Wilson, seconded by Mr. Roblin, that a schedule be prepared along these lines and the regulations of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, and put in the hands of the local relief committees. Carried.

A unanimous vote of thanks was tendered to the late Lennox and Addington Patriotic Committee, through the members of the Committee present.

Adjourned at call from President.
W. G. WILSON, Secretary. T. J. COOK, President.

Report adopted.
Coun. Denison presented the report of the Town Property. The total cost of providing accommodation of the men 146th Batt. quartered at \$308.55. The committee recommended the payment of Ch. account, \$15.50.

Report adopted.
Coun. Paul presented the report of the Poor and Sanitary. They found the accounts Boyes, \$3.95, and Dr. Cam correct and recommended. They also recommended of \$9.00 to John M. Huggins of wood; 75c. to C. Stine for drawing same; fire hall; and an account of Vanalstine.

Report adopted.
A by-law to regulate milk in Napanee was given readings and finally passed.

Moved by Reeve Osborne, by Coun. Graham, that the Minister of Agriculture be asked in the local papers, and G. B. Curran be asked to capacity of employment aried.

At Symington

Imported Garden So Wholesale Prices.
A limited quantity Famous Early Marques All kinds of Field Seed Rainbow Flour and Poultry supplies of all kind Calf and Stock Feeds.

WANTED—Clover, and Beans. Also Raw usual.

THOS. SYMING
NAPANEE, ONT.

Have You Seen BEAVER BOA Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass plaster and wall-p in beauty, durability, ea application, and econon

They deaden sound sist heat and cold, r fire, resist shocks or st do not crack, chip or c iorate with age.

BEAVER BOA can be used in new o modeled buildings of c type.

We carry full stock, and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.

APPLY TO

MADOLE HARDWARE

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO

N COUNCIL.

Council Chamber,
March 20th, 1916.

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aw for the regulating of
, etc.

lopted.

ig presented the report of
and Police Committee

ing the payment of account
ills, \$1.50, and Bell Tele-

unt of \$1.45.

lopted.

son presented the report
wn Property Committee

ost of providing for the
ion of the members of the

Moved by Coun. Graham seconded by
Coun. Steady, that the clerk be in-
structed to advertise for tenders for
town supplies for the year 1916. Car-
ried.

Coun. Graham brought to the at-
tention of the council the advisability
of so amending the 'Transient Traders'
By-Law as to afford a certain amount
of protection to the merchants of
Napanee. The cost of a license for
such traders in Napanee to-day was
only \$40.00, and he knew for a posi-
tive fact that in several other places
the cost of such licenses was fixed at
from \$200.00 to \$250.00. He said the
merchants of Napanee feel pretty sore
over the deal they have had put over
them the past couple of weeks.

The Finance Committee were in-
structed to go thoroughly into the
question and have drafted and lay be-
fore the council a satisfactory by-law.

Coun. Graham called the attention
of the council to the fact that Dr.
Campbell had been overcharged on his
business tax for the years 1913-14-15.
He laid the facts before the council,
and the matter was referred to the
Finance Committee.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were ordered
paid:

Geo. Thompson.....	\$ 30 00
A. C. Baker.....	30 00
J. G. Fennell, on account.....	100 00
Hart & Co.....	68 00
J. L. Boyes.....	3 75

The following accounts were referred:
Seymour Power Co., \$2.20, I. Vanal-
stine, 25c., Fire Water and Light; J.
G. Fennell, \$6.80, Streets Committee.

On motion the town clerk was in-
structed to take up with the C. N. R.
solicitor at Toronto the question of
the grade over their tracks on the
Belleville road. The grades are by far
too steep, and also too narrow.

Council adjourned.

TURN WASTE TO PROFIT.

Recently a proprietor of a large
modern business in a thriving city
was heard to remark "my twelve
months' trade shows, after allowing
myself a low weekly income, not one
cent of profit, on all the capital, risk
and worry." He distinguishes close-
ly between income and profit for the
year.

Does the average dairyman consid-
er his farm business in the same
light, each department of its many
activities, grain, poultry, lumber,
pork, hay, milk? Further does he
distinguish between income and profit
when dealing with the herd? If
(and much depends on that "if")
each cow makes a good profit he is
indeed well off. Even if each cow is
responsible for a good income, things
are not too bad. If some of your
cows waste good feed because they
are not possessed of ability to make
milk economically, find it out; turn
waste to profit. Make the cows keep
you, that is their job; you need profit
on the feed, profit to pay for your
investment of capital; risk and
worry, the same as any merchant. A
letter to the Dairy Commissioner, Ot-
tawa, will bring you free of charge
milk record forms, either daily or
three days per month, feed records,
and a record book. When you note
down total production and closely
estimate cost of feed by occasional
weighings, you arrive at individual
profit. Make each cow pay a good
profit.

GROCERIES

Just drop in and see what we are doing in groceries. Having
purchased the business of J. H. Fish we are prepared to give customers
our best attention.

Here are a few of our Saturday Bargains:

Quaker Corn Flakes	4 boxes 25c.
Floating Castile Soap, regular 5c., on Saturday,	7 Cakes for 25c.
Potatoes	35c. a peck.
Good Cooking Apples	30c. a peck.

NICE FRESH CELERY AND RIPE TOMATOES.

Come in and get a calendar if you have not had one.
Highest cash price paid for all Farm Produce.

M. B. JUDSON, - Napanee.

A NEW ISSUE of the Telephone Directory



is now being prepared, and additions and changes
for it should be reported to our Local Manager
at once.

Have you a telephone? Those who have
will tell you that it is the most precious of modern
conveniences.

Why not order to-day and have your
name in the new directory?

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada



Homeseekers Excursions

**Every Tuesday, March to October
"All Rail"
Every Wednesday During Season Navigation
"Great Lakes Route"**

own Property Committee cost of providing for the tion of the members of the , quartered at Napanee was the committee also recom- payment of Chas. Stevens' 5.50.

lopted.

ul presented the report of ul and Sanitary Committee. i the accounts of G. W. 5, and Dr. Campbell, 82.00 recommended payment.

recommended the payment John M. Hughs for two ood; 75c. to Chas. Vanal- drawing same to rear of nd an account of 75c to I.

lopted.

to regulate the sale of pance was given its several d finally passed.

Reeve Osborne, seconded raham, that the letter from ' of Agriculture be publish- ocal papers, and that Mr. an be asked to act in the employment agent. Car-

ymington's

ed Garden Seeds at le Prices.

ited quantity of the Early Marquis Wheat. ds of Field Seeds.

ow Flour and Bran.—upplies of all kinds, also Stock Feeds.

ED — Clover, Timothy is. Also Raw Furs as

. SYMINGTON, APANEE, ONT.

ve You Seen VER BOARD led Walls and Ceilings?

EY far surpass lath, aster and wall-paper ty, durability, ease of tion, and economy.

y deaden sound, re- at and cold, retard sist shocks or strains, crack, chip or deter- with age.

VER BOARD

used in new or re- ed buildings of every

arry full and can fur- izes as cr- with full ation about application,

APPLY TO

HARDWARE CO.

'PHONE 13, NEE, ONTARIO

profit.

At the Play.

Mr. Frontseat—Will I have time to go out and get a drink, usher?

Usher (referring to curtain)—It won't stay down a minute, sir.

Frontseat (sharply)—That's my busi- ness.

An Old Hand.

"What was the first thing your hus- band said when you got started on your wedding journey?"

"Excuse me while I go forward and have a smoke." You know, it was the third time for him."

Why Bixby Doesn't Go.

"Bixby sent the minister ten reasons for not going to church, but he left out the main one."

"What is that?"

"He stays away because his wife doesn't make him go."

Studied Under Him.

Famous Painter (angrily)—I hear, sir, that you're boasting that you studied art under me? Near Painter (calmly)—And so I did, sir; so I did. Why, I oc- cupied a room under your studio for nearly a month.

First "Push Button."

Benjamin Franklin invented the elec- tric "push button." This was accom- plished in 1751. He "shocked" the rail- ing in front of his Philadelphia resi- dence, finding the idlers of the street were too fond of gathering under his window. This so alarmed them that they no longer gave the philosopher of- fense.

Constructive Legislation.

First Lawyer—What makes you think we shall not be able to get this law passed by the legislature? Sec- ond Lawyer—It's too simple. Almost any one can understand it. It ought to be so complex and vague that nobody can understand it. Then it is bound to pass, because nobody would admit that he didn't understand it.

Woman's Desire to Attract.

Owing to the system under which we live, where man is a valuable prey, woman has contracted the habit of trying to attract. Even aggressive in- solence on her part may conceal the desire to attract by exasperating.—W. L. George in Atlantic.

Has to Do.

"Our alimony club is very econom- ical."

"Well, it goes without saying that an alimony club has to husband its means."

Classified.

"How would you classify a telephone girl? Is hers a business or a profes- sion?"

"Neither; it is a calling."—Christian Register.

Provide for the worst; the best will save itself.

Every Wednesday During Season Navigation "Great Lakes Route"

Somewhere out on the prairies where last year Canada's Greatest Wheat Crop was produced there is a home waiting for you. The

CANADIAN PACIFIC



will take you there; give you all the information about the best places, and help you to success. :: :: :: :: ::

Particulars from any Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent, or write W. B. Howard, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.

SCIENCE OF NOSES.

In Size and Shape, It Is Said, Is Shown the Wearer's Character.

Nasography reveals the character. Habits and inclinations of people by a simple inspection of noses. According to the system, the nose should be as long as possible, and this is a sign of merit, power and genius. Examples—Napoleon and Caesar, both of whom had large noses. A straight nose de- notes a just, serious and energetic mind, the Roman nose a propensity for adventure and a wide nose with open nostrils is a mark of great sensuality. A cleft nose shows benevolence. It was the nose of St. Vincent de Paul.

The curved fleshy nose is a mark of domination and cruelty. Catherine de Medici and Elizabeth of England had noses of this kind. The curved, thin nose, on the contrary, is a mark of a brilliant mind, but vain and disposed to be ironical. It is the nose of a dreamer, a poet or a critic. If the line of the nose is re-entrante—that is, if the nose is turned up—it denotes that its owner has a weak mind, sometimes coarse, and generally playful, pleasant and frolicsome. A pale nose denotes egotism, envy, heartlessness. The quick, passionate, sanguine man has a strongly colored nose of uniform shade. —London Tit-Bits.

A Great Military Feat.

Nonza, in Corsica, is very proud of the story of a great military feat per- formed there long ago. It is told in "Romantic Corsica," by George Ren- wick.

The French in 1768 had subjugated all the northern cape with the excep- tion of the tower of Nonza, which for a considerable time sustained a close siege. Attacking parties were driven back by a fierce fire, but at last the garrison agreed to surrender if allow- ed to march out with all the honors of war. This was conceded, and old Captain Cascella appeared, staggering under a load of muskets and pistols.

"Why is the garrison so long in com- ing out?" asked the French com- mander.

"It is here, sir," replied Cascella. "I am the garrison."

Needs No Lightning Rod.

A building 9,000 feet above sea level should be protected by lightning rods, one thinks, but the astronomical obser- vatory at Mount Etna has not and does not need such protection. The observatory is near the summit of the volcano, and the stream of vapor con- stantly rising from the crater acts as a natural conductor, draining the elec- tricity out of the clouds, so that light- ning is seldom seen there.

CENTREVILLE.

The roads in this part are in a poor condition, owing to the recent heavy snow storms.

A few from this part attended the auction sale at P. McLaughlin's, Forest Mills, on Monday.

Pte. Harold Fairbairn of the 146th, Tamworth, spent last Sunday with friends here.

Several farmers in this vicinity are preparing for sugar making.

Several of our citizen's and others in the surrounding district have been suffering from an attack of La grippe.

The teacher and pupils of No. 19, gave a grand concert in the school here on the afternoon of the 17th.

John Fairbairn is hauling wood to the cheese factory here, which is about to start operations for the sea- son.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class work- men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cline entertained to tea Thursday evening, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sils and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle and Eileen, and Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sils and Keith.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Dean, town, took dinner, Sunday, at Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mr. S. X. Dupree visited Tuesday at Mr. Nelson Russell's Empey Hill.

Mr. Frank Smith took dinner, Thursday, at Mr. Garfield Sils.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pringle and family visited Sunday at her father's, Mr. Jas. Brandon, Morven.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Turnbull at Mr. Z. Dean's, Monday evening.

Messrs. Arthur and Sperry Fraser, Morven, were guests at Mr. Frank Vandebogart's, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Russell and family, were guests, Sunday at Mr. Isaac Taylor's.

Mr. F. H. Card is home and is get- ting along nicely.

Mrs. Garfield Sils called at Mr. Walter Exley's Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Arthur Dean, Bethany, is spend- ing a few days at his father's, Mr. Z. Dean.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle and family took dinner, Sunday, at Mr. George Dupree's.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Miller and Ron- ald, and Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Sils visited Sunday at Mr. W. B. Sils.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Boyle, town, at Mr. Frank Vandebogart's, Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. I. R. Sils spent Tuesday at his daughter's, Mrs. Jas. Denison, Selby.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Pringle were guests, Tuesday, at Mr. Adam Fris- ken's, Selby.

Mrs. Garfield Sils called Saturday afternoon at Mr. Fred Knapp's, town.

Good for bread,
good for pastry,
good for you.

PURITY FLOUR

"More Bread and Better Bread"

GET NO HELP FROM OTTAWA

The Borden Government does not embrace the prohibition movement with the same careless rapture that it slaughters free wheat or boosts the tariff on the necessities of life. It not only refrains from mounting the band wagon but does nothing to roll the old chariot along. Its attitude seems to be "Let the provinces do their own noble work—the Shell Committee suits us better."

This attitude was very noticeable last week in the debate on Mr. Stevens' motion during which Premier Borden did not open his mouth, except to say, that the discussion would be on the general topic of prohibition and that, if the various "dry" resolutions on the order paper could not be consolidated, the vote would be on Mr. Stevens' motion which asks for nation-wide prohibition of the manufacture, sale and import of intoxicating liquor during the period of the war. Even after the vote is taken prohibition will not be much nearer legal enactment by the Government which takes the view that all Canada requires of parliament is a more or less vague expression of opinion. As opinions cost nothing this country may have as many as it likes. The only condition is that they do not entail legislation.

Rumor has it that R. B. Bennett, of Calgary, has the resolution up his sleeve which is the Borden Government's way out—namely that when all the provinces have enacted total prohibition they shall come to the Borden Government and ask it to second the motion which the Borden Government could then do because when there is no place in all Canada to sell the stuff then there will be no risk or hardship in preventing the manufacture and importation of an unsaleable commodity. Meanwhile so long as the provinces vary in degree as to the measures of prohibition they pass, the Borden Government will consider itself warranted in arguing that sentiment is not sufficiently crystallized and that the best policy is one of *laissez-faire*. This surmise, accurate or not, about represents the warmth the Borden Government feels toward a movement that would deprive it of twenty-five million dollars annual revenue which would have to be made up by other taxes.

At all events the Borden Government as a government remains studiously aloof from the prohibition

lie opinion behind them are party questions in the sense that they are put up to the party in power with whom it rests to meet them bravely or otherwise. This same question of nation-wide prohibition Sir Wilfrid Laurier's government met bravely enough by granting a Dominion plebiscite in 1898. At that time public opinion was not as strong for prohibition as it is now, not quite half the voters were anxious enough to cast ballots, the province of Quebec was overwhelming against the measure, and one way and another the Government could not find itself justified in passing a prohibition measure.

Since then the scene has changed and all the Borden Government had to do was to listen to the figures quoted by Mr. Stevens, one of its own supporters, to realize that the situation in regard to prohibition is much more exigent than it was eighteen years ago. Times, as the philosopher remarks, change and we change with them. For example Quebec is now three-quarters dry, under local option, and is as keen for it, thanks to the leadership of the clergy, as it once was against it. In short Quebec has moved bodily from the nineteenth century into the twentieth. Ontario—I quote Mr. Stevens' figures again—is two-thirds dry, New Brunswick is eighty per cent. dry, Nova Scotia is entirely dry, except Halifax, which it booked to surrender this year. Prince Edward Island is all dry and in addition entirely surrounded by water. Alberta will go dry next July, Saskatchewan has the dispensary system, Manitoba, already more than half dry, will have voted on total prohibition before this article sees print, and British Columbia will shortly have a plebiscite on prohibition, it being Premier Bowser's idea that if he can beguile the people with moral reform they may overlook the misdoings of the McBride Government.

These figures fortified by the example of Russia in abolishing vodka, France in cutting out absinthe, and Great Britain in lowering the percentage of alcohol in beer and curtailing the hours of sale, were Mr. Stevens' chief arguments. One might have thought that they would have tempted Sir George Foster to jump into the ring with a warm word or two in favor of his special hobby. Sir George has been a cold water man ever since he was old enough to think. Long before he was a statesman he was a temperance lecturer and lived at the altar of total abstinence. Soon after he became a Cabinet Minister some thirty-two years ago, he introduced a prohibition resolution to the House which

The Week In The Legislature

AGRICULTURE.

Mr. Nelson Parliament, the Liberal member for Prince Edward County and himself a farmer, gave as his contribution to the Budget Debate, a thoughtful and spirited plea for thoroughness and energy in the furtherance of the agricultural interests in the Province. He urged a system of rural credits, mobilization of farmers' securities, and greater co-operation between the departments of Agriculture and Education.

PROHIBITION.

The prohibition Bill was not introduced this week. A deputation from the liquor interests waited upon Premier Hearst but it is understood they received little encouragement. It is still the general belief that prohibition will be enacted by the Legislature itself at this session. Rumor says that a considerable number of private members on the Conservative side will not agree to the measure, but even if this should turn out to be correct, the Bill would carry easily on account of the support of the Liberals, which will accompany it.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The new Government House provided one of the chief excitements of the week. The Liberals continued their fight against the extravagance and undemocratic luxuriousness of the building, which with its site and furnishings will cost the province nearly one million and a quarter. The Opposition always does vote against expenditures on the new Government House every time they come up. On this occasion there were only fourteen Government members in the House and they found themselves in the minority. They had to speak against time until other members could be brought in from down town. Government members defending the expenditure on Government House, while the Opposition declared that they would continue their protest on every available occasion.

MR. ROWELL ON FINANCE.

Mr. Rowell pointed out by means of various statements and comparisons that if the Government in the years preceding the war had taken the advice of the Opposition and had been even moderately economical in the expenditure of public money, they now would be able to meet expenses in connection with patriotic war payments, without having to levy any extra tax on the people as they were forced to do at present.

WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE.

Once again the Government has voted down the Opposition proposal to grant the vote to the women of the Province. Mr. Hearst claimed that during the war was no time even to debate the question, but Mr. McDonald, mover of the Bill and Mr. Rowell and the other Liberal speakers, showed that there was no need for any discussion on the question if the Government would agree to it and thus let the Bill pass the House unanimously. In the Western provinces women have been granted the suffrage since the war began and without any dissension.

The speakers pointed out the won-

A SONG FOR CANADIAN AND OTHERS.

(Tune—"When the Roll
Up Yonder.")

When my King and Coun
and I'm wanted at the fr
When the shrapnel shell an
in the air ;
When the foe in fury char
we're sent to bear the bl
And the roll is called for
be there.

Chorus :—

When the Kaiser's lines ar
and his armies out of Fr
When the Belgian desolati
pair ;
When the final muster's
the bugle sounds "Adva
May the God of battles be
there.

When the Allies march thi
sia with the foe in full re
"That our hearts be kept fi
is our prayer ;
When the right of might is
a crushing last defeat,
And the roll is called in Be
there.

When for me "Last Post"
and I cross the silent for
I've a pilot who of "mine fi
beware ;
When "Reveille" sounds in
and the armies of the Lo
Sing the Hallelujah Chorus
there.

CANADIAN HOSPI BOMBED BY GE

LONDON, March 19.—N
were killed and 31 injured
of four German seaplanes
east coast of Kent to-day,
nounced officially to-nigh
ish airman brought down
over the sea, the German
ing killed.

According to a despatch
gate, where the Canada
was damaged, the two Ge
planes which carried out
that place, were attacked
a French machine before re
coast. The seaplanes, ho
rived over the town and
number of bombs, one of
led a man and four child
"So far as can be ascert
other Ramsgate casualties
woman and eight childre
wounded.

"KILLED FOUR CHILD

The first bomb dropped
gate fell squarely on a
killing the driver and setti
the gasoline tank. Pieces o
flew among children on the
Sunday school, killing fou
Other bombs hit a busines
barber shop and several re

One bomb fell thru the
hospital to a floor below,
was injured. The weather
and the attacking machine
high. A dozen bombs we
in Dover and four persons
there. One of the mistle
thru the roof of an orpha
ing extensive damage and
nun. The children in the
suffered no injury, having

have to be made up by over taxes.

At all events the Borden Government as a government remains studiously aloof from the prohibition movement, and, on the plea that it is not a party question allows Mr. Stevens of British Columbia, a private member, to introduce the resolution. This looks like chasing the devil round the stump, because all questions with an overwhelming pub-



NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE.

Effective Nov. 1st, 1915.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points. Connection at TRENTON for PICTON, 4.25 p.m.

For TRENTON and TORONTO: *2.50 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM, KINGSTON and intermediate stations: 6.05 a.m.

For BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PICTON and other intermediate points, 12.20 p.m., 4.25 p.m.

For BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 3.00 p.m.; *3.25 a.m.

For DESERONTO: *2.50 a.m., 10.30 a.m., 12.20 p.m., 4.25 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 3.00 p.m., *3.25 a.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11.40 a.m., 3.00 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11.40 a.m.

From DESERONTO: *3.25 a.m., 6.05 a.m., 11.40 a.m., 3.00 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: *2.50 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From TAMBORNE and intermediate stations: 10.30 a.m., 4.25 p.m.

From BROCKVILLE JUNCTION, SMITH FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4.25 p.m., *2.50 a.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

* Daily.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

stinence. Soon after he became a Cabinet Minister some thirty-two years ago, he introduced a prohibition resolution to the House which was carried by a round majority but got no further. Having justified his principles by this one attempt, and finding it bad form for Cabinet Ministers in a Conservative Government to monkey with cold water resolutions he let it go at that and never tried again. Privately he was as strong a reformer as ever, but officially he was not caught working at it. When the Liberals came back in 1896 Sir George experienced a recrudescence of feeling on the subject and spoke vigorously from time to time. But since the Conservatives were returned to power in 1911 and Sir George accepted the responsibilities of office under Premier Borden, he has eased off again. The theory among his testotal friends is that if Sir George isn't saying anything he is brooding deeply. If he saws any wood it isn't at home in Ottawa.

The truth is that when Sir George saw the prohibition movement heading toward Ottawa, he waved it back with a letter to Secretary Seybold in which he said that the money saved from the liquor traffic would be a great help to the Dominion Government. "If it could be collected and devoted to that purpose." There's artfulness for you. Who would have suspected such caution in a red-hot crusader?

At all events Sir George sat munched all through the debate on prohibition in the House of Commons and the only flight of eloquence he indulged in was the flight he took to Toronto to make an address on his beloved topic to a Massey Hall audience. This address, which was enthusiastically received, presented all the arguments, some of them classics, on the temperance platform, with which Sir George's name is identified. In it he put it straight to those fellows in Queen's Park to do their bit. Which of course, is another story. No man knows better than Sir George that, on this subject, there is a chasm of two hundred and fifty miles between Queen's Park and Parliament Hill. Perhaps chasm is not the right word—Sir George would probably call it a moat.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

women have been granted the suffrage since the war began and without any dissension.

The speakers pointed out the wonderful self-sacrificing services performed by the women of the Province in connection with the war and declared that now was the time to recognize these services by granting the vote.

NOTES.

Mr. Rowell urged the claims of the returned soldiers. As time went on their numbers would increase enormously and the problem of placing them in the most suitable positions would become a pressing one. Those who needed it should be given technical training for some occupation. Mr. Rowell asked Mr. Hearst if he had considered giving preference to returned soldiers in vacancies in the Civil Service. Mr. Hearst's reply was non-committal.

S. Ducharme, Liberal member for North Essex, gave one of the most eloquent speeches of the Session in urging the whole hearted co-operation in the war of all Canadians, whether of French or English descent.

THE BRITISH BOYS.

(Tune, Casey Jones)

The British boys do some good fighting.

The British boys are not afraid to die; The British boys are going to lick the Germans.

And they will lick the Germans high and dry.

The captain called his soldiers to the front of the Armouries' door. He formed them into line, as he had often done before; He marched them to the station and they took the train.

To the fields of battle, where the Germans are slain!

Chorus—

The British boys do some good fighting.

The British boys are not afraid to die! The British boys are going to lick the Germans.

And lick the Germans high and dry.

Out came the Germans with shot and shell.

Up jumped the British boys with a loud yell!

They shouldered their rifle; and gave to them the steel.

And left many Germans lying dead on the field.

Now in conclusion, let us raise our voice and sing,—

Three cheers for our country, three cheers for our king;

Three cheers for the allies, three cheers for the flag.

Three cheers for our heroes of whom we may be glad!

T. P. PEARSON,
Napanee, Ont.

Manifest Incompetence of German Crown Prince

The HAGUE, March 18.—According to reports current here in well-informed circles the German Crown Prince has been practically deposed from the command of the army corps to which he was formerly attached owing to his manifest incompetence.

In future he will be assigned to the nominal command of a German air corps.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

there. One of the missiles thru the roof of an orphaning extensive damage and nun. The children in the suffered no injury, having l to the cellar at the first a of the raiders dropped fo into the sea as he was Several aeroplanes started i

SPECTACULAR AIR F

At Deal bombs also were and some damage was done party. There were no csgu town had only a few minu ing of the approach of the

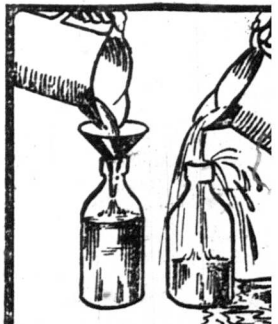
Most of the inhabitants to the street where they h celient view of a fight in tl tween the raiders and an l squadron which rose in put the aid of a telescope it wa to distinguish a great numl chines twisting and turning direction in their manoeuvr quickly to the required al combat the invaders.

At this strange Sunday entertainment proceeded, t regardless of danger flocked corners, open places and to front. One of the machines suddenly turned toward Dea across the town, its passa marked by the explosion of of bombs. The first three l at virtually the same mom upon half the crowd in places fled to shelter. L other bombs fell at intervals thirty seconds. Thankshin were held during the evenir the local churches.

Flight Commander Bo brought down one of the r sea, won his pilots license bourne in 1913.

RAMSGATE HOSPIT

The Canadian Hospital gate, which was damaged o afternoon during a raid b aircraft, was used entirely cases and was superintendec geon-General Jones of Nov who is also the medical di Canadian contingents. Pre the war it was a large ho principally by holidaymaker summer months, and at the of hostilities it was taker the military authorities. T practically composed of (and the building is splendi up to accomodate nearly ients.



Needless Wa

Of time and energy can be a by the use of our Classified Ads. Time and energy req good dollars in this age. Do r haust them in an aimless sea good help. Use our Want Ad the help will come to you.

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Robert Light

—Dealer in—

Lumber, Lath and Shingles

—Manufacturer of—

Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Verandah Columns,
Stair Work and all Interior Finish in
Hard and Soft Woods.

CUSTOM MACHINE WORK.

ROBT. LIGHT, Napanee, Ont.
Telephone 53.

OR CANADIAN SOLDIERS AND OTHERS.

"When the Roll is called
Up Yonder.")

King and Country call me
wanted at the front ;
shrapnel shell are bursting
in
foe in fury charges and
it to bear the blunt ;
It is called for service—I'll

Kaiser's lines are broken
armies out of France ;
Belgian desolation we re-
final muster's ordered and
s sounds "Advance,"
od of battles help me to be

Allies march through Prus-
the foe in full retreat,
hearts be kept from hatred"
ayer ;
right of might is ended in
ig last defeat,
It is called in Berlin—I'll be

me "Last Post" is sounded
ss the silent ford,
who of "mine fields" will

veille" sounds in Heaven
armies of the Lord
allelujah Chorus—I'll be

IAN HOSPITAL DED BY GERMANS

March 19.—Nine persons
d and 31 injured in a raid
German seaplanes over the
of Kent to-day, it was an-
officially to-night. A Brit-
n brought down one raider
ea, the German observer be-

g to a despatch from Rams-
are the Canadian hospital
aged, the two German seap-
search carried out a raid on
e, were attacked at sea by
machine before reaching the
seaplanes, however, ar-
the town and dropped a
bombs, one of which kil-
and four children.
as can be ascertained the
ngate casualties total one
d eight children slightly

ED FOUR CHILDREN.

st bomb dropped in Rams-
squarely on a motor car,
driver and setting fire to
ne tank. Pieces of the bomb
g children on their way to
school, killing four of them.
bs hit a business block, a
p and several residences.
b fell thru the gable of a
o a floor below, but no one
d. The weather was clear
tacking machines flew very
dozen bombs were dropped
d for persons were killed
s of the missiles crushed
roof of an orphanage, caus-
ive damage and injuring a
children in the institution
o injury, having been taken

-that's great!



You'll say it when you try
these made-to-measure clothes on be-
fore a mirror—when you search for
flaws you can't find—when you look for
wrinkles that aren't there.

The advantage of
having suits specially
tailored to measure is
shown by the well
dressed appearance of
men who wear the
clothes—they aren't
expensive.

We've an almost
countless number of
fine woollens for you to
choose from—every
one sparkingly orig-
inal and unordinary—
you'll find them to
your liking.

ART CLOTHES
COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

THE GRAHAM CO.

Napanee, Ont.

Sole Agents

FORESAW HIS DOWNFALL.

Napoleon Had Planned to Secure a
Home in This Country.

When Joseph Bonaparte left me, the
impression on my mind was that had
he not been Napoleon's brother he
would have passed for a very remark-
able man.

I had almost forgot to mention that
the conversation having incidentally
turned toward his chateau at Borden-
town he mentioned as the principal
reason for choosing that situation a
conversation with Napoleon, I think
immediately or not long after Napo-
leon's return from Russia. They were
alone together, and his brother, laying
a large map of the United States on a
table, said:

"Joseph, it is very probable that the
time is not distant when you and I will
be forced to seek an asylum in the
United States. Come, let us look out
the best spot."

"After a careful examination they
decided that the most desirable place
was somewhere between the Delaware
and Hudson in the state of New Jer-
sey. Napoleon was destined to a slow
and painful sacrifice, but Joseph found
refuge in the United States and was
governed in his selection of a home by
the recollection of the prophetic inter-
view with his brother."—From an Un-
published Manuscript of James K.
Paulding

BANANAS AS FOOD.

The Best Way to Serve Them is Baked
When Full Ripe.

Children under three years of age do
not chew their food thoroughly; they
bolt it. For this reason they should

SECOND WEEK IN THE LEGISLATURE

TEMPERANCE DEPUTATION.

What the Government promised the
deputation—a majority vote on the
proposed referendum.

What Mr. Rowell said about the
deputation: "I congratulate the Com-
mittee of 100 and the 35,000 workers,
on the magnificent results of their
efforts. I was also gratified at the
frank statement of the Premier that
when the vote is taken it will be on
the majority basis."

RE REFERENDUM NOW?

There seems to be a growing tenden-
cy in public opinion that there should
be no vote on the prohibition question
at present, but that the Legislature on
its own responsibility should enact
prohibition, followed by a referendum
at the close of the war as to whether
prohibition is to be continued or not.
This solution, for example, would
solve the difficulty about the soldiers'
votes.

The "World" (Con.) says, "If the
Government intends to enact a pro-
hibition measure it does not seem wise
that a campaign should be inaugurated
either for or against the principle.
He, (the Premier) would lose nothing
by taking the step he proposes as a
war measure without delay or the
agitation which will accompany a
referendum."

Toronto "Telegram" (Con.) also says,
"Every objection that can be urged
against a vote on Federal issues in
war time is applicable with multiplied
force and fervor to a provincial vote
in war time. If the Hearst Govern-
ment feels that Ontario has given the
meters of this Province a mandate to

BUDGET.

Provincial Treasurer McGARRY
estimates a surplus of \$271,000 on
current revenue and expenditure. Mr.
Bowman, financial critic of the Op-
position, on the other hand claims
that actual conditions of affairs shows
a deficit of \$2,200,000, not including
war expenditures.

Mr. Bowman also pointed out that
since 1904, under this Government,
the public debt of the Province had
increased more than four fold, from
\$11,000,000 to \$49,000,000. During
the last year the debt has increased by
\$9,000,000.

The Government announced that
the one mill war tax would be contin-
ued during the coming year, and they
will also levy a special tax on race
tracks and all places of amusement,
such as moving picture shows, thea-
tres, concert halls, skating rinks, base
ball parks and circuses. The tax on
these latter places will be one cent
on each admission. The total revenue
from this source is expected to be
\$450,000 for the year.

Forty-Five Thousand Horses with Canadians

Forty-five thousand horses are now
being used by the three Canadian
divisions now in northern France and
Flanders. A report received at the
Toronto recruiting depot at the Royal
Canadian Horse Artillery states that
the horses are divided into 15,000 for
each division. The horses are in use
for officers, horse and field artillery
and transport service.

More German Threats To Try To Force Peace

roof of an orphanage, causing damage and injuring a child in the institution, injury, having been taken at the first alarm. One dropped four bombs as he was departing. Planes started in pursuit.

FAUCILAR AIR FIGHT.

Four bombs also were dropped. Damage was done to property, but no casualties. The only a few minutes' warning of the approach of the aircraft. The inhabitants rushed in. It was where they had an experience of a fight in the air between raiders and an English air which rose in pursuit. With a telescope it was possible to see a great number of machines and turning in every direction in their manoeuvres to get the required altitude to attack the invaders.

At a strange Sunday afternoon, the people, of danger flocked to street corners and to the watchtowers of the machines in the air turned toward Deal and flew toward town, its passage being the explosion of a number of bombs. The first three bombs fell at the same moment where the crowd in the open field to shelter. Later three more fell at intervals of about one minute. Thanks to the services during the evening in all churches.

Commander Bone, who held one of the raiders at his pilot's license at East-1913.

MSCATE HOSPITAL.

Canadian Hospital at Ramsgate was damaged on Sunday during a raid by German planes. The hospital was used entirely for shock treatment and was superintended by Surgeon Jones of Nova Scotia. The medical director of the contingents. Previous to the raid it was a large hotel, used by holidaymakers in the months, and at the outbreak of the war it was taken over by military authorities. The staff is composed of Canadians, and the building is splendidly fitted to accommodate nearly 500 patients.

When Full Ripe.

Children under three years of age do not chew their food thoroughly; they bolt it. For this reason they should not have bananas to eat uncooked. Bananas are nutritious, but they are an indigestible food unless they are well masticated. They are more easily digested when cooked than when eaten raw.

The most digestible form of cooked banana is the baked one. This is prepared first by washing the fruit, then cutting a small piece from each end of the bananas (as when preparing a sweet potato for baking). Place the bananas to be baked on a tin plate or similar dish in a hot oven. When they feel tender after pricking with a fork they are well baked. Dark brown or brown stained bananas (not the bright yellow ones) are best for eating, either raw or baked.

After the fruit is baked it is placed on a platter and served as a meat. It is not, however, turned out of the skin. When ready to eat it split the skin and banana lengthwise of the fruit; season it with salt, pepper and a little butter.

In warm weather baked bananas may be used to take the place of meat at a meal.

"Pins and Needles."

After being for a long time in a constrained attitude a peculiar numbness and pricking are often felt in the arm, leg or foot. This is caused by some interruption to the circulation and can usually be removed by rubbing or exercise. The reason of the sensation, which is decidedly uncomfortable while it lasts, is that pressure for a certain length of time deadens the sensibility of a nerve. When this pressure is suddenly removed, as straightening out the leg after sitting with it doubled underneath the body, sensibility gradually returns to the nerve, and as each nerve fiber composing the trunk regains its normal condition of sensibility a pricking sensation is felt, and these successive prickings from the successive awakenings of the numerous fibers have not inaptly been called "pins and needles."

Why Wet Land Is Cold.

C. G. Hopkins, soil expert, says that five times as much heat is required to evaporate water from the surface of a soil as would be needed to raise the temperature of the same amount of water from the freezing to the boiling point, says Farm and Fireside. This explains why wet and poorly drained soils are cold.

Tile drainage removes the excess of water. Then the heat of the sun is able to make some headway in warming the soil. But if the soil is continually saturated with water the constant evaporation keeps the temperature down in spite of the sun's warmth.

When Your Eyes "Snap."

When you read in books and things that so-and-so's eyes "snapped" with excitement or anger you are not to suppose that his (or her) eyes made a snapping sound as they glanced about the room. We have it on no less an authority than the Journal of the American Medical Association that the eyes of man "can move accurately, noiselessly, with the greatest precision to any object in any part of the field of vision."

war time is applicable to a provincial vote in war time. If the Hearst Government feels that Ontario has given the rulers of this Province a mandate to accept the N. W. Rowell-Committee of One Hundred policy, let the Hearst Government legislate in fulfillment of that mandate and spare Ontario the affliction of a war time election on the license issue."

Mr. Rowell's views on the matter were expressed as follows: "I hope the Premier and his colleagues will see their way clear to provide in the bill that it shall go into effect at the earliest practicable date as a war measure, not to be repealed except by a majority vote of the electors after the war is over."

LIBERALS AND HYDRO.

Liberal enthusiasm for Hydro power and Hydro radials was shown in the debate on the resolution of Thomas Marshall, Liberal member for Lincoln, asking the Federal Government not to interfere with the proposed Hydro radials in the Niagara district. The Government accepted the principle of Mr. Marshall's resolution and by an amendment of their own drafting, forwarded a memorial to the Ottawa Government.

In addition to Mr. Marshall, Mr. Rowell, Mr. Carter, Mr. Munro, Mr. Clarke and other members of the Opposition, urged the necessity of extending and developing the Hydro system, especially now in Eastern Ontario.

NOTES.

HON. DR. PYNE HAS RETURNED FROM ENGLAND.

The Government refused to pass the resolution submitted by Samuel Carter, Liberal member for South Wellington, demanding the creation of non-partisan civil service commission and the purchasing of all supplies for the public service by tender in open competition.

More German Threats To Try To Force Peace

BERLIN, March 18.—(via London).—Germany's enemies, by not taking advantage of the announcement of Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg on Dec. 9, that Germany would consider peace proposals whenever her foes are willing to ask terms, have lost the day of grace. This is the conclusion to be drawn from a leading article in the semi-official Lokal Anzeiger, in which it is declared flatly the time has now come to carry out the chancellor's warning of December that if the enemies of this country did not ask for peace in a reasonable period they would have to pay more dearly for it.

Horrible War's End Is Already In Sight

PARIS, March 13.—"We have reached the decisive hour," said Alexandre Ribot, minister of finance, speaking in the chamber of deputies, last night on the financial and military situation. "We can save, without exaggeration, without illusion and without vain optimism, that we now see the end of this horrible war."

Mr. Ribot's utterance is taken to be of the utmost importance, as indicating official opinion with regard to result of the battle of Verdun. Whether peace is or is not appreciably nearer, it is unquestionable that the tension in France has relaxed, and that men's thoughts are turned to the rapid development of events favorable to her allies.

"Gipsy" Simon Smith, the noted evangelist, will hold a ten days mission in Trinity church, commencing Sunday, March 26th.



Needless Waste

Time and energy can be avoided by the use of our Classified Want Ads. Time and energy represent dollars in this age. Do not exert them in an aimless search for help. Use our Want Ads. and help will come to you.



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I.—FIRING MISS COHEN

[Copyright, The Frank A. Munsey Co.]

THERE'S no use talking, Abe," Morris Perlmutter declared to his partner, Abe Potash, as they sat in the sample room of their spacious cloak and suit establishment. "We got a system of bookkeeping that would disgrace a peanut stand. Here's a statement from the Hamsuckett Mills, and it shows a debit balance of \$1,150 what we owe them. Miss Cohen's figures is \$1,142."

"That's in our favor already," Abe replied. "The Hamsuckett people must be wrong, Mawruss."

"No, they ain't, Abe," Morris said. "It's Miss Cohen's mistake."

"Mistake!" Abe exclaimed. "When it's in our favor, Mawruss, it ain't no mistake!"

"It's a mistake anyhow, no matter in whose favor it is," said Morris. "Miss Cohen's footing was wrong. She gets careless every day."

"I'm surprised to hear you that you should talk that way, Mawruss," Abe rejoined. "Miss Cohen's been with us for five years, and we ain't lost nothing by her, neither. You know as well as I do, Mawruss, her uncle, Max Cohen, is a good customer of ours. Only last week he bought of us a big bill of goods, Mawruss."

"Just the same, Abe," Morris went on, "if we get a bright young man in there instead of Miss Cohen it would be a big improvement. We ought to get some one in there what can manage a double entry and can run a card index for our credits."

Abe puffed vigorously at his cigar. "I suppose, Mawruss, if we got a card index and we sell a crook a bill of goods," he commented, "and the crook busts up on us, Mawruss, that card index is going to stop him from sticking us—what? Well, Mawruss, if you want to put in a young feller and fire Miss Cohen go ahead—I'm satisfied."

As if to clinch the matter before his partner could retract this somewhat grudging consent, Morris Perlmutter stalked out of the sample room and made resolutely for the glass inclosed office, where Miss Cohen was busy writing in a ledger. She looked up as he entered, and surveyed him calmly with her large black eyes.

"Oh, Mr. Perlmutter!" she said when he came within earshot, "Uncle Max

his prospective customers.

He presented so brilliant a picture that Miss Cohen was drawn from her desk in the glass inclosed office toward the trio in the sample room as inevitably as the moth to the candle flame. She took up some cutting slips from a table by way of excuse for her intrusion, but the blush and smile with which she acknowledged Ike's rather perfunctory nod betrayed her. Abe was fingering the Hamsuckett swatches, but Miss Cohen's embarrassment did not escape Morris Perlmutter. He marked it with an inward start and immediately conceived a brilliant idea.

"Ike," he said when Abe had completed the giving of a small order and had left them alone together, "a young feller like you ought to get married."

Ike was noncommittal. "Sure, Mawruss," he replied. "Every young feller ought to get married."

"I'm glad you look at it so sensible, Ike," Morris went on. "Getting married right, Ike, has been the making of many a young feller. Where d'ye suppose Goldner & Plotkin would be today if they hadn't got married right? They'd be selling goods for somebody else, Ike. But Goldner, he married Bella Frazinsky, with a couple of thousand dollars maybe, and Plotkin, he goes to work and gets Garfunkel's sister. She was pretty old, Ike, but if she ain't got a fine complexion, Ike, she got a couple of thousand dollars, too, ain't it? Well, Plotkin, with his \$2,000, and Goldner, with his \$2,000, they start in together as new beginners. They gets the selling agency for the Hamsuckett people, and then they makes big money and buys them out. Today Goldner & Plotkin is rich men and all because they got married right."

Feinsilver listened with parted lips. "And now, Ike," Morris continued, the good seed sown, "we talked enough, ain't it? Come on to the office. I want to show you some little mistakes in the Hamsuckett statement."

He conducted Ike to the glass inclosed office, where Miss Cohen bent low over her ledger. The blush with which she had received Ike's greeting had not entirely disappeared, and, as she glanced up, her large black eyes looked like those of a frightened deer.

"Ah, Miss Cohen," Ike said, "ain't it a fine weather?"

A pleased smile spread itself over Morris's face.

"I think I hear the telephone in the sample room," he broke in hurriedly. "Excuse me for a moment."

When he returned, Ike and Miss



G. B. Becke

"Look out, that's all."

Ike Feinsilver, of the Hamsuckett mills, is going to marry Miss Cohen?"

"You guessed it right, Abe," Morris replied.

"And who fixed it up?" said Abe.

Morris slapped his chest proudly.

"I did," he replied.

Abe smoked on in silence.

"You done a smart piece of work, Mawruss, I must say," he admitted.

"Ike's a good feller, and Miss Cohen'll make him a good wife, even if she ain't a good bookkeeper. Also, we done a good turn to Max Cohen. I bet he's pleased. I wonder he ain't been around yet."

Hardly had the words issued from Mr. Potash's mouth, when the store door opened to admit a short, thick-set person and then closed again with a bang that threatened every pane of glass in the vicinity.

"Mr. Cohen," Abe cried, "what a pleasure this is! I congratulate you."

Mr. Cohen withdrew his hand from Abe's cordial grasp.

"You congratulate me, hey?" he said, with slow and ironic emphasis. "Mawruss Perlmutter also congratulates me—what?" He fixed the unhappy Morris with a terrible glare.

"Don't congratulate me," he went on. "Congratulate Ike Feinsilver and Beckie Cohen."

He gathered force as he proceeded. "Fools," he continued in a rapid crescendo. "Meddlers. You spill my blood. You ruin me. I'm a millionaire, you tell Feinsilver. I've got nothing to do with my money but that I should throw it away."

"Mister Cohen," Morris protested, "you'll make yourself sick."

"I'll make you sick," Cohen rejoined. "I'll make for you a blue eye too. Five thousand dollars I got to give her."

Abe whistled involuntarily.

"I should think \$2,000 would be plenty," he suggested.

Max Cohen turned on him with another glare.

KIDNEY DIS- WAS KILLING

Until He Used "Fruit-a-tives" The Great Kidney!

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 2

"About two years ago, I health in a very bad state. I were not doing their work a run down in condition. H 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I try them. Their action was the result all that could b

My Kidneys resumed th action after I had taken u dozen boxes and I regained vitality. Today, I am as we

B. A.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, tri At dealers or sent on recei by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ot

her a check for \$25, with blessing, and Morris shook comparative silence. He ha suffered much for that leave taking, and further th her a long and happy mar said nothing. As for Abe, dering of \$25, without hope temporarily exhausted his c emotion.

"Good luck to you, Miss said. "Hope we see you ag "Oh, sure!" Miss Cohen re fully. "You'll be at the r night?"

Abe nodded—they all i then, with a final handshake, Miss Cohen departed.

It must be confessed th ding reception that evening enjoyable occasion for all with the possible excepti Cohen. The wine flowed champagne at \$4 a quart Morris Perlmutter at on from the careful way in waiters disguised the lat napkin, it was really dom pagne of an inferior quali theless Abe Potash drank his share in a rather fut to get back in kind part of and a half dollars he had toward Miss Cohen's wedd to say nothing of the cost o gown.

Consequently on the mo the festivities he entered I business in no very pleasu mind. He found that Mo ready arrived.

"Well, Mawruss," he sa ing, "everything went off for Feinsilver. Max Cohen with a certified check for and me got rid of about c dred, counting the weddi and our wives. I, an hen got a husband and a glass, while me—I got a he Morris grunted.

"Did you put an 'ad.' in Mawruss?"

her large black eyes. "Oh, Mr. Perlmutter!" she said when he came within earshot, "Uncle Max was round to the house last night, and he wants you should duplicate them forty-twenty-tvos in his last order and ship at once."

Morris stopped short. This was something he had not foreseen, and all his



"When it's in our favor, Mawruss, it ain't no mistake!"

well formulated plans for the firing of Miss Cohen were shattered at once.

"Oh!" he said lamely. "Thank you, Miss Cohen. I'll make a memorandum of it."

He went over to the commercial agency book and scanned three or four pages with an unseeing eye. Then he repaired to the sample room, where Abe sat finishing his cigar.

"Well, Mawruss," said Abe, his face wreathed in a malicious grin, "you made a quick job of it."

Morris scowled.

"I ain't spoken to her yet," he grunted. "I got a little gumption, Abe—a little consideration and common sense. I don't throw out my dirty water until I get in clean."

Abe puffed slowly before replying.

"I seen some people, Mawruss," he said, "what sometimes throws out perfectly clean water and gets some dirty water in exchange, Mawruss." He threw away the stump of his cigar.

"Sometimes, Mawruss," he concluded solemnly, "they gets a good, big souce, Mawruss, where they least expects it."

II.

Ike Feinsilver, city salesman for the Hainsduckett mills—Goldner & Plotkin, proprietors—was obviously his own ideal of a well dressed man. His shirts and waistcoats represented a taste as original as it was not subdued, but it was in the selection of his neckties that he really excelled. Abe and Morris fairly blinked as they surveyed his latest acquisition in cravats when he entered the door of their store that afternoon, smiling a pleasant greeting at

sample room," he broke in hurriedly. "Excuse me for a moment."

When he returned, Ike and Miss Cohen were chatting gayly.

"What do you think of that?" Morris cried. "My Minnie just rang me up and says she got tickets for the theater tomorrow night—two tickets. We can't use 'em, because we're going to a wedding. Would you two young folks like to go, maybe?"

"Why, sure," Ike said. "Sure we would. Wouldn't we, Miss Cohen?"

Miss Cohen assented bashfully.

"Well, then," said Morris, "I'll get 'em for you—I mean I'll send 'em you by mail tonight, Ike."

Ike was profuse in his thanks; and then and there arranged to call for Miss Cohen at 7:30 sharp, the following evening.

"How about that mistake in the statement?" Ike asked.

"Some other time," said Morris walking with Ike toward the store door. Then he sank his voice to a confidential whisper. "That's a fine girl, Miss Cohen," he went on. "Comes of fine family too. She's Max Cohen's niece. You know Max Cohen. He's the Beacon Credit Outfitting company. He's a millionaire, Ike. If he's worth a cent he's worth a hundred thousand dollars."

Ike turned on him an awed yet searching look as they clasped hands again in parting.

"I give you my word, Ike, she's his favorite niece," Morris concluded, "and he ain't got no children of his own."

III.

The ensuing week was a busy one, but Miss Cohen and Feinsilver had been busiest of all, for in less than six days after their visit to the theater a solitary diamond ring sparkled on the third finger of the lady's left hand.

"Well, Mawruss," Abe said ten days later, "I suppose you fired Miss Cohen?"

"Me fire Miss Cohen," Morris exclaimed. "I'm surprised to hear got that you should talk that way, Abe. What for should I fire Miss Cohen?"

"Why, last week you said you was going to fire her, ain't it?"

"Last week," Morris replied, "was another day. If I ain't got no more sense than that I should go to a fine young lady like Miss Cohen and say, 'Miss Cohen, you're fired,' after she worked for us five years, and her uncle also a good customer, I should be sorry, Abe."

"Then, we're going to keep her, after all—what?" Abe said.

"No, we ain't going to keep her," said Morris. "We're going to lose her."

"Lose her! What d'ye mean?"

Morris smiled in a superior way.

"Abe," he said, "you ain't got no eyes in your head. Ain't you noticed that ring on Miss Cohen's left hand?"

Abe stared in astonishment.

"It's a beauty, Abe," Morris went on. "A bright young feller like Ike Feinsilver don't get stuck, no matter what he buys. He got it through Plotkin's cousin down on Maiden lane."

Abe sat down to ponder over the news.

"You mean," he said at length, "that

ty," he suggested.

Max Cohen turned on him with another glare.

"What!" he shrieked. "Am I a beggar? Should I give my niece a miserable \$2,000? Ain't I got no pride? I got to make it \$5,000." He paused while his imagination dwelt on the magnitude of this colossal sum. "Five thousand dollars," he shrieked again, "and business the way it is!"

Mr. Perlmutter laid a soothing palm on Cohen's shoulder.

"But, Mr. Cohen," he said, "what can we do? Why should you tell us all this?"

Mr. Cohen shook off Morris's caress.

"You're right," he said. "Why should I tell you all this? I didn't come here to tell you this. I come here to tell you something else. I come here to tell you to cancel all orders what I give you; also if you or your salesman come by my place ever again look out, that's all. The way I feel it now I'll murder you." He turned to leave. "And another thing," he concluded, "one thing, you can depend on it. So far what I can help it you don't sell one dollar's worth of goods to any of my friends never no more."

Again the door banged explosively, and Mr. Cohen was gone.

"That's what comes of not minding your own business," said Abe. "We lose a good customer and maybe several good customers. We lose a good bookkeeper, too, Mawruss; one what has been with us for five years, and also we are out a wedding present."

"I meant it good," Morris protested. "I done it for the best. It says in the Talmud, Abe, that we are commanded to promote marriages."

IV.

A month passed and Miss Cohen continued to apply herself to her daily task at Potash & Perlmutter's books.

"I don't understand it, Mawruss," Abe said one morning. "Why don't that girl quit her job? She must have all sorts of things to do—clothes to buy and furniture to pick out, ain't it?"

Perlmutter shrugged his shoulders.

"I spoke to her about it," he replied, "and she says so long as we're so busy here, she guesses she will stay on the job as long as she can. She says her mommer and her sister can do all the shopping for her."

"You see, Mawruss, what a mistake you make," Abe commented with a sigh. "That's a fine girl, that Miss Cohen!"

Morris nodded gloomily. He began to realize that he had made a mistake, after all. Only that morning Mrs. Perlmutter had demanded \$20 with which to make over her best frock for Miss Cohen's wedding.

"Sure, she's a fine girl," he agreed, "but you got to admit yourself, Abe, that a growing business like ours needs a hustling young man for a bookkeeper."

"That's all right, too, Mawruss," said Abe; "but you also got to admit that what a growing business like ours needs most of all, Mawruss, is customers, and so far what I see we don't gain any customers by this. Also, my wife has got to have a new dress for the wedding. She told me so this morning."

At length the wedding day arrived. Miss Cohen left Potash & Perlmutter's at 4 o'clock, for the ceremony was set for 7:30 in the evening. Her parting with her employers was an embarrassing one for all three. Abe handed

Morris grunted.

"Did you put an 'ad.' in Mawruss?"

"No, I ain't," Morris snapped. "Ain't you going to?"

"What for?" Morris growled. "Don't need no bookkeeper."

"Why not?" Abe cried.

Morris nodded in the direct office.

"Because we got one," he said.

Abe turned toward the little closure. He gasped in amazement nearly swallowed the stump of cigar, for at the old stand, in applying herself to the books & Perlmutter, sat Mrs. Isaac Feinsilver, nee Cohen.

A moment later the door of Isaac Feinsilver entered in clothed in a suit of zebra-He proceeded to the bookshelf and kissed the blushing girl he repaired to the sample room.

"Good morning, Mawruss," Abe said briskly. "A fine weather?" He thrust a swatch upon a sample to partners, Goldner & Plotkin—here he paused to note the putting out a fine line of spirit and I want to show you some.

Abe and Morris looked in line in dazed astonishment; they were really cognizant was going on Ike had booked order.

"That ain't so bad," he said. "honey-moon order."

Then he turned and stroked the bookkeeper's office. Once saluted the lips of his spouse, and a moment later walking rapidly down the street looked after him and expelled breath.

"You find it in the Talmud," he is commanded to promote ain't it, Mawruss?" he said. "thing's sure, Mawruss; you c cloak and suit business across the Talmud." There was a lence. "Did you ask her comes back, Mawruss?" he said.

Morris took the end of a pipe, black cigar with one vicious. "I didn't have to ask her, me," he said bitterly. "Smart girl can get a husband she says, but a good job is had and when you got one you sit to it."

Unusual Loquacity.

"Here this author begins. The wagon groaned as it crept hill."

"Now, that's strange."

"What's strange?"

"About the wagon's protest a tongue, but yet it was spoke."

The Venus of Milo

It is said that the base of of Milo, with the name of the upon it, was destroyed for the of deceiving a king of France belief that it was more ancient really was.

The sorrowful dislike the the gay the sorrowful.—Hor

SHILO
quickly stops coughs, cures colds
the throat and lungs.

EYE DISEASE KILLING HIM

Used "Fruit-a-lives" eat Kidney Remedy

LE, Ont., Aug. 26th, 1918.
Two years ago, I found my very bad state. My Kidneys being their work and I was all in condition. Having seen as advertised, I decided to try their action was mild, and all that could be expected. My eyes resumed their normal state. I had taken upwards of 100 and I regained my old-time body, I am as well as ever."
B. A. KELLY.
6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. sent on receipt of price Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

for \$25, with the firm's d Morris shook her hand in silence. He had done and much for that moment of and further than wishing and happy married life, he g. As for Abe, the squan- 25. without hope of return. exhausted his capacity for k to you, Miss Cohen," he e we see you again soon." "Miss Cohen replied cheer- u'll be at the wedding to-

led—they all nodded—and a final handshake all around. departed. he confessed that the wed- on that evening was a very occasion for all the guests, possible exception of Max e wine flowed like French at \$4 a quart, while, as tmuter at once deduced ar and way in which the gnuised the label with a was really domestic cham- inferior quality. Never- Potash drank more than n a rather futile attempt in kind part of the twelve dollars he had contributed s Cohen's wedding present, ing of the cost of his wife's

itly on the morning after les he entered his place of no very pleasant frame of found that Morris had al- ed. awruss," he said in greet- thing went off splendid- er. Max Cohen came down fied check for \$5,000, you rid of about over a hun- the wedding present res- d. s. and Miss Co- husband and a lot of cut me—I got a headache!" unt. put an 'ad.' in the papers,

WASHING THE EYES.

Also How to Shut Them to Keep Out Soapy Water.

It is a common thing to screw one's eyes up as tightly as possible when washing, in order that the soap shall not get into one's eyes. Many of us remember, especially when children are concerned, how much a strong soap smartens when the suds steal under the eyelids.

We should never get soap in our eyes if we closed them naturally, as in sleep. The eyelid is an absolute protection. Certainly no soapsuds can penetrate the membrane, and equally certainly the way in which the eyelashes cover the actual joint make it impervious. The eye, when closed in sleep, is light proof, a much greater test of being shut than the ability to shed soapy water.

On the other hand, when we screw up our eyes tightly, which is done by contracting the muscles of the eyebrow and the upper cheek, a number of creases are formed down which the soapsuds trickle, and the eye, which seems so tightly shut, is really more open to annoyance. The more tightly the eye is held, however, the more does the lower lid force up the protecting eyelashes of the upper lid and thus prevent the watershed that the naturally closed eye makes.

In modern city life, where there is so much dust, the eye should be washed every day. The trick of opening one's eyes under water, which every good swimmer knows, can be easily done in an eyeglass, or, for that matter, in an ordinary basin. To put the face down in clear cold water and open and shut the eyes once or twice not only will give a feeling of freshness, but for those who use their eyes a great deal it will be found a great preventer of eye strain.

In washing out the eye, however, it is necessary to be careful. Soapy water should never be used, as in most soaps there are chemicals of a drying and alkaline character, which are excessively injurious to the eye.

JUDGING A PLAY.

Frohman Didn't Agree With Tree That Barrie Had Gone Mad.

Frohman weighed a play by the idea in it, and he never produced a play, however arbitrary in story or characters—as, for example, "Peter Pan"—without being able to name specifically the elements of success he thought it possessed.

"Barrie has gone out of his mind, Frohman. I am sorry to say it, but you ought to know it, we are both so fond of him," said Sir Herbert Tree to Frohman one night. "He's just read me a play. He is going to read it to you, so I am warning you. I know I've not gone woozy in my mind, because I have tested myself since hearing the play, but Barrie must be mad. He has written four acts all about fairies, children and Indians, running through the most incoherent story you ever listened to, and what do you suppose—the last act is to be set on top of trees!"

But the following day Frohman heard "Peter Pan" and accepted it at once. Long afterward he gave these as his reasons: "First, it was written by



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature
of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

SIZES OF SARDINES.

The Big Fellows Are Eight and Even Ten Inches Long.

Sardines are found chiefly in the Atlantic ocean, forming great schools or banks extending from the coast of Ireland to the Canary islands. They are also found in considerable quantities in the Mediterranean, probably coming from the Atlantic, attracted by the higher temperature of the water. However, sardine fishing is of less importance on the Mediterranean shores of Spain than on the bay of Biscay and the gulf of Cadiz, where the principal factories for canning sardines are located.

The supposed difference between sardines found in various parts of the world has been much disputed, but repeated investigation has demonstrated that no generic difference exists, as the sardine is not a sedentary fish and inhabits the ocean at large, migrating from coast to coast in search of food and mild waters. This explains its appearance and disappearance, both dependent upon the movement of warm currents, and its particular abundance on the coast of Galicia. Near Finis-

earth's crust are said to contain substance from which gold is formed. Like animals and plants, gold must have water in order to thrive.

The gold in the water is deposited when it meets with the proper precipitant—an earth current of electricity, some vegetable growth or some chemical in the rocks.

It has been claimed that the nuggets found in placers are formed from the waters that percolate through the gravels and not from decomposed quartz, as generally supposed. Those who so contend cite the fact that in the center of nuggets a small grain of iron sand can often be found. This was the nucleus around which the current of electricity created or deposited gold from the substance in the waters, just as it is deposited in electro plating.—Popular Science Monthly.

And Suppose She Didn't.

A certain college president wore side whiskers. Whenever he suggested removing them there was a division of opinion in the family. One morning he entered his wife's dressing room, razor in hand, with his right cheek shaved smooth.

"me—I got a headache!"
 unted.
 put an 'ad.' in the papers.
 ut," Morris snapped.
 a going to?"
 r?" Morris growled. "We
 no bookkeeper."
 ?" Abe cried.
 added in the direction of the

we got one," he replied.
 ad toward the little glass in
 e gasped in amazement and
 flowed the stump of his ci-
 the old stand, industriously
 rself to the books of Potash
 er, sat Mrs. Isaac Feinsil-
 ben.

t later the door opened, and
 silver entered immaculately
 a suit of zebra-like design.
 led to the bookkeeper's of-
 sed the blushing bride; then
 to the sample room.

morning, Mawruss! Good
 be!" he said briskly. "Ain't
 uth?" He threw a bundle
 upon a sample table. "My
 oldner & Plotkin, and me"
 aused to note the effect—"is
 a fine line of spring goods,
 to show you some."

Morris looked over Ike's
 d astonishment, and before
 really cognizant of what
 on Ike had booked a gener-

it so bad," he said, "for a
 order."

turned and strode toward
 per's office. Once more he
 e lips of his assiduous
 l a moment later he was
 idly down the street. Abe
 r him and expelled a huge

it in the Talmud that we
 ed to promote marriages,
 wuss?" he said. "But one
 , Mawruss; you can't run a
 suit business according to
 l." There was a short si-
 id you ask her why she
 , Mawruss?" he said.

ok the end off a particularly
 with one vicious bite.
 have to ask her. She told
 id bitterly. "She says a
 an get a husband any day.
 it a good job is hard to find.
 ou got one you should stick

usual Loquacity.
 is author begins his story.
 groaned as it crept up the

it's strange."
 strange?"
 ie wagon's protest. It has
 but yet it was the wheel

he Venus of Milo.
 that the base of the Venus
 th the name of the sculptor
 s destroyed for the purpose
 g a king of France into the
 it was more ancient than it

owful dislike the gay, and
 sorrowful.—Horace.

WLOH
 coughs, cures colds, and heals
 lungs. :: :: 25 cents.

But the following day Frohman
 heard "Peter Pan" and accepted it at
 once. Long afterward he gave these as
 his reasons: "First, it was written by
 Barrie; next, it was unmistakably a
 fine novelty. The most emphatic play
 in any theatrical season, the one that
 is most likely to focus general public
 attention, is the most novel. You can
 estimate its novelty by the amount of
 fineness a play contains, for the com-
 mon in life, like the poor, is always
 with us and can never seem novel.
 Only the fine registers with the empha-
 sis of novelty. People go to the theater
 not to see life as it is, but as they wish
 it were. The theater's business is to
 present not life, but the illusion of life.
 Youth is the illusion of life, old age the
 delusion, and 'Peter Pan' is packed
 with youth; so I was for it."—John D.
 Williams in Century.

Home of the Chinchilla.

The chinchilla, a little animal the size
 of a squirrel, is met with only in the
 Andes of Bolivia, Ecuador, Peru and
 northern Chile and is never found un-
 der a height of 9,000 or 10,000 feet.
 The Indians are eager trappers and
 hunters of it for its fine fur. The skins
 are well seasoned with salt and made
 up into small packages for dispatch to
 the towns, whence they are shipped
 abroad.

No Pity There.

Undutiful boys may see themselves
 held up as before a mirror in the fol-
 lowing anecdote: A young Irish girl
 in giving testimony in a court of jus-
 tice, when asked some questions in
 reference to the prisoner, replied, "Ar-
 rah, sir, I'm sure he never made his
 mother smile." There is a biography
 of unkindness in that simple sentence.

Office and the Man.

"What do you think of this theory
 that the office should seek the man?"
 "Properly applied it is all right."
 "Yes?"
 "But it should not be made an excuse
 for sitting around waiting for a job to
 come to you."

Standard of the Bourbons.

The Bourbon standard was pure
 white. Henry IV., the first Bourbon
 king of France, adopted this plain
 white flag as the national emblem, but
 under Louis XV., about the middle of
 the Bourbon or white flag period, the
 minister of the marine ordered that
 "the ensigns are to be blue, powdered
 with yellow fleur-de-lis, with a large
 white cross in the middle." The flag
 of Charles VI. of the house of Valois
 represented three fleur-de-lis gold on a
 blue field.

Newton and Gravitation.

Sir Isaac Newton never attempted to
 tell the people of his day what gravi-
 tation was. His very frank statement
 was as follows: "I do not anywhere
 take it upon me to define the kind or
 manner of any action, the causes or
 physical reasons thereof or attribute
 forces in a true and physical sense to
 certain centers when I speak of them
 as attracting or endued with attrac-
 tive powers."

and the waters. The caprine ap-
 pearance and disappearance, both de-
 pendent upon the movement of warm
 currents, and its particular abundance
 on the coast of Galicia. Near Finis-
 terre, in close proximity to the gulf
 stream, the sardine is usually first
 seen.

The length of the sardine varies from
 four and three-quarters to eight inches
 and the weight from 0.84648 to 2.39836
 ounces. Sometimes a few are found
 measuring as much as eight and three-
 quarters inches long, but this is ex-
 tremely rare, and none exceed ten
 inches. The sardine is known by many
 names, according to locality and devel-
 opment. In Galicia those of nine centi-
 meters (3.54 inches) in length, weigh-
 ing less than 26.4555 pounds a thou-
 sand, are called "parrocha" and when
 six or six and one-quarter inches long
 "mediano" or "medianillo." They are
 really known as sardines only when
 they reach the size of from seven and
 one-quarter to seven and three-quar-
 ters inches in length, weighing from
 132.2773 to 154.3226 pounds a thousand.
 There is also a class of small sardines
 found in Cantabrian as well as Gal-
 ician waters, called "anchou." This
 variety does not exceed two and one-
 quarter to three inches and ordinarily
 weighs 0.17637 or 0.21164 ounce.

GOLD ACTUALLY GROWS.

In Certain Cases Nuggets Placed In
 Water Increase In Size.

It has been found gold nuggets un-
 der favorable conditions actually in-
 crease in size.

Gold is known to have grown on
 mine timbers which have long been
 immersed in mine water. In the Cal-
 ifornia state mining bureau museum
 there is a specimen of a piece of
 jointed cap and post taken from the
 Comstock lode, where it had been
 under water for years. Gold had formed
 in the joints and pores of the wood.
 Gold is constantly being formed in
 rocks and veins and placers. Just
 what it is that the baby gold forma-
 tion feeds on is not known. If it were
 a new and wonderfully lucrative in-
 dustry might be born.

As in the case of the animal or vege-
 table, existing gold has existed in
 some other state before assuming its
 present form. Waters which seep the

opinion in the family. One morning he
 entered his wife's dressing room, razor
 in hand, with his right cheek shaved
 smooth.

"How do you like it, my dear?" he
 asked. "If you think it looks well I
 will shave the other side too."

Teeth as War Weapons.

A New Zealand dentist has invented
 a set of teeth which can be used as a
 war weapon. "In a clinch with the en-
 emy," he writes, "the soldier could slip
 these out of his mouth and gouge the
 neck of his opponent or slice off his ear
 or his nose. I have used them on a
 pinch to scrape out a rabbit hole and
 as a light screwdriver."

The Corazzieri.

The most imposing regiment in the
 Italian army is the Corazzieri, or
 Royal Bodyguard, which for phys-
 ique of man and horse is the most
 magnificent corps of the kind in Eu-
 rope. No trooper in the Corazzieri
 is less than six feet one or two,
 whilst many are far taller, and their
 wonderful feats of horsemanship are
 known throughout Europe. Most of
 the men are comely of feature, as
 well as splendid of limb, and the
 large majority of them come from the
 peasantry.

Almanacs.

It is still contended by many au-
 thorities that the almanac of 1457
 was the first specimen of printing,
 and it has been variously credited to
 Gutenberg, Schaeffer, and Pfister of
 Bamberg. Dr. Faustus, celebrated in
 legend, whose strange story has been
 immortalized by Marlowe and Goethe,
 was the accredited author of alman-
 aces containing astrological signs (re-
 tained at the present day) and necro-
 mantic secrets.

Secret Chambers.

It is a curious thing how people
 surprise us. In our vanity we be-
 gin to think we know them to the
 uttermost, and then one day, possi-
 bly by accident, possibly in a mo-
 ment of emotion, a little secret door
 springs open in the smooth panel of
 their visible lives, and we see within
 a long, long corridor with other doors
 and passages opening away from it in
 every direction—the vast secret
 chambers of their lives.

The Reliable Match--- Match it with any other match and
 you will see that the quality of the
 DOMINION is unmatched.....



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.
 W. S. MORRIS, President. C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Scientific Farming

WATERMELON ANTHRACNOSE.

Troublesome Disease Preventable by Spraying With Bordeaux Mixture.
[Prepared by United States department of agriculture.]

Watermelon growers in various sections of the country frequently suffer loss from a disease which blights the foliage and spots the fruit. The leaves are covered with irregular dark, dead spots and may die before the melons are ripe. The trouble develops on the fruit in the form of water soaked and later sunken spots of varying size, which come to have a pink center made up of masses of the fungus spores. As the disease progresses the melons decay. This is anthracnose and is caused by a parasitic fungus related to those which produce the apple bitter rot and pod spot of bean. The fungus causing watermelon anthracnose attacks cucumbers, cantaloupes and squashes, but probably not,



EFFECT OF ANTHRACNOSE.

as a rule, any other cultivated crops. Warm and moist or rainy weather is especially favorable to the spread and development of anthracnose, and for this reason it was more prevalent than usual last season. The losses were particularly severe in some districts where melons are grown on a large scale for carload shipments.

The department of agriculture has found that the disease can be controlled by spraying with bordeaux mixture and trials of this treatment are recommended. The methods to be employed are substantially those in use for potatoes, cucumbers and other truck crops. The following points should be observed to insure success:

Use fresh homemade bordeaux mixture. In preparing it follow directions exactly, as much depends on the way the ingredients are combined. Use a good spray pump, operated at a pressure of 100 pounds or more. Spray thoroughly. The time of application depends on the weather and the de-

put copper sulphate or bordeaux mixture into tin or iron vessels. Use wood or copper containers. Mix the bordeaux as needed and apply at once. It is never so good after it has settled.

Every one who uses bordeaux mixture frequently and in quantity will find it convenient to keep concentrated stock solutions on hand, as these keep indefinitely if the water which evaporates is replaced.

Build an elevated platform to hold the barrels. Suspend fifty pounds of copper sulphate to dissolve in a fifty gallon barrel of water. Slake fifty pounds of lime in another barrel. Add water to make fifty gallons of lime milk. When bordeaux mixture is needed stir both stock barrels and take from each as many gallons as the formula calls for in pounds. Dilute the copper sulphate in one barrel and the lime milk in another, each with half the water, and let the two run together into the strainer of the spray tank.

Preparedness.

Preparedness is as important for the farmer as it is for the soldier. The farmer who wastes his leisure time and who fails to utilize rainy days and slack seasons to get his affairs in shape can never hope to catch up during the busy seasons.

AHEAD OF THE GAME.

When you break even on your beeves you are ahead of the game provided you save the manure, especially if you have kept hogs following the cattle. "Saving the manure" doesn't mean saving merely one-third or one-fourth. It means saving 70 per cent or more, liquid as well as solid. The problem of keeping live stock with profit is largely a matter of making use as silage, roughage or bedding of stuff that is wasted on the average farm. Weeds and weed seeds, usually counted worse than nothing, may be put on the right side of the ledger by means of a few sheep.

CONTROL INSECT PESTS.

Kansas State Agricultural College Gives Advice to Farmers.

The entomologists explain that most of the insects in the winter season are in a state in which they are readily accessible to control and that generally the best methods of control are conducive to better agriculture regardless of whether the insects are actually present. This is particularly true of means employed in exterminating the staple crop insects.

"The staple crop insects—the field crop pests—spend the winter in all stages," says James W. McCulloch, assistant in entomology in charge of staple crop insect investigation—"that is, one group of insects may live through the winter as adults, another may hibernate as larvae, and still another may exist in the egg stage."

The chinch bug, states Mr. McCol-

THE ANNUAL INVENTORY.

Every farmer should take an annual inventory. At the beginning of the year is the logical time. Instead of guessing at the profits of the past year, says the American Farmer, see how much new machinery, what equipment and new buildings were added during the year. A new automobile, a wheat drill, a washing machine, a tractor, a waste and fresh water system, a manure spreader, a lime grinder—any one or a number of these may have been purchased during the past year. Not only can one estimate and determine the profits of the past year, but he can also map out what is needed in the future, what implements and machinery will be required. The wise farmer is thinking already of the coming season and is taking an inventory as one of the first steps.

CHEESE YIELD HIGH.

Ontario Has Enjoyed a Record Year, Says G. G. Publow.

"Never before was so much cheese made in eastern Ontario as during the season just closed. Never before was it produced at so little cost. Never before were prices so high. Never have farmers, particularly dairy farmers, made so much money out of their herds. All this was due to a most unusual combination of circumstances—phenomenal production and high prices. At the beginning of the season a special appeal was made for the 'biggest ever' in production. The dairymen responded to the call, and Providence helped them out with one of the best seasons for pasture we have ever had."

The speaker was G. G. Publow, Chief Dairy Instructor for the eastern half of the Province, a man who has been identified with Canadian dairying from his youth up, and whose mammoth cheese at the Chicago World's Fair constituted one of the best advertisements the industry ever secured.

"Prices certainly were phenomenal," continued Mr. Publow. "An average of 15 1/2 cents for the full year, as compared with 13 1/2 cents the year before, a figure which in itself constituted a record up to that time. Just what these figures mean will be better understood when I say that I have known cheese to sell as low as six cents, and have seen the time when nine cents for the season was considered a fairly good average. Of course the extraordinary prices of the year just closed were due largely to the war, but for years past prices have been steadily advancing. Various causes account for this—the advance in foodstuffs generally, the increase in immigration, particularly from the United Kingdom, where cheese is a recognized article of diet; an increasing appreciation of the amount of nourishment in cheese by our own people.

"It was natural that the war should give a special boom to the cheese trade, because cheese is easily transported, it is less liable to injury during transit than is meat, and it compares well with the latter in food value. The Americans as well as

REAL PORTRAIT

A Beautiful Little Fro the Schoolgirl's Att



A PROUD COSTUM

This little gown, so simple in its outlines, is cut in blouse effect of bottle green with dropped shoulder edges are piped with a lining of the plaid taffeta with the skirt, a handsome plaid blue and bottle green. A sailor collar of the plaid only trimming, except the white lawn fastened with buttons.

Nature Study.

Animals that hunt are no eyed," but also have front with noses especially fitted tips and the openings front, where they can be bear upon the same spot concentrated attention in (up a delicate trace which trills could not perceive. along, his nose close to the bends his course to the right though tracing over soil chart by means of his nose. The dog is a natural hunter, if not supported by man hunter, so his nose is the tant part of his outfit, as other "front nostrils"—the

spray pump, operated at a pressure of 100 pounds or more. Spray thoroughly. The time of application depends on the weather and the development of the crop. The disease usually appears when the fruit is nearly grown. Watch carefully for the leaf spot and spray as soon as any appears. In any case, make an application two weeks before maturity and a second a week later.

Ingredients.—Copper sulphate, four pounds; quicklime, four pounds; water to make fifty gallons.

Prepare the copper sulphate by suspending it in a gunny sack just below the surface of several gallons of water in a clean barrel. When the sulphate is dissolved, which requires three or four hours, remove the sack and stir into the barrel enough additional water to make exactly twenty-five gallons of the copper solution.

Prepare the lime by slaking it slowly and thoroughly in a clean barrel, strain and add enough additional water to make exactly twenty-five gallons of lime milk. Stir thoroughly.

Pour the two ingredients together into another barrel or, better, directly into the spray tank, if it will hold fifty gallons. It is highly important to stir the mixture very thoroughly and to strain both ingredients before they are combined, as otherwise clogging of the spray nozzles might result. Use a copper or bronze wire strainer of eighteen meshes to the inch. Do not

winter as adults, another may hibernate as larvae, and still another may exist in the egg stage."

The chinch bug, states Mr. McCulloch, spends the winter as an adult in clump forming grass, such as blue stem and bunch grass. Burning grass is a good practice.

The corn ear worm winters as a pupa in its pupal cell from two to six inches below the surface of the ground. The "daxseed" or Hessian fly pupa may be found in early sown or volunteer wheat or in wheat stubble. They are under the sheaths of the wheat stock.

The grasshopper remains in the egg stage throughout the winter. The eggs are in capsules at a depth of from one-half to one inch below the surface of the ground along the roadside, in alfalfa fields and in almost any uncultivated land.

Corn bill bugs pass the winter as adults in the taproots of corn plants.

"In combating the Hessian fly the most important thing, and the one the experiment station has always placed stress upon, is the destruction of all volunteer wheat," says George A. Dean, professor of entomology. "Four things are emphasized: (1) the thorough preparation of the seed bed, (2) destruction of all volunteer wheat, (3) late sowing and (4) co-operation."

Barnyard Manure.

Barnyard manure has value on the farm aside from that as a fertilizer. It improves the physical conditions of the soil and makes it easier to handle. Its decay produces heat and its presence aids chemical and bacterial processes. Moreover, it absorbs and holds a large amount of water and helps to aerate the soil. The benefits of these indirect aids to plant growth are in some cases worth as much as the fertilizing power of the manure.

When it is added that barnyard manure is worth perhaps \$2.50 a ton and that each farm animal produces from five to seven tons per 1,000 pounds of live weight each year, it is easy to see that as a fertilizer the material should not be wasted.

The best practice is to haul the stuff directly from the barn to the fields. If this is done there is little loss through fermentation or leaching.

Marketing and Co-operation.

It is not enough to grow a good crop or even to grow a good crop at low cost. To make a big crop a business success it must be disposed of as efficiently as it is grown—must be so graded and packed as to meet market standards—and so marketed as to bring the farmer the highest current price. The farmer who is too suspicious to get together with his neighbors in order to do co-operatively what no one can do alone is sure to pay dearly for his incapacity for team work.

Double Wages Fail.

Prairie Farm and Home reports that even an offer of double wages is not sufficient to secure needed farm help in Saskatchewan.

Milk for Calves.

The calf should receive milk until it is six months old.

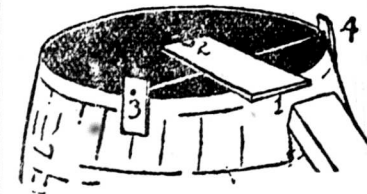
**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

transported, it is less liable to injury during transit than is meat, and it compares well with the latter in food value. The Americans as well as ourselves have profited by this boom. Their cheese export trade had practically ceased to exist before the war; during last season they exported between 600 and 800 thousand boxes.

A Rat and Mouse Trap.

Fill a barrel one-third full of water. Take a thin piece of board six or seven inches broad and long enough to reach halfway across the top of a barrel (1). A small wooden cleat is nailed upright on each side of the barrel (4). A spindle of metal is driven through the plank (3), and the ends or axles of this spindle turn in journals at the top of the cleats.

Fasten a bit of cheese securely on the end of the plank that reaches out to the centre of the barrel (2). The end of the plank which rests upon the rim of the barrel must be just a



little heavier than the baited end. This can be regulated easily by driving a nail or two in the end of the plank if it is not heavy enough to settle back in position after being tipped up.

Now lean a plank against the barrel, the top end resting even with or just under the end of board (1). This will enable to rodents to get up to the trap easily. They start out on the plank after the cheese. It tips down, and in a twinkling of an eye the animal plunges head first into the water and is drowned.

There is no escape; they go to their doom. The plank swings back and is ready for another victim. It is always set, always baited.—Successful Farming.

"Keep the Witch Out of the Churn."

Troubles arising from winter butter making are generally caused by the fact that the temperature is not right. Keep the cream at 52 degrees until two days before churning and then place where the temperature is about 75 degrees. During churning keep the cream at about 60 degrees. The water with which the small particles of butter are washed after the buttermilk is churned and taken off should be about the same temperature. Rinse two or three times with water, add salt and work just enough to work the salt well into the butter, are the directions to "keep the witch out of the churn."

Popping Corn.

These cold days it is so nice to pop corn in the kitchen, and let me tell you a nice way to do it. Take a granite dipper and put a spoonful of lard in it and place it over the flame until melted. Then put your corn into it and hold it by the handle so that you can shake it. If you are careful you can pop it in a few minutes without burning. You can use butter, but the lard is best.

We only see in a lifetime a dozen faces marked with the peace of a contented spirit.—Beecher.

hunter, so his nose is the most important part of his outfit, as is other "front nostrils"—the lion, mink, weasel, etc.

But the hunted are the trills," eaters of vegetation deer, rabbits, etc. These scented, too, but their interest in knowing what animals fore them than in detecting may be approaching, so the run around to the sides, you can read the message of a breeze and be warned of danger.—Farm Journal.

Sword of Damocles.

Did you ever hear the sword of Damocles? Darius never tired of saying how rich and powerful should be day, to show him just how I were, Dionysius, the tyrant, invited him to a banquet, with all the delicacies, son spread before him in the glorious way. Damocles was to be thus treated like royalty, about to eat the good things him when he happened to glance his head and there discover edged sword suspended by horsehair. Of course he immediately more interested in than in the delicacies of the so learned that it is better to and herbs in peace than the king's board with a sword head. But one does not have king to have worries on riches, and it is not the worst the world to be poor if one is

The Black Bear.

Did you ever see a black bear's hair different from the other bears? He is said to fond of honey and loves to the honeycomb and take out. Sometimes he finds the wild place for their honey in puts one arm around the tree the other reaches in and takes honey. The bees cover him but their stings cannot get his hair.

So Transparent!

The transparent hat has been welcome come that its popularity extended for more than the season run. This is also a transparent hem which has a vogue during the fall and while the transparent frock reveals the silken trousers he creation of this season. T scarfs, too, of white or fle tulle, so wrapped that they chin, are also receiving a great attention by this year's debut it will be understood that of a coat which reveals the neath and such a coat trim fur to add to the luxurious not be such a startling sounds on first hearing.

O'Brien Potatoes.

Boil potatoes with the sk tender, then cool and cut. Make a white sauce accordingly manner and add to it a of onion juice and a large of chopped green pepper over the potatoes and simmer.

In The Spring

Now is the time to bring to your aid Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery (in tablet or liquid form). This wonderful remedy helps to restore stomach to its natural health and strength and to secure proper flow of the digestive juices, a good appetite and full digestion of the food you eat. It invigorates the liver, regulates the bowels and purifies and enriches the blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is absolutely free from alcohol and injurious drugs. Its ingredients printed on wrapper. You can be certain it is a true blood-maker, tissue-builder, and a restorative nerve tonic and that it will produce no evil after-effect. Thousands—probably many of your neighbors—are willing to recommend the "Discovery" because it has made them stronger in body, brain, nerve. Buy it in liquid or tablets; or send Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., ten cents for trial package.

A MOTHER'S ADVICE.

Prince Rupert, B. C.—"I take great pleasure in announcing to you my heartfelt thanks for the benefit our boy Arthur, aged seven, has derived from your medicine 'Golden Medical Discovery.' He is a different boy altogether after taking five bottles. His tongue used to be coated and his stomach and bowels always out of order, but Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured him. We will recommend your medicine to whomever we can as we think there is none better."—Mrs. OTTO NELSON, 836 2d Ave.



L PORTRAITURE.

utiful Little Frock For
choolgirl's Afternoon.



A PROUD COSTUME.

e gown, so simple and grace-
outlines, is cut in a Russian
et of bottle green velvet,
ped shoulder seams. The
piped with a narrow band-
plaid taffeta which makes
a handsome plaid of navy
ottle green. A crush girde
collar of the plaid are the
ning, except the vestee of
fastened with tiny crochet

Nature Study.
that hunt are not only "front
also have front nostrils,
especially fitted by their flat
the openings squarely in
re they can be brought to
the same spot of ground in
ed attention in order to pick
ite trace which human nos-
not perceive. A dog trots
nose close to the ground, and
course to the right or left as
acing over some invisible
eans of his power of scent.
s a natural meat eater and
ported by man must be a
his nose is the most impor-
of his outfit, as it is of the
at nostrils"—the wolf, tiger,
weasel, etc.

The Saving Grace of Humor

There are just a few elemental things
in life that we all want. One of them
is surely success—that is, success in
some form—not necessarily financial,
perhaps, but in the realm that seems
important to us. And so we find it in-
teresting to recall what William J.
Locke wrote about success in one of
his novels.

"As for success, that elusive will-o'-
the-wisp," says Locke, "the man who
has never enjoyed the humor of failure
has never deserved success."

One is tempted to ask at once, "Why
the paradox?" But the person who has
failed now and then, and let it teach
him rather than discourage him, knows
full well the reason. It is the humor of
failure that Locke asks us to look for,
not the failure itself.

Know, then, just what this man
means by a sense of humor. We have
it from his own pen. It is worth read-
ing.

"Your sense of humor—that delicate
perception of proportion, that subri-
dent check on impulse, that touch of
the divine fellowship with human
frailty, is a thing of mellow growth. It
is a solvent, not an excitant. It does
not stimulate to sublime effort, but it
can cool raging passion. It can take
the salt from tears, the bitterness from
judgment, the keenness from despair."

It is, then, the ability to meet failure
and to profit by it, to have it touch us
and leave us with a sense of the rela-
tive value of things, which makes us
truly capable of carrying success when
it comes to us.

Without doubt one of the most ben-
eficial experiences in life is that of meet-
ing failure and knowing with a fine
sense of humor that you are not quite
as infallible as you thought you were.
It need not make one unnecessarily
meek, but it is a mighty wholesome
and helpful thing to be touched with a
little gentle humility once in awhile.

Some of the biggest things that peo-
ple have ever done in their lives have
been done on the rebound from just
such a half humorous recognition of
their own limitations. For it is not
well to go on indefinitely without a
sense of them. But the thing to do, of
course, is to see in such failure humor
of a passing thing, not the finality of
defeat.

SMALL ELEGANCE.

Her Sunday Go to Meeting Very Best
Coat.

Here is another variation of popular
glazed leather. White, yoked, belted
and trimmed with Hudson seal, this
coat makes an attractive spring gar-



Take a dose in time!

Don't let your system become lowered by
the attacks of a cough or cold. "Safety
First"—take a dose of Chamberlain's Cough
Remedy at once. It loosens the Cough so
that it soon disappears; it heals the soreness;
and lungs so they are unaffected by changes of temperature. Chamberlain's
contains no narcotics or harmful drugs. While it gives relief from the
first dose it may be safely used with the youngest. All druggists 25c. & 50c.



CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

SPRING IS HERE.

A Pretty Frock For Wear
When It's Summer Time.



FOR SOUTHLANDS.

White broadcloth and georgette crape
for sleeves and apron tunic, which is
embroidered in amber, give this youth-
ful result. The deep crush girde but-
toning so snugly makes a trim waist
line. Please notice how full the sleeves
are. The novelty straw hat banded
and streamered with amber velvet rib-
bon has a crisp bunch of blue flowers
on the left side.

HEALTH AND APPEARANCE.

How Much the Conditions of Our
Bodies Count in Conduct

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, March 20.—Fresh ru-
mors of peace led to a sudden bearish
reaction in the wheat market today
just before the close. Notwithstand-
ing that latest prices were heavy, the
finish with May at \$1.09 3-8 and July
at \$1.08 1-2, showed a net gain of
21-4c to 23-4c, largely the result of
bad crop conditions in Illinois and
other winter wheat states. Corn
gained 5-8c to 11-8c and oats 1-2c to
7-8c. In provisions the outcome was
unchanged at 121-2c higher.

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, fresh-	0 25	0 25
made, lb. squares,	0 21	0 21
Butter, creamery, solids,	0 21	0 21
Butter, separator, dairy,	0 21	0 21
Butter, creamery, cut sq.	0 21	0 21
Eggs, new-laid, doz.,	0 27	0 27
Cheese, per lb.,	0 18	0 18
Honey, extracted, lb.,	0 12 1/2	0 12 1/2

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

TORONTO, March 20.—The Board
of Trade official market quotations:
Manitoba Wheat (New Crop in Store,
Fort William.)

No. 1 northern, \$1.09.
No. 2 northern, \$1.06.
No. 3 northern, \$1.04.

Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William.)

No. 2 C.W., 42 3/4c.
No. 3 C.W., 40 3/4c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 40 3/4c.
No. 1 fed, 39 3/4c.

American Corn (Track, Toronto.)

No. 3 yellow, 79c.
Canadian Corn (Track, Toronto.)

Feed, 68c to 70c.

Ontario Oats (According to Freights Out-
side.)

No. 3 white, 42c to 43c.
Commercial, 41c to 42c.

Ontario Wheat (According to Freights
Outside.)

No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$1 to \$1.02.

No. 1 commercial, 97c to 99c.

No. 2 commercial, 95c to 97c.

No. 3 commercial, 92c to 94c.

Feed wheat, 85c to 88c.

Peas (According to Freights Outside.)

No. 2, \$1.50.

According to sample, \$1 to \$1.30.

Barley (According to Freights Outside.)

Malting barley, 61c to 63c.

Feed barley, 58c to 61c.

Buckwheat (According to Freights Out-
side.)

Nominal, 68c to 69c.

Rye (According to Freights Outside.)

No. 1 commercial, 55c to 56c.

Rejected, according to sample, 52c to
54c.

Manitoba Flour (Toronto.)

First patents, in jute bags, \$6.50.

Second patents, in jute bags, \$6.

Strong bakers', in jute bags, \$5.50.

Ontario Flour.

Winter, according to sample, \$4.05 to

\$4.20, track, Toronto, prompt shipment;

\$4.15 to \$4.20, bulk, seaboard, prompt
shipment.

Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal
Freights.)

Bran, per ton, \$24.

Shorts, per ton, \$25.

Middlings, per ton, \$26.

Good feed flour, per bag, \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Hay (Track, Toronto.)

No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18.

No. 2, per ton, \$14 to \$15.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, March 20.—May wheat
fluctuated 2 1/4c between high and low, sold
3c over Saturday's close, and closed 2 1/4c
higher for the day on the Winnipeg
wheat market today. July fluctuated
2 1/4c and closed 3c higher. Oats were up
1c, barley down 1/2c, and flax 1/4c to 3/4c
lower. Export business was fair. The

...natured man eager and supported by man must be a his nose is the most important of his outfit, as it is of the nostrils—the wolf, tiger, weasel, etc.

hunted are the "side nosers of vegetation, such as bits, etc. These are keen too, but their interest is less in what animals passed beneath in detecting those that approaching, so their nostrils lead to the sides, where they the message of each passing and be warned of coming danger.

Journal.

Sword of Damocles.

ever hear the story of the Damocles? Damocles was of saying how happy the powerful should be. So one day he just how happy they were, the tyrant of Syracuse led him to a wonderful banquet, all the delicacies of the season before him in the most luxurious. Damocles was happy to be treated like royalty and was at the good things set before him. He happened to glance above and there discovered a sharp sword suspended by a single hair.

Of course he became more interested in the sword than the delicacies of the season and that it is better to eat bread in peace than to sit at a banquet with a sword over one's head. One does not have to be a philosopher to understand that it is not the worst thing in the world to be poor if one is happy.

The Black Bear.

ever see a black bear with different from the covering of his fur? He is said to be very fond of honey and loves to reach into a beehive and take out the sweet. He finds the wild bees' hives for their honey in a tree. He climbs around the tree and with his claws reaches in and takes out the honey. He covers him all over, so the bees cannot get through his fur.

So Transparent!

transparent hat has been such a success that its popularity has increased for more than the usual one. This is also true of the hat which has had such a success during the fall and winter. The transparent frock that resembles trousers beneath is a success this season. Transparent, of white or flesh colored, wrapped that they cover the body also receiving a great deal of attention by this year's debutante. So understood that the advent which reveals the frock beneath such a coat trimmed with fur to the luxurious effect will catch a startling idea as it first hearing.

O'Brien Potatoes.

potatoes with the skins on till they are cool and cut into dice. Mix with sauce according to usual recipe and add to it a teaspoonful of oil and a large tablespoonful of green pepper. Pour over potatoes and simmer for five



SO MODISH.

ment for eight-year-olds. A white money cap gives just the right finish, and please observe how correct sister's white kid gloves are.

Gauntlet Gloves Worn.

Gauntlet gloves à la d'Artagnan are the latest craze in Paris. These gloves are made of white chamois leather and also in all the tan shades. They are worn with the most unexpected costumes, fragile frocks composed of chiffon, as well as practical suits in heavy whipcord. The gauntlets of these gloves are deep and supple. They are drawn up over the coat or dress sleeves, and they give a sporting, attractive appearance to the whole toilet.

Many of these gauntlet gloves are made of cotton tissue, which imitates suede very cleverly. Gloves made of this tissue are very inexpensive, and they are ideal because they are so easily cleaned. Doeskin is also much used in this connection. With rose pink sweater coats, gauntlet gloves in pale gray doeskin are charming. When long gloves are worn the favorite color of the moment is pale stone gray.

The Cost of Fame.

"Why do you work for money instead of fame?"

"I want to get the money first. My observation teaches me that fame is a most expensive luxury that the rich only can afford to live up to."

Preserving Pencil Drawing.

A pencil drawing can be preserved indefinitely against blurring if it is immersed in a bath of clear cold water, then in fresh milk.—Popular Science Monthly.

HEALTH AND APPEARANCE.

How Much the Conditions of Our Bodies Count in Conduct.

Health is inseparable from that good appearance we all like to make. The definition of "good appearance" may vary with the individual viewpoint, but on analysis health is the foundation of an enduring and attractive appearance and an engaging personality. Every little daily habit and every little thought that flits through the human brain helps make our appearance. No man has dignity, self control or real power unless his care of his body, his food, his reading and trend of thought are hygienic and fine. No woman is truly beautiful, with serenity and poise, unless she leads a healthful life that is free from enervating excitement. While youth is attractive in itself, nothing is more pitiable than children in unhygienic surroundings, living unwholesome lives. It does not take a large income and luxurious housing to follow the laws of health. Indeed, we find more violation of the laws under these circumstances than elsewhere.

Not long ago a woman said, "If I could afford to have a course of treatment in a beauty parlor I might do something for my appearance." She needed to be told that the daily bath, plain, nonpoisonous food, eight hours of sleep every night, a daily walk, sensible clothing and really good books would do more for her attractiveness than any beauty parlor could possibly do.

To have health means to live the daily life of work and play in a state of bodily ease, mental vigor and spiritual growth. We must consider health in this threefold aspect, for mere animal health is not desirable nor a fine mind in a stunted, pain racked body nor soulfulness that disregards the laws of the body and intellectual attainment. It is the all round person who is the telling, efficient force in the world, and the world greatly needs every human being developed to his greatest capacity.—Good Health.

Beware of a Jealous Husband.

The jealous man as a husband is not a success, for such a man can make life most uncomfortable. When you are first married it may seem clever to have a man jealously watching every move you make, but it soon ceases to be a pleasure when you see his eyes turn green at some commonplace remark you receive from a male friend. Some women think that where there is no jealousy there is no true love, but where there is confidence there is peace, and the green eyed monster does not abide long, even if he does make a fleeting visit. What bids for happiness is absolute trust, and the compliment of such trust goes far to keep a man straight. So avoid the jealous man, for he is likely to be exacting and petty in other ways.

Creamed Cabbage.

Soak a cabbage for half an hour in cold water, then trim it and cut it in eighths, and drop it into a saucepan of boiling salted water. Add a clove and a whole onion and cook until tender. Remove the onion, drain the cabbage and chop it fine. Put in a saucepan with a tablespoonful of butter and slowly add three tablespoonfuls of cream. Heat thoroughly, season with pepper and salt and serve.

WINNIPEG, March 20.—May wheat fluctuated 2½¢ between high and low, sold 3¢ over Saturday's close, and closed 2½¢ higher for the day on the Winnipeg wheat market today. July fluctuated 2½¢ and closed 3¢ higher. Oats were up 1¢, barley down ½¢, and flax ¼¢ to ½¢ lower. Export business was fair. The Dutch Government, which bought on Saturday, was again in the market this morning, the orders coming from New York houses, and being executed by some of the large brokerage firms here.

Cash demand was very good, but offerings were light, and there was a tendency to hold, particularly on the part of the farmers. A leading member of the exchange ventured the opinion that 50 per cent. of wheat in elevators in the country was the property of farmers.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	108½	110	108½	109½
July	109½	110½	109½	110½
Oats—				
May	42½	43½	42½	43½
Flax—				
May	206½			206½

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.

MONTREAL, March 20.—Private cable advices received were much more encouraging today and noted an advance in prices of 2s 6d per quarter, but there was no new business done. The tone of the market for winter wheat flour was weaker and prices declined 20c per barrel owing to the more liberal offerings and the somewhat limited demand. Spring wheat flour was quiet and steady.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, March 20.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 2,450 cattle, 463 hogs, 77 sheep and lambs, and 151 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers, \$8.15 to \$8.35; choice butchers' cattle, \$7.90 to \$8.15; good butchers, \$7.75 to \$8; medium butchers, \$7.40 to \$7.65; common butchers, \$6.55 to \$7; choice cows, \$6.75 to \$7; good cows, \$6.25 to \$6.50; medium cows, \$5.50 to \$5.75; common cows, \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters, \$4 to \$4.50; choice bulls, \$7 to \$7.25; good bulls, \$6.50 to \$6.75; common bulls, \$5.25 to \$5.75.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice feeders, 800 to 900 lbs., \$6.75 to \$7.10; good yearlings at \$6.30 to \$6.80; stockers, 700 to 800 lbs., at \$6.25 to \$6.60.

Milkers and Springers.

Choice milkers and springers at \$8.50 to \$9; good cows at \$6.50 to \$7.50; common cows at \$5 to \$6.

Veal Calves.

Choice, \$11 to \$12; good, \$10 to \$10.75; common, \$5.50 to \$7.50; heavy, fat calves, \$7 to \$8.50.

Sheep and Lambs.

Light sheep sold at \$8.50 to \$9.50; heavy sheep at \$7 to \$8; calves at \$6 to \$6.50; choice lambs at \$11.50 to \$13.85; cull lambs at \$9 to \$10; spring lambs, \$8 to \$12 each.

Hogs.

Selects, weighed off cars, \$10.85; \$10.25, fed and watered; \$9.90, f.o.b. cars. For heavy, fat, thin, light hogs, 50c per cwt. will be deducted; \$2.50 off for sows; \$4 off for stags from prices paid for selects; half of one per cent. off all hogs for inspection.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

MONTREAL, March 20.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, choice steers and heifers brought \$8 to \$8.25 and small picked lots as high as \$8.35 to \$8.50 per cwt. Canning cattle were scarce, there being few on the market.

The strength which has characterized the live hog situation for the past two or three weeks still continues to be the main feature of the market, and prices today scored another advance of 15c per cwt., which makes a net rise since this day two weeks ago of 65c to 70c. Selected lots brought \$11.25 to \$11.50, sows \$9.25 to \$9.50 and stags at \$5.62½ to \$5.75 per cwt. off cars.

Calves were in good supply and a weaker feeling prevailed, prices being 1c to 2c per lb. lower. Choice milk-fed calves sold at 8c to 8½c per lb. live weight and the lower grades at from \$2 to \$5 each.

Sheep and lambs were scarce and prices practically unchanged.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Receipts, 17,000; market weak. Reeves, \$7.50 to \$9.85; stockers and feeders, \$6 to \$8.25; cows and heifers, \$3.30 to \$8.70; calves, \$8 to \$10.25.

Hogs—Receipts, 53,000; market weak; light, \$9.10 to \$9.65; mixed, \$9.20 to \$9.65; heavy, \$9.20 to \$9.65; rough, \$9.20 to \$9.35; pigs, \$7.50 to \$8.60; bulk of sales, \$9.50 to \$9.60.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14,000; market strong; native, \$8.30 to \$9; lambs, native, \$9.50 to \$11.60.

The Market Meat Shop

The quality of the Meat you buy for your family in these times of high prices is an important consideration. We aim to supply the very best in all kinds of Meat, and at the lowest possible prices consistent with QUALITY.

Fresh Vegetables each week.
Home-Made Sausage.
Napanee Creamery Butter.

The Market Meat Shop

R. F. HOLLAND.

'Phone 121

"CHEVROLET" ---Four-Ninety

The Greatest Value ever offered
to the Public.

Price Complete \$675

F. O. B., Oshawa.

Regular equipment, Mohair tops, Electric Horn, Clear Vision Ventilating Wind Shield, Stewart Speedometer, Anameter and Licence Brackets. Two-unit "Auto Lite" starting and lighting system with Bendix drive, same type and grade as used on the highest priced cars.

C. A. WISEMAN,
NAPANEE.

Agent for County of Lennox, West Half of Camden, East Half of Tyendinaga and Deseronto.

NOTE—Owing to the great demand for this car we would suggest placing your order early to insure delivery.

DRIED FRUITS !

—RAISINS
—CURRANTS
—DATES
—FIGS
—PEACHES (Evaporated.)
—PRUNES

Highest Price Paid for Eggs.
Onions Wanted.

FRANK H. PERRY.
Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

Dr. Chase's Family Remedies for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

The report of the auditors on town finances will be found on page three. The time for the return of the tax collector's roll has been extended until April 3rd.

Be sure and hear "Gipsy" Smith preach and sing in Trinity Church on Sunday next.

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held in Grace Methodist church, on Tuesday, March 28th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. J. E. Madden selected a beautiful Upright Gerhard Heintzman piano at VanLaven Bros. show rooms for their new home on East Street.

In this issue of The Express the council is advertising for tenders for

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D., Pastor
9.30 a.m.—Class service. Leader, D. Davis.

10.30 a.m.—Morning worship. The 146th Batt. and the Methodists of the 80th will worship with us.

11.45 a.m.—The Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00 p.m.—Evening service. Subject, "Keeping Up With the Joneses." Bright and helpful song service 10 minutes to seven.

The pastor will preach both morning and evening.

Monday evening, 8 p.m.—The Young People's service.

Wednesday, 7.45 p.m.—General prayer and Praise Service.

Glad at the interest manifested in the "Win-One" movement, and at the splendid attendance at the prayer service.

Mr. John Fish has secured a position in Eaton's, Toronto, and will leave Napanee in a few days.

"Keeping up with the Joneses" will be the subject of the sermon in Grace Methodist church on Sunday evening next.

Dr. A. B. Earl, formerly of Lanark, has taken over office's of Dr. J. P. Campbell and will open same medical and surgically about 1st of April.

Congratulations are due to Mr. Geo. Evans, B.A., classical master at the Collegiate Institute, for having obtained his Master of Arts degree with first class honors.

The Relief Committee, of the town of Napanee for the Patriotic Fund, is composed of Messrs. G. F. Ruttan, Chairman; W. A. Grange, Secretary; J. N. Osborne, U. M. Wilson.

Michael Trians, aged 82 years, who formerly lived in Bath, but had been confined to the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, for the past week, suffering from exposure, died in that institution on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Helen Exley, widow of the late W. S. Exley, a well known and highly respected resident passed away suddenly on Saturday, at the old home in South Napanee, now the residence of her son, Mr. Geo. Exley. Deceased was eighty-two years of age and leaves three sons, James of New York, Walter and George of Napanee. The funeral took place on Tuesday at Trinity church and interment at Riverside.

TREAT YOUR SEED GRAIN.

Government tests show that 20 per cent. of grain crop is destroyed by smut, but if seed grain is properly treated with formalin grain will show no signs of smut—even very wet years. Formalin, full strength, as recommended by Agricultural Office, for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

P.S.—Ask for instructions and free pamphlets at Wallace's.

Died at Lemberg, Sask.

Word was received last week to the effect that Mina Sweet, wife of Henry Neely, Lemberg, Sask., had passed away. The deceased was well known in this district. She was a daughter of the late James Sweet, Selby. She is survived by her husband and five children, two daughters, Ethel and Lillian at home, Harry and Ward, of Govan and Lemberg respectively, and Lieut. M. J., serving with the British expeditionary forces at Saloniki. Mrs. E. M. Clark, Odessa; Mrs. G. M. Neely, Govan, Sask., and Mrs. F. W. Vallean, Kingston, are sisters.

How to Save

Has Your Old Suit Been Discarded

That Suit that you could not possibly wear again. Soiled linings, places; perhaps the of trousers and the end sleeves all frayed.

Bring it in or send it post.

Let Us Dry Clean and Make Repairs

No matter how old it is spotted and soiled bring it and let us tell you what we can do with it.

JAMES WALTER

Merchant Tailoring,

A Reason Why.

You should use VanLaven. Because it pleases more than any other coal. Try it and be pleased.

Farmers !

You need not haul your grain to station. Deliver it to storehouse and you will get best price for good grain.

Photographs.

Eugene Richardson, has photographic studio over Perry's grocery store and pleased to receive orders.

The New Grocery.

All kinds of fruits in season 20c, 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c lemons, 20c doz.; choice peck. All kinds of choice

G. W. F. phone 236. Next Door

Capt. Saunders.

Word reached Amherst Monday of the death of Capt. Saunders, a former Amherst Island, who for sailed on the great lakes, a known in this district. He will be brought home for burial.

Historical Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Amherst and Addington Historical Society will be held in Historical Hall evening, March 24th, at 8 o'clock. A. G. Doughty, Dominion of Ottawa, will deliver a paper "The Acadians." The meeting for the general public, the free and everyone will be welcome.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A. Services at St. Mary Church :

8.00—Holy Communion.
10.30—Morning Prayer.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.
Daily week-day services at 5 p.m.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENCES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENCES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENCES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.
We think we can please you.
TRY US.
Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

LENNOX HOTEL BARBER SHOP
Mr. F. S. Scott has purchased this shop and will be pleased to receive a share of your patronage.

ORDER FLOWERS AT WALLACE'S
We are agents for Dunlop's, Canada's greatest wedding and funeral floral designers. We assume all responsibility for prompt delivery, and guarantee easily 10 per cent. better value than elsewhere—leave your order at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



NEW SUITS
—AT—
\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

In this issue of The Express the council is advertising for tenders for town supplies for the year 1916. Look the adv. up, if you are interested.
Citizens are warned to beware of a patent medicine fakir, who is supposed to be advertising a remedy. He styles himself Dr. Ross. The Chief of Police would like to hear of him.

The overhauling of the band-room and furnishing the necessities for the accommodation of the members of the 146th Batt. quartered at Napanee, were completed at a cost of \$308.55.

Constables Bateson and Naylor, Kingston, were in Napanee on Monday and took two men named Judge and Evans to Kingston. These are the men who have been stealing poultry during the winter. More arrests are expected to follow.

Don't buy your talking machine until you hear the Victor, fitted with the new "Tungstone Stylus" (needle.) Will play about 200 records without changing and makes the unequalled Victor tone, sweeter and clearer than ever. Expected about 1st of April.

VANLUVEN BROS.
P.S.—Some horses, workers and drivers, for sale. 14-t-f

Corp. Frank Ford, of Napanee, in the trenches in France with the 21st Eastern Ontario Battalion, of the Canadian Overseas Expeditionary Forces, is fast making a name for himself as one of the "finest soldiers" to leave Canada's shore to help fight the battles of King and Country. Corp. Ford is mentioned as one of a party who on the night of March 10th, cut through the enemy's wire opposite a machine gun emplacement.

Mr. Douglas Stanbury, of Toronto, who so ably assisted the Trinity church choir at the Anniversary Services on Sunday last, possesses a voice of unusual richness and flexibility. His masterly ability was shown in the ease with which he handled his subject. From the broadest climax he had the happy faculty of gliding to the softness and finest pianissimo, which marks him as a truly great singer. It is not often that Napanee has been honored by such an usually gifted young artist.

Wallace's Drug Store sells—3 lbs. Livery Stable condition powders, 25c. 6 lbs. salts, 25c; 6 lbs. sulphur, 25c; 1 lb. new electric louse powder, 25c; Kovach health salts, 10c; 3 bars Baby's own soap, 25c; 3 bars Rexall toilet soap, 25; Rundell's Liniment, 75c; Rexall corn solvent, 25c; Howard's Emulsion (fresh every week) 25 and 50c. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S Limited, the leading Drug Store. Large jar opaline 10c; vaseline, 5c; Waterman's fountain pen ink, 10c.

Of all the pioneer work done in the interests of musical education in Canada, nothing has been more productive of good than the inauguration of the Toronto College of Music Examinations. These Examinations are now widely known and are eagerly sought by teachers and students in all parts of the Dominion. A system of Local Examinations has been established whereby those living at a distance from Toronto are afforded the same advantages as those in attendance at the College. These Examinations are held at Midsummer and at other times as may be arranged. The Musical Director of the College is Dr. F. H. Torrington, who is familiarly known as "The Father of Music in Canada".

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

E. M. Clark, Odessa; Mrs. G. M. Neely, Govan, Sask., and Mrs. F. W. Vallean, Kingston, are sisters.

THE CURLING RINK DESTROYED.
On Saturday morning about 5 o'clock fire was discovered in the waiting room at the Curling Rink, and though an alarm was at once turned in, the building was burning furiously before the firemen arrived and had the water turned on. Owing to the construction of the building it was dangerous for the firemen to enter the building and the fire had to be fought from the outside. In a short time large sections of the roof fell in and it was then an easy matter to quench the flames. About half the curling stones stored in the rink were lost by getting heated and the water splitting them. The building was owned by a syndicate of curlers and the land is owned by Mr. R. J. Wales. The building cost about \$1200, and was insured for \$500. The Napanee curlers are already discussing plans for a new rink.

Trinity Church Notes.
The Anniversary services were pronounced among the most successful in the history of the church. The church was filled to its utmost capacity at both services. Rev. Dr. Cleaver preached two very able and eloquent sermons. The Banquet given by the men on Monday evening was a splendid success, the dining hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion. Over 400 sat down to the well-laden tables and were splendidly served by a fine bunch of men of all ages. At the close of the supper a large audience listened with rapt attention for two hours to the marvellous story of "Jean Val Jean" by Rev. Dr. Cleaver. The doctor made a fine impression in his sermons and lecture and will be welcomed back at any time by the people of Napanee. Next Sunday "Gipsy" Simon Smith the noted Evangelist will begin a ten day's mission in Trinity Church. The public are cordially invited to these services. There will be a short song service Sunday before the regular evening service when well-known and popular hymns will be sung. Gipsy Smith will sing at all services.

THE BOYS IN KHAKI.
80th BATTALION.

A muster parade was held at the armouries on Thursday afternoon by Col. Ketcheson and the paymaster of the Batt. At this parade every man on the roll of the Company must be present and answer to his name.

Half of the officers and non-commissioned officers of C Co. are in Belleville this week taking the bayonet course. The other half of the officers go next week for the same instruction.

Capt. Nichol spent Sunday in Ottawa.

Four recruits were taken on by C Co. this week.

The Sergeants of C Co. entertained the officers of C Co. and the non-commissioned officers of the right half of the Battalion from Belleville to a smoker at the Hotel Lennox on Saturday evening.

Capt. Lockett returned from Kingston on Sunday.

Lieut. Bouchette is attached to C Co. during the absence of officers at Belleville.

Lieut. Winslow has purchased an "Indian" motorcycle and has already had some spills.

C Co. had a special performance of the war pictures at Wonderland on Thursday afternoon.

12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.
Daily week-day services at and 5 p.m.
Preacher next Wednesday p.m., Rev. B. F. Byers, M.A.
LOSSES IN SHIPPING LIV
Bruised cattle and hogs re waste in Ontario of more million dollars each year.
Farmers can help to reduce terially by dehorning all cat
The following rules are the Stock Yards to aid in this great annual unnecessary.
1. Farmers—use care in stock to loading Station.
2. Drivers—Use care in lo shipping point.
3. Don't beat animals with
4. See that there are no nai jections in cars.
5. Bear in mind that losses bruised animals find their w to the seller.

Dr. A. G. Doughty—To-Night's Lecture.
No man of letters in Canada is better or more favorably k world over than Dr. A. G. Doughty, the Dominion who is to lecture before the Society to-night. Not only official position has he "ma but in his works on Canadian outside of the collection of he has done great honor to Many books are to his cred perhaps his work on "The Sie bee" in five large volumes, especially mentioned. Who are ready to pay \$80 for a set (this is the last recorded pr must be valuable for their His contributions to the lates of Canada—"Canada and its ces" in twenty-one large volu among the very best of tl worthy publication. And the about all of Dr. Doughty's w fact that it is interesting to t tells history as a story. Na very fortunate in securing thi

The Red Cross S
An event of unusual inte place at our rooms Satur when afternoon tea was serv members of the Girls' Friends Misses Davy, Woods, Rob michael, Cottle, Stevens and nan. These pretty little gir charming in their white frocks with paddy-green sa ribbons, in honor of good old rick, and served the daintiest ments to all. We are most to these young workers for ti \$18.57 handed over to our Tre
We acknowledge with th following donations to be a the Ambulance Fund:—Scho No. 6, and the Dramatic Clu ley \$25.00; Enterprise R Workers \$25.00; Enterprise \$5.00. We are grateful to M pour, Napanee, and Miss A for generous donations of mo
Acknowledgment has been from Headquarters of the l ment sent them.
Our room will be open al urday—in the afternoon tea served. We hope for a good ance.

How to Save

Your Old Suit n Discarded P

Suit that you thought would not possibly wear soiled linings, worn in perhaps the bottoms and the ends of the old frayed.

it in or send by parcel

Us Dry Clean it Make Repairs.

utter how old it is or how and soiled bring it here as tell you what can be th it.

MES WALTERS,

Tailoring, Napanee.

Vhy.

ould use VanLuven's coal. pleases more people than coal. Try it and you will

not haul your grain to the Deliver it to VanLuven's and you will get the higher good grain.

Richardson, has opened a studio over Frank Peery store and will receive orders. 29-t-f

ccery.

offruits in season: oranges 40c and 50c a doz.; good c doz.; choice apples 35c a inds of choice groceries.

G. W. BOYES.

Next Dominion Bank.

ers.

ched Amherst Island on the death at Buffalo of ders, a former resident of land, who for many years e great lakes, and was well th this district. His remains ght home for burial.

meeting.

ar meeting of the Lennox ton Historical Society will historical Hall on Friday arch 24th, at 8 o'clock. Dr. hty, Dominion Archivist will deliver a lecture on ans." The meeting is open ral public, the entrance ryone will be welcome.

MAGDALENE CHURCH

H. Coleman, M.A., Vicar at S. Mary Magdalene

Communion.

ning Prayer.

lay School.

ing Prayer.

-day services at 8.30 a.m.

next Wednesday at 7.30

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.

Evangelistic services.

"Gipsy" Simon Smith, the noted evangelist, will preach morning and evening, and will sing at both services.

He will speak each evening during the week, with the exception of Saturday evening.

9.45—A general Fellowship Meeting. Let all the members be present.

11.45 a.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

There will be a short song service before the evening service.

Each member of the congregation will be provided with a sheet of popular hymns.

Everybody will receive a cordial welcome to these services.

PERSONALS

Miss Bessie Sherwood is here from New York, visiting Miss Edna Ashley.

Mr. Geo. C. Joyce spent last week in Brockville.

Mr. and Mrs. Brisco, Toronto, spent a few days in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Jewell spent a few days this week in Toronto.

Miss Elizabeth Woodcock has returned to Ithica, N. Y., after visiting her parents for a couple of weeks.

Miss Marguerite Bartlett was home from Kingston for a couple of days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Carson, of Port Dover are visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Curran.

The many friends of Mrs. H. A. McCarthy, Yaiker, will be sorry to learn that she is again a patient in the Kingsson General Hospital. It is but three weeks since she came out of the hospital.

Mr. J. F. Vankoughnet is spending a short time in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Raymond Farley, of North Bay, spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Nesbitt, en route to Kingston, where they will reside in future.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sexsmith left this week to take up their residence in Western Canada.

Miss Gertrude E. Metzler, Albert College, Belleville, spent Sunday last with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Metzler.

Miss Carolene Perry, of Victoria University, Toronto, spent last Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Perry.

Mr. Douglas Stanbury, of Toronto, who delighted the people of Trinity Church on Sunday with his choice vocal selections, was the guest of Miss Pearl A. Nesbitt, while in town.

"Gipsy" Simon Smith, of Toronto, who will conduct a series of meetings in Trinity Church, will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. M. Graham, during his sojourn in Napanee.

BIRTHS.

GARRISON—In Colebrook, on Thursday, March 16th, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Garrison, a daughter (Dorothy Stephenson).

MARRIAGES.

HOSEY—SMITH—A quiet wedding took place at the Grace Methodist Parsonage, on Saturday evening last.

FARMERS' PATRIOTIC SERVICE

The following letter from the Minister of Agriculture explains itself. Mr. G. B. Curran, the agent of the Department in Napanee, is prepared to act as intermediary taking the names of those who will volunteer for service and also of the farmers who desire help of the nature outlined in the letter. The following is the letter:—

Toronto, March 6th, 1916.

Dear Sir:—

I am taking the liberty of inviting the co-operation of Mayors and Reeves of the cities, towns and villages of the Province in an effort to meet the deficiency in regard to farm labour with which the Province is faced at the present time.

Production from the soil this year is more important than ever before, both from the national and individual standpoint. The call for men for active service has been responded to by large numbers of those who have been employed on the land in the past, both farmers' sons and hired help. The prospects are that there will be further enlistments of this nature, and naturally it should be the object of every patriotic citizen to encourage the enlistment of all who can possibly be spared. Second only in importance to the supply of men for the trenches is the supply of natural products to strengthen the sinews of the nation.

There are residing in practically every city, town and village in the Province a number of men who are not fully employed, including many who have retired from farms, but who still enjoy health and vigour which would enable them to render excellent service at the present time. I have thought that you could render valuable assistance by bringing to the attention of such of these as may be resident in your municipality the urgent need which there will be during the coming season for their aid and their experience. It seems to me that they have an opportunity of rendering a service in accordance with their strength and position which is of the very highest patriotic importance, and it needs only to be brought to their attention to enlist their aid. I would suggest, therefore, that you would be justified in adopting such plans as may occur to you by means of publicity, meetings, or otherwise, to bring this prominently to the attention of the community.

As for arrangements for employment, I think there would be no difficulty, as in many cases they would be able to find congenial employment with relatives or neighbors in the old districts in which they lived. I may say, however, that the local Branches of this Department, one of which is possibly in your County, if not in your town, will be glad to act as an intermediary, taking the names of those who will volunteer for service and also of farmers who desire help of this nature. The office of the Director of Colonization, Parliament Buildings, is also ready to render assistance in connection with the placing of men who may not have other plans.

Bespeaking therefore your hearty co-operation in this matter,

I remain,

Yours very truly,

JAS. S. DUFF.

Minister of Agriculture.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

A 25c bottle of Colorite will make

Wall Paper!

Our new samples for 1916 are here. It will pay you to inspect them and place your orders early even if you do not require the Paper at once. Prices are increasing all the time.

At present we are offering Wall Paper at CITY PRICES.

Gurney - Oxford Store.
J. G. FENNELL.



SPECIAL

Women's Patent and Gents' Metal and Dongola Bluchers. Regular price \$3.50 and \$4.00. SPECIAL \$2.95

WEISS BROS.

Largest Shoe Dealers
NAPANEE and TRENTON.

FRESH MINED
FINEST QUALITY
FREE BURNING
COAL

CHAS. STEVENS,

Office opposite Campbell House,
Yard foot of West Street.

Trees ! Trees ! Trees !

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Small Fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in the Nursery line. Send list of your wants for prices. Catalogue free.

Monday School.
 ming Prayer.
 ek-day services at 8.30 a.m.
 next Wednesday, at 7.30
 B. F. Byers, M.A.

N. SHIPPING LIVE STOCK
 cattle and hogs result in a
 Ontario of more than a
 llars each year.
 can help to reduce this ma.
 dehorning all cattle.
 owing rules are issued by
 Yards to aid in reducing
 annual unnecessary loss.
 s—use care in delivering
 ading Station.
 —use care in loading at
 oint.
 eat animals with sticks.
 t there are no nails or pro-
 cars.
 n mind that losses through
 imals find their way back
 er.

oughy—To-Night's Historical
 of letters in Canada to-day
 more favorably known the
 r than Dr. Arthur G.
 the Dominion Archivist.
 ecture before the Historical
 -night. Not only in his
 ition has he "made good,"
 works on Canadian history.
 the collection of material.
 e great honor to Canada.
 cs are to his credit. Per-
 on "The Siege of Que-
 2 large volumes, should be
 mentioned. When people
 to pay \$80 for a set of books
 (last recorded price) they
 aluable for their contents.
 outions to the latest history
 —"Canada and its Provin-
 -nty-one large volumes—are
 very best of that note-
 lication. And the fine thing
 f Dr. Doughty's work is the
 is interesting to read. He
 y as a story. Napanee is
 nate in securing this lecture.

ed Cross Society
 t of unusual interest took
 our rooms Saturday last.
 noon tea was served by the
 f the Girls' Friendship Club.
 vy, Woods, Roblin, Car-
 otte, Stevens and McLen-
 e pretty little girls looked
 in their white summer
 h paddy-green sashes and
 honor of good old St. Pat-
 served the daintiest refresh-
 ll. We are most grateful
 ung workers for the sum of
 led over to our Treasurer.
 owledge with thanks the
 onations to be applied on
 ance Fund.—School Section
 the Dramatic Club of Haws-
); Enterprise Red Cross
 \$25.00; Enterprise School
 are grateful to Mrs. Trum-
 anee, and Miss McLauren
 s donations of money.
 edgment has been received
 quarters of the last ship-
 them.
 i will be open all day Sat-
 the afternoon tea will be
 e hope for a good attende

MARRIAGES.

HOSEY—SMITH—A quiet wedding
 took place at the Grace Methodist
 Parsonage, on Saturday evening last,
 March 18th, 1916, when Fred Scott
 Hosey, of Napanee, was united to
 Mrs. Paul Smith, late of Auburn, N.Y.
 The ceremony was performed by the
 Rev. Chas. E. Cragg, B.D. Mr. and
 Mrs. Hosey will reside in Napanee.
PERRY—MATTHEWS—At the Grace
 Methodist Parsonage, on Saturday,
 March 18th, 1916, by Rev. Chas. E.
 Cragg, Ernest Jesse Perry, late of
 Lakelong, England, now of Richmond,
 and Ella Matthews, daughter of John
 Matthews, of Richmond, were united
 in marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Perry will
 reside in Richmond.
PLUMLEY—SAGAR—At St. Mark's
 rectory, Deseronto, by Rev. C. E. S.
 Radcliffe, on Wednesday, March 15th,
 Charles H. Plumley, to Is-bell Sagar.

DEATHS

EXLEY—At North Fredericksburg,
 on Saturday, March 18th, 1916, Helen
 Exley, widow of the late Walter Ex-
 lsy, aged 82 years, 8 months, 6 day s.
JOHNSTON—At Napanee, on Mon-
 day, March 20th, 1916, M. E. Johnston,
 beloved wife of Thos. Johnston, aged
 68 years, 8 months.
SPEARING—At Conway, on March
 15th, John Burton Spearing, aged two
 months and twenty-two days.
WAGAR—At Napanee, on Sunday,
 March 19th, 1916, Sarah E. Wagar,
 widow of the late John Wagar, aged
 62 years, 9 months, 8 days.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.



A splendid box of hospital supplies
 was sent off last week to the Secours
 National, and another is partially
 packed; we also have one of clothing
 under way, and would appeal for more
 of the latter, either men's women's
 children's or infants apparel in good
 condition; or money to send for pur-
 chase of the same, as \$3.00 will buy an
 infants outfit.
 The idea of chain-tears was brought
 to our notice several weeks ago, by a
 member just returned from Toronto,
 where they were then being inaugu-
 rated.
 These tears are now progressing
 among the Daughters of the Empire
 and their Committee, and it is hoped
 all our members will take part in
 them, as it is a very easy, and at the
 same time, in-expensive way, of rais-
 ing money for our work; as constant
 and most urgent appeals are being
 made upon our resources.
 Our work-room is open every Thurs-
 day and Saturday afternoon until 5.30
 o'clock, when we are glad to welcome
 all visitors and helpers.
TREAT YOUR SEED GRAIN.
 The loss of grain yield from smut
 on one acre of land will pay for
 Formalin treatment of all your seed
 grain. Ask for instructions and free
 circular at WALLACE'S Drug Store
 Limited.

Minister of Agriculture.

OLD HATS MADE NEW.

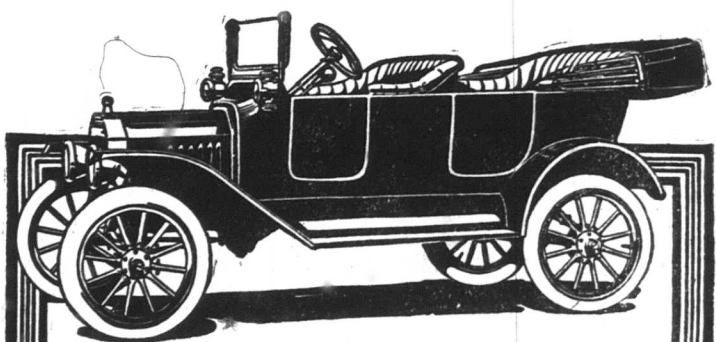
A 25c bottle of Colorite will make
 your last year's straw hat like new.
 WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited, are
 agents.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile
 from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., al-
 so chimney brick—Nap-
 anee Brick Yard.

All kinds of Fruit and Ornamental
 Trees, Small Fruits, Evergreens, Roses,
 Shrubs, Climbers, etc. Everything in
 the Nursery line. Send list of your
 wants for prices. Catalogue free.
Agents wanted Everywhere
 Apply for terms
J. H. WISNER, Nurseyman,
 49-6in PORT ELGIN, Ontario

Nickle plated ware, brass goods
 electric lamps, fire place fenders
 and bread boards at BOYLE & SON'S



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$530

If you stayed indoors all winter—you
 might not need your Ford 'till "new
 grass" time. But in the wide "out-of-
 doors" the Ford serves as well in
 January as in June. It's the all-year-
 round car with a reputation for service
 and economy that isn't affected by the
 seasons.

The Runabout is now \$480; the Town Car \$780;
 f. o. b. Ford, Ontario. All cars completely equip-
 ped, including electric headlights. Equipment
 does not include speedometer. Get particulars
 from W. J. NORMILE, Dealer, Napanee, Ont.



RAW FURS

We will pay the PRICES quoted below for PRIME SKINS

	No. 1, Ex. Large	No. 1, Large	No. 1, Medium
MINK	\$5.00	\$4.00	\$3.00
RACCOON	2.50	2.00	1.50
FOX	7.00	6.50	6.00
SKUNK	1.75	1.50	1.25
WEASELS	1.00	.75	.50
MUSKRAT, Winter....	.35		

We can only advise you to SHIP at once while PRICES are
 HIGH and the demand is GOOD.

F. SIMMONS, **Napanee, Ont.**